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A Member of The IT Group

June 25, 2001

California Regional Water Quality Control Board Los Angeles Region 320 West 4th Street, Suite 200 Los Angeles, CA 90013 ATTN: Steven Hariri

RE:

Work Plan for Soil Closure

Jervis B. Webb of California Facility

South Gate, CA

IT Corporation Project No. 828208

Dear Mr. Hariri:

As we discussed in our May 31, 2001 meeting with you, I am transmitting two (2) copies of our *Work Plan for Soil Closure* for the Jervis B. Webb of California site in South Gate, CA. Following your agency's review and approval of the Work Plan, we can schedule the field work to commence within 7 days.

Please feel free to call me direct at (949) 660-7511 with any questions or comments on our Work Plan.

Sincerely,

IT Corporation

Gary Cronk, P.E. Project Manager

Encl. Work Plan for Soil Closure



WORK PLAN FOR SOIL CLOSURE FOR

5030 FIRESTONE BOULEVARD AND 9301 RAYO AVE. SOUTH GATE, CALIFORNIA

PREPARED FOR:

JERVIS B. WEBB COMPANY OF CALIFORNIA

FREPARED BY:
IT CORPORATION
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Prepared, By:

Gary Cronk, P.E.

IT Corporation

Project Manger



Table of Contents _____

List o	f Tables	ii
	f Figures	
	f Appendices	
	ntroduction	
1.1	Purpose	
1.2	Site Description	
1.3	Site History	
1.4	Surrounding Land Use	
1.5	Regulatory Database Review	
1.6	Previous Investigations	
1.7	Site Topography	
1.8	Climatic Conditions	
1.9	Regional Geology and Hydrogeology	
	.9.1 Local Hydrogeologic Conditions	
1	.9.2 Groundwater Flow Conditions	1-8
2.0 D	Data Summary	
	Areal Distribution of TCE and PCE in Soil Gas	
2.2	Distribution of TCE and PCE in Soil	
2.3	Distribution of TCE and Other Chemicals in Groundwater	
2.4	TCE/PCE Fingerprint	
2.5	Conclusion on Data Summary	
3.0 S	oil Remediation Activities	3-1
	roposed Work Plan	
4.1	Laboratory Analyses	
4.2	Final Closure Report	
4.3	Schedule	
5.0	References	

Table	Title
1	Summary of Water Table Elevation Data
2	Summary of TCE and PCE Concentrations in Soil-Gas
3	Summary of TCE and PCE Concentrations in Soil
4	Summary of VOC Concentrations in Groundwater -Monitoring Wells
5	Summary of VOC Concentrations in Groundwater -
	PIPP at CPT Locations

List of Figures_____

Figure	Title
1	Property Location Map
2	Site Vicinity Map
3	Soil Boring and Cross-Section Location Map
4	Monitoring Well and CPT/PIPP Sample Locations
5	Geologic Cross-Section A-A'
6	Geologic Cross-Section B-B'
7	Water Table Map for November 1998
8	Soil and Soil-Gas sampling Locations
9	TCE in Shallow Soil-Gas
10	PCE in Shallow Soil-Gas
11	TCE and PCE in Soil
12	Vertical Distribution of TCE in Soil (Section A-A')
13	Vertical Distribution of TCE and PCE in Soil (Section B-B')
14	TCE in Groundwater, September 2000
15	TCE in Groundwater, October/November 1988
16	PCE in Groundwater, October/November 1998

List of Figures (continued)

Figure	Title
17	1,1 DCE in Groundwater, October/November 1998
18	1,1 DCA in Groundwater, October/November 1998
19	cis-1,2-DCE in Groundwater, October/November 1998
20	TCE/PCE Ratio in Groundwater, October/November 1998
21	Proposed Confirmation Soil Boring Locations

List of Appendices _____

Appendix A	Vista Information Solutions, Inc. (VISI), Site Assessment Report
Appendix B	EKI Groundwater Contour Maps (May 1998 - Dec 2000)
Appendix C	Soil Vapor Extraction Data (EKI Report April 30, 2001)
Appendix D	Calculation of VOC Mass in Soil

1.0 Introduction

1.1 Purpose

The primary objective of this Work Plan is to describe IT Corporation's approach for sampling of confirmation soil borings at the Jervis B. Webb Company of California (Webb of California) site and to demonstrate that the subject property may now be considered for site closure.

1.2 Site Description

The Webb of California properties are located at 5030 Firestone Boulevard and 9301 Rayo Avenue in the City of South Gate, California. A site location map is included as Figure 1. The Webb-Firestone property (the site) occupies about 1.4 acres. This site is bounded on the north by Firestone Boulevard and on the south by Reliable Steel, Incorporated. Piazza Trucking (formerly Laidlaw) lies to the immediate east of the Webb site. To the west is a 50-foot wide Union Pacific Railroad easement.

The Webb-Firestone property includes a 20,000 square foot, steel-framed building with corrugated steel siding. The building is surrounded by asphalt and concrete paving except for a planter on the north side of the building. A five-foot wide rail spur enters the subject property from the northwest and extends along the west side to a 10,000 square foot, steel-framed open bay on the Reliable Steel property to the south. Along the entire western portion of the property is a 35- foot wide Los Angeles County Flood Control easement that contains a large underground storm drain. Another storm drain runs along the north side of the property along Firestone Boulevard. A sanitary sewer pipeline extends across the eastern side of the Webb-Firestone property to another sewer line in Rayo Avenue (south of the Reliable Steel property).

1.3 Site History

Webb of California manufactured conveyor belt systems at the Rayo property (now the Reliable Steel property) from the middle 1950s to early 1996. The Firestone property was purchased by Webb of California in 1975 from Spear Industries. Blake Rivet Company (Blake), an aircraft rivet manufacturer, which had been leasing the property prior to Webb's purchase, continued to lease the property until approximately 1981. Blake used an above ground anodizer as part of its rivet manufacturing operation. Wastewater from the anodizer was collected in floor trenches where it was directed to a three-staged clarifier made of concrete. The clarifier was located just to the south of the southern wall of the Firestone property building (see Figure 1) until it was removed in November 1996. The clarifier reportedly discharged into the local sewer system.

After Blake's departure, Webb of California used the Firestone property primarily for storage of metal stock that was used at the adjacent Webb Rayo conveyor facility until it was purchased by Reliable Steel in 1997.

1.4 Surrounding Land Use

The area surrounding the site includes a mixture of commercial and industrial uses. Figure 2 shows the spatial relationship of the site to other properties in the neighborhood. Adjacent facilities within a 1/2-mile radius include the following:

- North Across Firestone Boulevard there are primarily industrial, commercial, and manufacturing facilities. These include the following:
 - 1. DSL Transportation Service at 5011 Firestone Place (north side of street).
 - 2. A public storage facility located west of the DSL facility.
 - 3. Engine Parts and Machine, Inc. at 5036 Firestone Place (south side of street).
 - 4. All Springs (a spring manufacturer) at 5035 Firestone Place (north side of street).
 - 5. Ace Rubber, Inc. at 5044 Firestone Place (south side of street).
 - 6. Gateway Business Forms, Inc. at 5101 Firestone Place (north side of street) and 5110 and 5120 Firestone Place (south side).
 - 7. Label Craft, Inc. at 5140 Firestone Place (south side of street).
 - 8. AVCO Truck Parts and Oil Supply at 5200 Firestone Place (south side of street).
 - 9. Interagency Reposers Towing at 5202 Firestone Place (south side of street).
 - 10. Arnco Chemical at 5141 Firestone Place (north side of street).
 - 11. Schultz Steel Company at 5321 Firestone Boulevard (north side of street adjacent to the west bank of the channeled Los Angeles River). Schultz Steel is also located at 5311 Reisner Way and 8621 Rayo Avenue on the west side.
 - 12. Reisner Metals, Inc. at 5225 Firestone Place (north side of street).
 - 13. ISM Air Nail Company at 5335 Reisner Way (north side of street and adjacent to the Los Angeles River).
 - 14. Armstrong World Ind. Inc. at 5037 Patata Street in the City of Bell, California.
- East Adjacent to the subject site is Piazza Trucking (#15 and #16 on Figure 1A). Directly across Rayo Avenue is Pacer International (#17) at 9300 Rayo Avenue. Further to the east lies the Los Angeles River and the Interstate 710 Freeway.
- South Directly south of the subject site is Reliable Steel, Inc. (#18) and Union Pacific Railroad tracks. Beyond the tracks, is Purex Rubbish Disposal Company (#19, a solid waste landfill site) at 9400 S. Rayo Avenue. Across the tracks and to the east of Purex is

- the California Alabama Pipe Company (#20). Beyond the pipe company is the Los Angeles River.
- West Directly west of the subject site is Union Pacific Railroad tracks. Beyond the tracks, is McLeod Metals (#21) at 8980 Kendall Avenue and 9309 Rayo Avenue. West of McLeod Metals is Cooper Drum Company (#22) at 9316 Atlantic Avenue. North of McLeod Metals is United Ready Mix Concrete (#23) at 4988 Firestone Boulevard. Further west along the south side of Firestone Boulevard to Atlantic Avenue, there are several small establishments including a paint store, motel and Jack-in-the-Box restaurant.

1.5 Regulatory Database Review

The Dragun Corporation of Farmington Hills, Michigan, contracted Vista Information Solutions, Inc. (VISI) to complete an environmental database search of California State and Federal databases for the subject property and surrounding area. An electronic copy was provided to us for review. The VISI report is presented in Appendix A. The search radius for each specific State or Federal database meets the search radius stipulated by the American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) *Standard Practice for Environmental Site Assessment: Phase I Environmental Site Assessments: E 1527-97* (ASTM E 1527-97). The search included 17 standard environmental databases. The subject property was listed in 3 of the 17 databases (RCRA large generator, CA State Spills and CERCLIS databases. The following are the databases listing the subject and surrounding properties with the dates of the last database update and radius of search:

- National Priority List (NPL), December 2000 (1 mile)
- Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Information System (CERCLIS), February 2000 (1/2 mile)
- CERCLIS No Further Remedial Action Planned (NFRAP), December 2000, (1/2 mile)
- California CERCLIS Equivalent List (CalSites), October 2000, (Imile)
- California Leaking Underground Storage Tank List (LUST), October 2000, (1/2 mile)
- California Underground Storage Tank List (UST), October 1994, (1/4 mile)
- Emergency Response Notification System (ERNS), December 1999, (1/8 mile)
- Resource Conservation and Recovery Information System RCRA Small Quantity Generators (RCRIS_SQG), June 2000, (1/8 mile)
- Resource Conservation and Recovery Information System RCRA Large Quantity Generators (RCRIS_LQG), June 2000, (1/8 mile)
- RCRA Treatment, Disposal and Treatment Sites (RCRIS TSDC), June 2000, (1/2 to 1 mile)
- Solid Waste Facilities/Landfill Sites (SWF/LF), January 2001, (1/2 mile)

 California Regional Water Quality Control Board, Region 4 SLIC list (State Spills List), November 2000, (1/8 mile)

A review of the above State and Federal databases indicated that 45 sites are listed within the established search distances of the subject site. Fifteen (15) of the listed sites are hazardous waste generators (RCRA large and small quantity generators), while 17 sites appear on the list of known leaking underground storage tanks (LUST), four sites appear on the solid waste landfill list, and one site is a proposed NPL site (Copper Drum Co. site). Those sites nearest to the subject site are summarized in the table below. The entire VISI Environmental Database Report is provided as Appendix A.

Hazardous Materials Sites Situated Closest to Jervis B. Webb Property

			Distance/Direction
Facility Name	Facility Address	Databases Used	from Site
DSL	5011 Firestone Place,	RCRA SQG	Less than 1/8
Transportation Service	South Gate, CA 90280		mile/Northwest
United Ready Mix	4988 Firestone Boulevard,	CA Registered UST	0.01 mile/West
Concrete	South Gate, CA 90280		
Westling Roger	5001 Firestone Boulevard,	NFRAP	0.01 mile/West-
Ink Company	South Gate, CA 90280		Northwest
Culwell Brothers,	4973 E. Firestone	RCRA SQG, CA	0.03 mile/West-
Inc.	Boulevard, South Gate, CA 90280	Registered UST	Northwest
Gateway Business	5101 Firestone Place,	RCRA SQG	0.02 mile/East-
Forms	South Gate, CA 90280		Northeast
Arnco Chemical	5141 Firestone Place,	ERNS, toluene	0.06 mile/Northeast
	South Gate, CA 90280	dyisocyanate	
McLeod Metals	8980 Kendall Avenue,	NFRAP, LUST,	0.03 mile/West
	South Gate, CA 90280	UST	
Spann's Gear and	4977 Branyon Avenue,	RCRA SQG	0.08 mile/West
Machine Company	South Gate, CA 90280		
Reisner Metals,	5225 Firestone Place,	CERCLIS, LUST,	0.13 mile/East-
Inc.	South Gate, CA 90280	UST	Northeast
Schultz Steel	5321 Firestone Boulevard,	UST	0.18 mile/East-
Company	South Gate, CA 90280		Northeast

Facility Name	Facility Address	Databases Used	Distance/Direction
			from Site
Cooper Drum	9316 Atlantic Avenue,	EPA CERCLIS, CA	0.21
Company	South Gate, CA 90280	CERCLIS, UST, NPL	mile/Southwest
Armstrong World Ind. Inc.	5037 Patata Street, Bell, CA 90201	LUST, CA Registered UST	0.24 mile/North
M. Stephens Manufacturing	4839 Patata Street, Bell, CA 90201	LUST	0.30 mile/Northwest
CALTRANS South Gate	710 FWY at Firestone Boulevard	State SWLF	0.32 mile/East
Smiser Truck Terminal	8610 S. Atlantic Avenue, South Gate, CA 90280	LUST	0.34 mile/Northwest
Matlack, Inc.	8332 Wilcox Avenue, Bell, CA 90201	LUST	0.37 mile/North
Alfa Mirrors, Inc.	4935 Cecilia Street, Bell, CA 90201	LUST	0.46 mile/North
Park Avenue School/Cudahy Dump	5220 Santa Ana Street, Cudahy, CA	State SPL, SWLF	0.49-0.66 mile/North- Northeast
System Disposal Service, Inc.	4841 Cecilia Street East, Bell, CA 90201	LUST	0.51 mile Northwest
Blake Rivet Company and Jervis B. Webb Co.	5030 Firestone Boulevard, South Gate, CA 90280	CERCLIS, State Spills List, RCRA SQG	Subject Site

1.6 Previous Investigations

Several prior investigations of the Webb of California site and vicinity were conducted between the summer of 1995 and spring of 2001. There were 18 reports prepared to document these investigations. The details of these investigations are discussed further in Section 2.

Erler and Kalinowski, Inc. (EKI) conducted the majority of the investigations during 1996 through 2000 and produced 16 reports (EKI: 1996, 1998a, 1998b, 1998c, 1998d, 1999a, 1999b, 1999c, 1999d, 1999e, 2000a, 2000b, 2000c, 2000d, 2000e and 2001). These reports included: one Phase I ESA, two Phase II ESAs, a well installation work plan and proposal, a quarterly monitoring work plan, a soil remediation work plan, eight quarterly groundwater monitoring reports, and a groundwater remediation work plan. The Dragun Corporation and IT Corporation prepared a report in May 2001 to further evaluate site conditions.

1.7 Site Topography

The Webb of California property is situated in an area of generally low relief with elevations ranging from about 107 feet above mean sea level at the northwest property corner to about 104 feet above mean sea level at the southeast property corner. The land surface slopes very gently to the south with a gradient of approximately 12 feet per mile. The site is located approximately ½-mile west of the channeled Los Angeles River that flows due south. The Rio Hondo River flows into the Los Angeles River approximately 1.2 miles south.

1.8 Climatic Conditions

The climate of the Webb of California site is typical of southern California, with a rainy season from November through March followed by hot and dry conditions during the summer and fall months. The air temperatures are generally mild ranging from 35 to 95 degrees Fahrenheit (°F) with occasional 100 degree (°F) temperatures during August and September. The average annual precipitation in the Los Angeles Basin is approximately 12 to 20 inches.

1.9 Geology and Hydrogeology

The subject site lies at the eastern edge of the Central Groundwater Pressure Basin of the Coastal Plain Province of Los Angeles County, California (California Department of Water Resources (DWR), 1990). The Los Angeles Coastal Plain groundwater basin encompasses the Central, West Coast and Hollywood groundwater basins (California Regional Water Quality Control Board [RWQCB], 1994). Locally, the site lies within the Downey Plain. Water-bearing strata within the Downey Plain include Recent alluvium, the Lakewood formation, and the San Pedro formation. The Recent alluvium contains the Semi-perched aquifer, Bellflower aquiclude (an impermeable clay layer) and Gaspur aquifer. The Exposition and Gage aquifers are a part of the Lakewood Formation, whereas the Hollydale, Jefferson, Lynnwood, Silverado and Sunnyside aquifers are a part of the San Pedro Formation.

The Water Replenishment District of Southern California (WRDOSC, 2000) has subdivided the groundwater aquifers within the Central basin into six distinct groundwater zones based upon their depth and water quality characteristics. Several regional nested wells are sampled twice annually and provide the basis for the six groundwater zones. The WRDOSC wells nearest the subject site, are South Gate Well #1 located about one mile south of the Webb site and Downey Well #1 located about 3 miles to the southeast.

The six zones are numbered in decreasing order with number six being the shallowest zone. Average total dissolved solids (TDS) concentrations (in milligrams per liter) and TCE and PCE concentrations (in micrograms per liter) have been reported by WRDOSC for each groundwater zone. The water quality data from the six zones (based on July 1999 data) are tabulated below:

		Screened Interval	TDS	TCE	PCE
Zone	Aquifer Name	(feet)	(mg/l)	(ug/l)	(ug/l)
6	Gaspur	90 to 110	760	2.5	ND
5	Exposition	250 to 270	430	ND	0.5
4	Hollydale/Jefferson	370 to 390	470	0.8	7.9
3	Silverado	580 to 600	430	ND	0.6
2	Silverado	940 to 960	390	ND	ND
1	Sunnyside	1,170 to 1,190	300	ND	ND

The total dissolved solids (TDS) concentrations decrease with depth indicating the inorganic water quality generally improves with depth. VOCs (PCE and TCE) have been detected in aquifers as deep as 600 feet below grade. Water in all 6 zones has been classified as calcium bicarbonate type water. The Los Angeles and Rio Hondo Rivers are sources of groundwater recharge for the shallow aquifers of the Central Basin.

The regional flow direction in the deeper aquifers beneath the site (Hollydale, Jefferson, Silverado and Sunnyside) is generally to the west, while the flow in the shallow aquifers (Gaspur and Exposition) is towards the south (WRDOSC, 2000). Water levels measured by EKI (1998b, 1999a and 2000e) beneath the site occur at approximately 59-60 feet above mean sea level (MSL). These measurements are consistent with the WRDOSC monitoring wells penetrating the Gaspur and Exposition aquifers, which have water levels ranging from 40 to 51 feet above MSL.

According to a DWR geologic cross section beneath the Downey Plain, the Gaspur aquifer is about 20 to 40 feet thick beneath the South Gate area and thins to the east as it approaches the Los Angeles River (DWR 1990). A 100 to 150-foot thick, impermeable layer, which corresponds with the Bellflower aquiclude, underlies the Gaspur aquifer. The WRDOSC (2000) indicates the Gaspur aquifer is not hydraulically connected to the deeper, drinking water producing aquifers (i.e., the Hollydale, Jefferson, Lynnwood, Silverado and Sunnyside aquifers).

1.9.1 Local Hydrogeologic Conditions

Figures 3 and 4 show the locations of 19 soil borings, five groundwater-monitoring wells and nine cone penetrometer test (CPT) locations investigated by EKI (1998a, 1999a and 2000e) to interpret the subsurface lithologic and hydrostratigraphic conditions beneath the subject site. Figure 3 also shows the locations of cross-section A-A' prepared by EKI (1998a and 2000e) and cross-section B-B' prepared by IT for this report.

Both geologic cross sections (Figures 4 and 5) indicate the subject site is underlain by unsaturated, unconsolidated and interbedded layers of silty sand (SM), well graded sand (SW), and silt (ml) to approximately 25 feet below ground surface (bgs). Both the soil boring logs and CPT data indicate that at approximately 25 feet bgs there is a continuous 2 to 5-foot thick layer of clay (CL). Beneath the clay layer, there are unsaturated, unconsolidated and interbedded layers of silty sand (SM), silt (ML) and well graded sand down to the water table at 43 to 46 feet bgs. The water table fluctuates by about 3 feet during seasonal high and low stands, according to EKI well measurements (Table 1). Below the water table are saturated interbedded layers of silt (ML), silty sand (SM), well graded sand (SW) and poorly graded sand (SP) to the total depth (73 feet bgs) explored by EKI.

1.9.2 Groundwater Flow Conditions

Table 1 summarizes the water table elevation data for the site (EKI, 2000e). Figure 7 is the groundwater contour map for the site based on measurements of November 5, 1998. The November 5, 1998 contour map is included in this report because it coincides with the most areally comprehensive groundwater sampling for the Site. This occurred during October/November 1998 when EKI collected groundwater samples from the push-in-place piezometers (PIPP) in the CPT borings during October 1998 and from the monitoring wells during November 1998. The groundwater flow direction, based on the November 5, 1998 data, is generally from north to south.

The November 5, 1998 groundwater contour map is generally representative of the groundwater flow conditions documented during the 28 other monitoring events conducted between February 1998 and March 2001. Groundwater contour maps for the 28 monitoring events are provided in Appendix B. The groundwater contour maps generated for each monitoring date indicate that although the groundwater flow direction has varied to a limited extent, groundwater flow at the Site during the period of investigation has consistently been from north to south. The north to south groundwater flow direction is consistent with more regional investigations. This indicates that the northern property boundary is consistently the upgradient property boundary and the

property boundaries to the west and east are sometimes upgradient. From the contaminant transport perspective, this indicates that chemicals in the groundwater would consistently move in the general direction from north to south.

The groundwater contour maps also show that the hydraulic gradient in the northern end of the Site near Firestone Boulevard is considerably higher than the hydraulic gradient in the southern portion of the Site. Two possible explanations for the change in hydraulic gradient are: (1) the transmissivity of the aquifer increases from north to south; and (2) there is a groundwater recharge source just north of the property boundary. At this time, there are insufficient data to determine which condition is responsible for the change in hydraulic gradient.

In summary, the water table at the Site occurs at approximately 45 feet bgs. The groundwater flow direction is predominantly north to south. Therefore, the upgradient property boundary is predominantly the northern property boundary, along Firestone Boulevard.

2.0 Distribution of Chemicals in Soil and Groundwater

This section presents the EKI investigative data and an evaluation of those data by Dragun Corporation and IT Corporation (Dragun/IT, May 2001). The following text, cited directly from the Dragun/IT report, describes the distribution and interpretation of data on soil gas, soil, and groundwater. The evaluation indicates the groundwater contamination beneath the Webb of California site does not appear to be related to site activities, but rather the chemicals in the groundwater appear to be derived from an upgradient, off-site source.

2.1 Areal Distribution of TCE and PCE in Soil Gas

The concentrations of trichloroethene (TCE) and tetrachloroethene (PCE) in soil gas are summarized in Table 2. Figure 6 shows the areal distribution of soil gas sampling and soil boring locations investigated by EKI (1998a). This figure indicates that EKI's investigation to determine soil sources was areally comprehensive and there was particular attention paid to the former anodizing area (Figure 1) in the southeast corner of the 5030 Firestone Boulevard property.

Figures 9 and 10 from the Dragun/IT Report show the observed distribution of TCE and PCE in soil gas as reported by EKI (1998a). Figure 9 indicates that the highest concentrations of TCE in soil gas are below the former anodizing area, inferring that the shallow soils in this area are the most impacted by TCE. Figure 9 also indicates high concentrations of TCE along the eastern property boundary of the Site.

Figure 10 indicates that the highest concentrations of PCE in soil gas are also near the former anodizing area, inferring that the shallow soils in this area are the most impacted by PCE. As with TCE, there is no indication of a shallow soil source of PCE along the northern (upgradient) property boundary of the Site.

Summary

In summary, both the TCE and PCE soil gas distributions indicate that shallow soil is impacted near the former anodizing area. Neither the TCE nor the PCE soil gas distributions indicate that shallow soil along the northern (upgradient) property boundary of the Site is impacted.

2.2 Distribution of TCE and PCE in Soil

The concentrations of TCE and PCE in soil are summarized in Table 3, from the Dragun/IT 2001 report. Figure 11 shows the spatial distribution of TCE and PCE in soil documented by EKI

(1998a, 1998b, and 1999a). Figure 11 includes the results of testing of soils from soil borings and from soil collected during the installation of monitoring wells MW-1, MW-2, MW-3, and MW-5. Figure 12 shows the vertical distribution of TCE in soil along hydrostatigraphic cross-section A-A' (EKI, 2000e).

Figures 11 and 12 indicate that there are low concentrations of TCE and PCE in soil underlying the Site. The highest of these concentrations were detected in soil boring B-4. This location coincides with the centroid of the TCE and PCE soil gas highs near the former anodizing area (Figures 9 and 10). Although there are low levels of TCE and PCE in the soil at the Site, there are several indications that impacted soil at the Site is not the source of high TCE concentrations in groundwater beneath the Site.

EKI (1999a) reported that TCE concentrations in groundwater at three monitoring locations (MW-1, CPT-6, and CPT-7) exceeded 25,000 micrograms per liter (μ g/L). According to Cohen and Mercer (1993), a concentration in groundwater of a dense non-aqueous phase liquid (DNAPL) such as TCE greater than one percent of its aqueous solubility infers that the groundwater has been impacted by DNAPL somewhere along its flow path. For TCE, this would be a concentration in groundwater greater than 11,000 μ g/L. Therefore, the observed concentrations of TCE in groundwater at the Site infer that TCE has reached the groundwater somewhere as a DNAPL. However, as we will show later, this must have occurred upgradient of the Site.

The characteristics of DNAPL movement in the subsurface are dependent upon site specific geologic and hydrogeologic conditions such as soil type, moisture content, and organic carbon content (Cohen and Mercer, 1993; Pankow and Cherry, 1996 and others). According to Cohen and Mercer (1993), the presence of chlorinated VOCs in tight soils, as found at the Site, in concentrations over 10,000 mg/kg would infer the presence of a DNAPL. However, Figure 11 shows that only two of the 78 soil samples tested exceed 10 mg/kg TCE, only one sample exceeds 20 mg/kg, and none of the samples exceed 300 mg/kg TCE. As mentioned previously, the highest concentration of TCE detected in soil was at 20 feet bgs at B-4 (270 mg/kg) near the former anodizer. Therefore, none of the observed soil chemistry data infer the presence of DNAPL in the soil at the site.

Similarly, other potential source areas, such as the sumps near soil borings B9 and B10 and the furnace pit near soil boring B11, have only low concentrations of TCE and PCE in the shallow soil (see Figure 1 for locations). These low concentrations indicate that these are unlikely sources of the observed groundwater contamination.

The same is true at the monitoring well locations where significant TCE concentrations are observed in the groundwater. Figure 11 shows that TCE concentrations in soil at monitoring wells MW-1, MW-2, MW-3, and MW-5 also exhibit the trend of no VOCs or low concentrations in the soil to at least 30 feet bgs (the limit of testing). These data, especially at MW-2, which is located hydraulically upgradient of the suspected soil sources (based on soil gas and soil chemistry data), indicate that on-site soil is not the source of the groundwater impact.

The stratigraphic conditions at the Site (Figure 5) are not conducive of the vertical migration of a DNAPL to the water table. The soil boring and CPT data indicate that a competent, continuous, two-to-five foot thick clayey unit extends across the Site at approximately 25 feet bgs. The clayey unit is described in the borehole logs as highly plastic, soft to firm, and moist (EKI, 1998b and 1999a). Above the clayey unit is almost 15 feet of moist to wet sandy silt to silty clay. These soils would slow any potential downward movement of chemicals to the water table due to their low hydraulic conductivity. Even if there had been DNAPLs at the site, they would have had to accumulate above the clayey unit until a sufficient head of DNAPL developed before they could penetrate the clayey unit (Cohen and Mercer, 1993). None of the 78 soil samples indicate that this happened.

Figures 12 and 13 show that TCE and PCE concentrations in the soil are generally low above the clayey unit (at about 25 feet bgs). Below the clayey unit, concentrations increase toward the water table (although not nearly high enough to produce the observed groundwater concentrations). The data from soil borings B-15 and B-17 are good examples of this trend. These data suggest that TCE in soil just above the water table is due to the impacted groundwater (off-gassing or smear zone) and not the overlying soil.

Summary

In summary, the 78 soil samples collected from the site indicate at most, only low concentrations of TCE and PCE. The observed concentrations are not high enough nor are they in locations that would explain the distribution of chemicals in groundwater. In fact, the observed TCE and PCE concentrations in the deep soils near the water table most likely originated from the groundwater, not from the overlying soil. Therefore, the TCE and PCE observed in the groundwater must be due to an upgradient, off-site source.

2.3 Distribution of TCE and Other Chemicals in Groundwater

The concentrations of VOCs detected in groundwater are summarized in Tables 4 and 5. Figure 14 shows the distribution of TCE in groundwater at the monitoring wells during September 2000 (EKI, 2000). Similar to this map, Figure 15 shows the distribution of TCE in groundwater

2 - 3

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during October/November 1998. The most complete representation of the distribution of TCE in groundwater is the data collected during the October/November 1998 sampling event. CPT data were only collected during the October 1998 sampling event. The CPT samples provide critical groundwater data in areas not assessed during the other monitoring events. The availability of the CPT groundwater sample data from October 1998 provides additional data to assess the areal distribution of TCE in groundwater during the autumn of 1998.

Since Figures 14 and 15 indicate similar distributions and magnitudes of TCE concentrations in groundwater at the monitoring wells, it is reasonable to assume that the areal distribution of TCE shown in the October/November 1998 data (Figure 12) is representative for other monitoring periods. For this purpose, the distributions of chemicals in groundwater during October/November 1998 are used to evaluate the source of chemicals in groundwater in this report.

Figures 15 through 19 are concentration contour maps that show the areal distributions of TCE, PCE, 1,1-DCE, 1,1-DCA, and cis 1,2-DCE in groundwater beneath the Site in October/November 1998. Figures 15 through 19 provide a general indication of the exact distribution of groundwater chemistry at the Site. As with any groundwater chemistry data considered in any hydrogeological investigation, the exact distributions of the chemicals in groundwater at the Site cannot be determined.

The contours in Figures 15 through 19 were drawn using (1) linear interpolation between known data points, (2) dashed contours where additional hydrogeologic information supplemented linear interpolation (explanations are provided for dashed contours where used), (3) the data from the monitoring wells where both data from the upper few feet (the CPT samples) and from the upper 30 feet (the monitoring well samples) of the saturated zone were available (for example, at MW-5 and CPT-5), and (4) groundwater chemistry data from October 1998 (CPT PIPP samples) and November 1998 (monitoring well samples).

2.3.1 Distribution of TCE in Groundwater

Figure 15 shows the areal distribution of TCE in groundwater beneath the Site in October/November 1998. A dashed contour for the 30,000 μ g/L contour north of CPT-6 was used because the data indicate that TCE originates from an off-site source located upgradient (north) of the Site. The location and non-closure of the 30,000 μ g/L contour in Figure 15 are consistent with the 10,000 and 20,000 μ g/L contours, which do not close in the upgradient (north) direction.

We surmise that the TCE in groundwater originated off site because:

- 1. There is a high TCE concentration in groundwater at MW-2, which is located on the upgradient property boundary. However, the soil gas and soil chemistry data (Figures 9 and 11) show no detectable TCE in soil at MW-2.
- 2. Similarly, there are high TCE concentrations in groundwater at CPT-6 and CPT-7. However, the soil (B-5, B-10, and B-15 near CPT-6 and B-9 near CPT-7) and the soil gas data show no indication of substantial TCE in soil at these locations. Although these locations are not on the upgradient property boundary, they are located hydraulically upgradient from the highest soil gas concentrations (Figure 9 and 10) and from the highest concentrations of TCE in the soil (Figure 11).
- 3. None of the on-site chemistry data can explain the high concentrations of TCE observed in the groundwater. As mentioned earlier in the section on soil chemistry, the high TCE concentrations in groundwater at MW-1, CPT-6, and CPT-7 (>25,000 μg/L) infer that DNAPL is impacting the groundwater somewhere. However, none of the 78 soil samples collected at the Site have TCE concentrations that would infer the presence of DNAPL (77 of the 78 samples have less than 20 mg/kg, all are less than 300 mg/kg; versus greater than 10,000 mg/kg to infer DNAPL).

2.3.2 Distribution of PCE in Groundwater

Figure 16 shows the areal distribution of PCE in groundwater beneath the Site in October/November 1998. Dashed contours were used for the 100-µg/L contour north and northwest of CPT-6. Accordingly, this contour north of CPT-6 is not closed because of the uncertainty of the PCE concentration at CPT-7 (elevated detection limit).

PCE was detected in groundwater only at CPT-6 and MW-1. Elevated detection limits were also reported at MW-2, MW-3, MW-5, and CPT-7, locations where high TCE concentrations were reported.

2.3.3 Distribution of 1,1-DCE in Groundwater

Figure 17 shows the areal distribution of 1,1-DCE in groundwater beneath the Site in October/November 1998. 1,1-DCE can be a breakdown product of several VOCs including PCE, TCE, 1,1,1-TCA, and 1,1-DCA (Dragun, 1998).

The highest concentrations of 1,1-DCE were observed at MW-1 and CPT-7. The 1,1-DCE plume is wide, extending from at least MW-2 in the northwest to at least MW-5 in the southeast. 1,1-DCE was detected in groundwater at MW-2, which is on the upgradient property boundary. However, there was no detectable 1,1-DCE in soil at monitoring well MW-2 down to the limit of testing at approximately 30 feet bgs. Furthermore, there were no detections of 1,1-DCE in any of the 78 soil samples collected from the Site.

2.3.4 Distribution of 1,1-DCA in Groundwater

Figure 18 shows the areal distribution of 1,1-DCA in groundwater beneath the Site in October/November 1998. 1,1-DCA can be a breakdown product of several VOCs including PCE, TCE, 1,1,1-TCA, and 1,1-DCE (Dragun, 1998 and Pankow and Cherry, 1996).

A dashed contour for the 200 μ g/L contour north of CPT-6 was used because it is suspected that 1,1-DCA originated from an off-site source located upgradient (north) of the Site. The location and non-closure of the 200 μ g/L contour are consistent with the 100 μ g/L contour, which does not close in the upgradient (north) direction.

We surmise that the 1,1-DCA originated off site because:

- 1. 1,1-DCA was detected in groundwater at MW-2, which is located on an upgradient property boundary. However, the soil chemistry data at MW-2 indicate no detectable 1,1-DCA or parent compound in the soil at MW-2.
- 2. Similarly, there are (1) high 1,1-DCA concentrations in groundwater at CPT-6 and CPT-7, (2) detections in groundwater at CPT-8, CPT-4, and MW-3, and (3) elevated detection levels at MW-1, MW-5, and CPT-5. However, the soil chemistry data at B-5, B-10, and B-15 near CPT-6 and B-9 near CPT-7 indicate no detectable 1,1-DCA. In fact, the soil chemistry data show no detections of 1,1-DCA in any of the 78 soil samples.

2.3.5 Distribution of cis 1,2-DCE in Groundwater

Figure 19 shows the areal distribution of cis 1,2-DCE in groundwater beneath the Site in October/November 1998. This chemical can be a breakdown product of several VOCs including PCE, TCE, and 1,2-DCA (Dragun, 1998).

The general distribution of cis 1,2-DCE appears to be different from those of TCE, PCE, 1,1-DCE, and 1,1-DCA. The highest observed concentration of cis 1,2-DCE was at MW-5, which is located along the eastern property boundary. There was no cis 1,2-DCE detected in soil at MW-

5. The only VOC detected in soil at MW-5 was TCE at 550 μ g/kg at 41 feet bgs near the water table. TCE was not detected in either of the soil samples collected from 21 feet bgs or 31 feet bgs at MW-5.

2.3.6 Summary

In summary, the distribution of chemicals in groundwater cannot be accounted for by the observed distribution of chemicals in soil and the observed groundwater flow direction. For example, the high concentrations of TCE in groundwater along the upgradient property boundary at MW-2 cannot be explained by the observed distribution of chemicals in the soil at MW-2 or by other on-site locations in view of the observed groundwater flow direction. Rather, the observed distribution of chemicals in the soil and the groundwater flow direction indicate an upgradient and off-site source for the groundwater contamination. Similarly, the very high concentration of TCE at CPT-6 cannot be explained by the observed concentrations of TCE in soil near CPT-6 or by other on-site locations in view of the observed groundwater flow direction. Rather, the observed distribution of chemicals in soil and the flow direction of groundwater indicate an upgradient and off-site source for groundwater contamination.

2.4 TCE/PCE Fingerprint

The ratio of TCE to PCE in the Site soils is strikingly different from that in the groundwater. This further supports that an off-site, rather than an on-site, source has impacted the groundwater. The following section discusses the TCE/PCE ratio in the soil gas, soil, and groundwater.

Table 2 summarizes the TCE and PCE concentrations observed in the soil gas at the Site. Table 2 shows that the TCE to PCE ratio in soil gas ranges from about 0.1 to 2.5 for 34 of 37 soil gas sampling locations. At the three other locations, which are adjacent to the eastern property boundary (SG-35 to SG-37; Figure 7 and 8), the TCE to PCE ratio ranges from 2 to 8.5.

In summary, the soil gas data indicate that the shallow impacted soil can be characterized by a TCE to PCE ratio of less than about 2.5:1.

Table 3 summarizes the TCE and PCE concentrations observed in the soil at the Site. Table 3 shows that the TCE/PCE ratios in soil samples collected from above the clayey unit at about 25 feet bgs is generally about 1:1. The soil sample with the highest observed concentrations of TCE and PCE (soil boring B4 at 20.5 feet) has a TCE/PCE ratio of about 2:1. Table 3 shows that

below the clay unit, the TCE/PCE ratio increases to 10:1 at 30 feet depth and over 100:1 in soils near the water table.

Tables 4 and 5 summarize the TCE/PCE ratios in groundwater and Figure 20 shows the TCE/PCE ratio in groundwater during October/November 1998. Figure 20 shows that the TCE/PCE ratio in the central area of the groundwater plume is on the order of 150 to 300:1. For example, at CPT-6, the TCE/PCE ratio during October/November 1998 was 318:1. At MW-1, the ratio was 165:1. Table 4 shows that similar ratios were observed during other monitoring events.

Table 3 indicates that some of the TCE/PCE ratios in the soils near the water table approach the ratios of the groundwater. It is our opinion the TCE/PCE ratios for the soils near the water table indicate that these soils have been impacted by chemicals in the groundwater. This opinion is further supported by the observation that the soils near the water table do not contain sufficient TCE or PCE to explain the concentrations observed in the groundwater.

2.4.1 Summary

In summary, the observed ratios of TCE and PCE in soil gas and soil matrix are distinctly different from that of the impacted groundwater beneath the Site. The soil gas and soil matrix data indicate that the ratio of TCE to PCE in the soils above the clayey unit is generally about 2.5:1. However, the ratio of TCE to PCE in soils below the clay range from 100:1 to 200:1 approaching the water table. The ratio in the groundwater is on the order of 150 to 300:1. The TCE to PCE ratios of the impacted soil near the water table indicate that chemicals in groundwater, rather than chemicals from the shallow soils, have impacted the soils near the water table.

2.5 Conclusion on Data Summary

It is our professional opinion that the groundwater beneath the Jervis B. Webb Company of California property located at 5030 Firestone Boulevard, South Gate, California has been substantially impacted by an off-site source, not by on-site activities. There are three main bases for our opinion, including:

1. The observed groundwater flow direction in the uppermost aquifer at the Site has consistently been from north to south during the period of observation. This means that the upgradient property boundary is along Firestone Boulevard. VOCs such as TCE have been detected in the groundwater at MW-2, which is located on the upgradient property

boundary. Since the soil gas and soil chemistry data indicate that there is no detectable TCE in the soil at MW-2, the TCE in the groundwater must have originated from an upgradient and off-site source.

- 2. Concentrations of TCE exceeding 25,000 μg/L have been reported in the groundwater at MW-1, CPT-6 and CPT-7. These high concentrations of TCE infer that DNAPL has impacted the groundwater somewhere along its flow path. However, the concentrations of TCE observed in soil are magnitudes lower than would be necessary to infer the presence of DNAPL in the soil. Therefore, the observed soil concentrations of TCE are not high enough to explain the observed groundwater concentrations of TCE. Furthermore, the continuous clayey unit encountered at about 25 feet bgs would inhibit the vertical migration of DNAPL to the water table, which is located at approximately 45 feet bgs. No soil chemistry data indicate that DNAPL has accumulated above the clayey unit at the Site.
- 3. The ratios of TCE to PCE in the soil gas and soil are similar to each other; however, they are strikingly different from the TCE to PCE ratio in the groundwater. This indicates that the TCE and PCE in the soil have not caused the TCE and PCE impact in the groundwater.

It is also our professional opinion that the impacted soil below the clayey unit at about 25 feet bgs has been impacted by the groundwater and not by a surface release of chemicals at the Site. There are three main bases for our opinion, including:

- 1. As mentioned previously, the observed concentrations of VOCs in the soils are not high enough to be the source of the groundwater contamination.
- 2. The TCE/PCE ratio in the deeper soils is much more similar to that of the impacted groundwater than to that of the soil above the clayey unit.
- 3. The clayey unit at 25 feet bgs would restrict the downward migration of chemicals from above.

3.0 Soil Remediation Activities

Four soil vapor extraction (SVE) wells and four vapor monitoring probes were installed at the site in June 1999. Three of the monitoring probes were later converted to SVE wells by connecting to the SVE vacuum manifold. A total of four shallow SVE wells are screened from 19 to 25 feet, while three deep SVE wells are screened from 30 to 40 feet. The locations of the SVE wells are shown in Figure 7 in Appendix C, which is a reproduction of pertinent SVE data from EKI's most recent Quarterly Progress Report for the site (EKI, April 2001).

The SVE system designed by EKI operates at a flow rate of approximately 200 scfm and extracted vapors are treated by two 1,000 pound granular activated carbon vessels in series under a permit issued by the South Coast Air Quality Management District. The SVE system started operation on March 16, 2000. The system has operated nearly continuously for the past 15 months, except for a few brief down periods. EKI has routinely monitored the system on a weekly basis to collect data regarding total flow rate, vacuum, temperature, and influent vapor concentrations monitored with a photo-ionization detector (PID).

Influent PID vapor readings have ranged from a high of over 2,000 ppmV in March 2000 to 8.5 ppmV in March 2001. Grab samples (Tedlar bag) of the influent have also been periodically collected and analyzed for VOCs. The TCE concentration in the influent have decreased from 860 ppmV to 30 ppmV over the period of SVE operation. TCE concentrations in the individual extraction wells have also shown dramatic decreases, in particular well SVE-1 which has declined from 10,000 ppmV to 350 ppmV. The system influent and the seven SVE wells have all reached an asymptotic level with respect to TCE concentrations. Figures illustrating the TCE and PID concentrations over time in the influent and individual wells are provided in Appendix C.

EKI estimated that a total of 133 pounds of VOCs had been removed from the soil as of December 2000 (EKI 2001). Mass removal rates have decreased substantially since the initial startup, but EKI estimated another 10 pounds of VOCs have been removed in the first quarter of 2001. This removal total (143 pounds) can be compared with an estimate of contaminant mass that was present in the soil prior to the start of remediation. Based on the EKI's soil boring data, IT has calculated that approximately 177 pounds of VOCs were originally present in the soil. Comparison of the pre-remediation mass with the mass removed indicates that approximately 81 percent of the mass has been removed from the soil. A copy of IT's soil mass calculations are provided in Appendix D.

4.0 Proposed Work Plan

The Webb of California site is being considered for soil closure for the following reasons:

- The SVE system has operated for 15 months (March 2000 to present) and has removed an estimated 143 pounds of VOCs from the soil. It is estimated that approximately 81 percent of the mass originally in the soil has been removed.
- The TCE concentrations in the system influent and the individual extraction wells have decreased dramatically over the 15 months of operation and have reached asymptotic levels.

In order to obtain soil closure from the RWQCB, IT proposes to sample three confirmation soil borings. The confirmation borings will be placed near areas of previously documented soil contamination (i.e., borings B-4, B-18, and B-7). The locations of the proposed confirmation soil borings are shown in Figure 21. The following specific locations will be sampled:

Boring No.	Location
CB-1	Approximately 15 feet west of the clarifier near boring B-4
CB-2	Approximately 15 feet south of the clarifier near boring B-18
CB-3	Approximately 20 feet northeast of the clarifier between borings
	B-7 and B-8

The confirmation boring locations were selected to evaluate current soil concentrations at the known areas of contamination that existed before remediation of the soil was initiated. In this fashion, the results of the confirmation borings will demonstrate that the TCE contamination has been sufficiently removed by the operation of the SVE system.

The confirmation borings will be advanced using a truck-mounted Geo-probe (direct-push) rig provided the site soil is easily penetrated. If this rig cannot reach the targeted depth, a larger Cone Penetrometer Testing (CPT) rig will be utilized instead. In either case, a split spoon sampler will be used to collect soil samples at 5-foot intervals to the 40-foot target depths (water table) in each boring. Five (5) gram Encore soil samples will be extracted from the brass sleeves collected from each boring at depths of 6, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30 and 35 feet (bgs). A sample at 40 feet (capillary fringe) will be collected and may be analyzed if the moisture in the sample is not

Confirmation

observed to be excessive. Photo-ionization detection readings will be recorded at each depth interval in all of the borings with a calibrated PID.

4.1 Laboratory Analyses

The Encore soil samples collected from the three borings will be analyzed for VOCs using EPA Method 8260. Two additional soil samples will be obtained from the continuous, 2 to 5-foot thick clay layer present at approximately 25 feet bgs beneath the subject site. One of the samples will be submitted to a geotechnical laboratory to determine particle size distribution (ASTM D422), moisture content (ASTM D2216); porosity (American Petroleum Institute [API] Method RP 40); bulk density (ASTM D2937); and total organic carbon content (Walkley-Black Method). The second clay sample will be analyzed for VOC leachability (SPLP) using EPA Test Method 1320/8260. Proper chain of custody procedures will be followed.

4.2 Soil Closure Report

The results of the confirmation soil borings will be summarized in a Soil Closure Report to be prepared and submitted to the RWQCB for approval. The report will include a summary of the laboratory results and a discussion of our findings as well as recommendations. The confirmation boring laboratory results will be evaluated using the VOC attenuation procedure in the RWQCB's Site Assessment & Cleanup Guidebook (1996) in order to demonstrate that the remaining PCE/TCE concentrations are below acceptable levels. If necessary, the results of the VOC leachability test will be used to demonstrate that the continuous clay layer beneath the subject site would further limit vertical migration of PCE/TCE. The appendices will include original lab reports, boring logs, and chain of custodies.

4.3 Schedule

The sampling of the confirmation borings will be scheduled within about one week after approval of this work by the LAWQCB. It is anticipated the field work can be completed by about August 1, 2001 (approximately two weeks after RWQCB approval of work plan). The Soil Closure Report will be completed and submitted to the RWQCB approximately 30 days after completion of the field tasks.

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TABLES

Table 1. Summary of Water Table Elevation Data 5030 Firestone Boulevard South Gate, California Project #21025-02

DATE	MW-1 (FMSL)	MW-2 (FMSL)	MW-3 (FMSL)	MW-4 (FMSL)	MW-5 (FMSL)		
02/27/98	61.30	62.63	61.32	na	na		
03/02/98	61.27	62.59	61.31	na	na		
03/04/98	61.51	62.52	61.47	na	na		
04/08/98	61.52	na	61.48	na	na		
05/20/98	62.10	63.14	62.07	na	na		
10/08/98	62.71	63.81	62.61	na	na		
11/03/98	na	na	na	61.95*	62.81*		
11/05/98	62.95	64.01	62.27	62.08	62.83		
12/21/98	62.72	63.96	62.54	61.79	62.55		
01/19/99	62.83	63.99	62.69	61.92	62.67		
02/03/99	63.11	64.10	62.90	62.09	62.93		
03/30/99	62.87	64.02	62.68	61.83	62.64		
06/01/99	62.61	63.74	62.29	61.44	62.25		
07/29/99	62.27	63.52	62.02	61.09	61.94		
09/01/99	62.33	63.51	61.97	61.02	61.91		
09/23/99	62.06	63.30	61.77	60.76	61.65		
10/18/99	61.66	63.05	61.50	60.50	61.41		
12/08/99	61.54	63.03	61.23	60.24	61.15		
01/27/00	61.69	62.79	61.18	60.02	60.96		
02/28/00	61.75	62.79	61.12	na	60.98		
03/15/00	62.03	63.03	61.46	60.35	61.26		
04/13/00	61.36	62.73	61.01	na	60.91		
05/18/00	61.51	63.15	60.93	59.91	60.84		
06/20/00	61.49	63.17	60.99	59.78	60.83		
07/13/00	60.92	63.36	60.62	59.62	60.50		
08/17/00	60.79	63.27	60.81	59.36	60.28		
09/07/00	60.94	62.35	61.04	59.41	60.44		
10/26/00	60.22	61.91	59.93	58.83	59.78		
11/21/00	60.49	62.13	59.87	58.86	59.80		
12/05/00	60.37	62.14	60.10	59.01	59.97		

NOTES:

- 1) FMSL = feet above mean sea level
- 2) * = well developed.
- 3) Monitoring well northing and easting coordinates and top-of-casing elevations for wells MW-1, MW-2, and MW-3 were surveyed on 3/6/98 by Rattray & Associates.
- 4) Monitoring well northing and easting coordinates and top-of-casing elevations for wells MW-4 and MW-5 were surveyed on 12/21/98 by Rattray & Associates.
- 5) Data summarized from Erler & Kalinowski reports (EKI, 1998b, 1999a, 2000e).

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5/16/01

Table 2. Summary of TCE and PCE Concentrations in Soil Gas 5030 Firestone Boulevard South Gate, California Project #21025-01

Parameter $ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	SG-8A-5		SG-8B-5 µg/L	SG-8C-5 µg/L	SG-9-5 µg/L	SG-10-5 µg/L	SG-11-5 µg/L	SG-12-5 µg/L			SG-15-5	SG-16-5	SG-17-5	SG-18-5
Parameter $ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	µg/L	µg/L µg/L	µg/L	μg/L	μg/L	μq/L	ua/l	uati	uall					
PCE - tetrachloroethane 23 4.7 1.6 5.2 1.6 1.7 0.061 0.075 TCE - trichloroethene 9.6 3.9 3.9 8.9 1.5 1.6 < 0.01 < 0.01 TCE - trichloroethene 9.6 0.01 < 0.01	I			1 (P3	ру/с	μg/L	μg/L	μg/L	μg/L	μg/L	μg/L
1,1,1-TCA - 1,1,1-trichloroethane	1.1 2.3 0.46	< 0.01 2.3 < 0.01 0.46	4.1 4.4 0.65 1.1	5.8 4.5 0.59 0.8	25 11 0.71 0.4	28 13 0.26 0.5	0.94 0.47 0.036 0.5	< 0.01 < 0.01 < 0.01 1.0	5 7.9 0.18 1.6	28 8 0.5 0.3	5.9 4.7 0.2 0.8	1 0.96 0.046 1.0	4.2 2.2 0.2 0.5	0.13 0.074 0.017 0.6

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	SG-19-5	SG-20-5	SG-21-5	SG-22-5	SG-23-5	SG-24-5	SG-24-5			- '	SG-27-5	SG-28-5	SG-29-2	SG-30-3	SG-31-3	SG-32-5	SG-33-5	SG-34-5	SG-35-5 _.	SG-36-5	SG-37-
Parameter	ug/L	µа/L	µg/L	μg/L	μg/L	μg/L	DUPLICATE µg/L	μg/L	DUPLICATE µg/L	μg/L	μg/L	μg/L	μg/L	μg/L	μg/L	μg/L	μg/L	μg/L	µg/L	μ g/L	µg/L
PCE - tetrachloroethane TCE - trichloroethene 1,1,1-TCA - 1,1,1-trichloroethane TCE/PCE	0.12 < 0.01	0.74 0.14 0.082 0.2	3.7 2.5 0.34 0.7	25 11 0.89 0.4	1.3 1.2 0.13 0.9	0.57 0.33 0.08 0.6	0.68 0.34 0.08 0.5	< 0.01 < 0.01 0.12 1.0	< 0.01 < 0.01 0.13 1.0	< 0.01 < 0.01 0.12 1.0	< 0.01 < 0.01 0.048 1.0	< 0.01 < 0.01 < 0.01 1.0	0.036 0.02 0.02 0.6	0.028 0.013 < 0.01 0.5	0.021 < 0.01 < 0.01 0.5	< 0.01 < 0.01 < 0.01 1.0	3.2 0.41 0.18 0.1	6.3 2.4 0.26 0.4	1.9 3.6 0.12 1.9	3 25 0.24 8.3	2 12 0.18 6.0

- NOTES: 1) Analyses performed by Interphase, Inc. in an on-site mobile laboratory.
 - 2) Samples collected on December 1 and 2, 1997.
 - 3) Sample depth indicated in sample name. Depth indicated by last number separated by a hyphen in each sample description (i.e., sample SG-5-5 collected at five feet below ground surface [BGS]). Soil gas collected at five feet BGS except at locations SG-29, SG-30, and SG-31.
 - 4) Additional compounds were detected as follows:
 - Chloroform: SG-1-5 = 0.055 μ g/l; SG-9-5 = 0.056 μ g/l; SG-10-5 = 0.053 μ g/l; SG-14-5 = 0.038 μ g/l; SG-22-5 = 0.040 μ g/l; SG-36-5 = 0.058 μ g/l.
 - Trichlorofluoromethane: SG-22-5 = 0.010 μ g/l; SG-33-5 = 0.032 μ g/l.
 - Dichlorodifluoromethane: SG-33-5 = 1.2 μg/l.
 - 5) Analyses performed in accordance with Los Angeles Regional Water Quality Control Board guidelines for active soil gas sampling.
 - 6) Data summarized from Erler & Kalinowski reports (Appendix C; EKI, 1998a).

Table 3. Summary of TCE and PCE Concentrations in Soil 5030 Firestone Boulevard

South Gate, California Project #21025-02

Sample Number Depth (feet)	B1-5.5 5.5 mg/kg	B1-11 11 mg/kg	B1-20 20 mg/kg	B2-5.5 5.5 mg/kg	B2-10.5 10.5 mg/kg	B3-6 6 mg/kg	B3-11 11 mg/kg	B4-6 6 mg/kg	B4-16 16 mg/kg	B4-20.5 20.5 mg/kg	B5-6 6 mg/kg	B5-10.5 10.5 mg/kg	B6-6 6 mg/kg	B6-10.5 10.5 mg/kg	87-6 6 mg/kg	B7-11 11 mg/kg	B8-6 6 mg/kg	B8-11 11 mg/kg	B9-5.5 5.5 mg/kg	B9-10.5 10.5 mg/kg	B10-6 6 mg/kg	B10-11 11 mg/kg	B11-6 6 mg/kg
PCE - tetrachloroethane	0.074	0.13	0.035	0.018	0.045	0.042	0.12	0.076	2.2	140	0.025	0.065	0.13	0.019	0.055	< 0.015	0.0029	0.041	0.0036	0.022	0.027	< 0.015	0.061
TCE - trichloroethene	0.024	0.037	0.04	0.0073	< 0.015	0.01	0.034	0.021	0.092	270	0.0053	0.19	0.031	0.025	0.019	< 0.015	< 0.0025	0.05	< 0.0025	0.041	0.0064	0.036	0.016
TCE/PCE	0.32	0.28	1.14	0.41	0.33	0.24	0.28	0.28	0.04	1.93	0.21	2.92	0.24	1.32	0.35	1	0.86	1.22	0.69	1.86	0.24	2.4	0.26

Sample Number Depth (feet)	B11-11 11 mg/kg	B12-6 6 mg/kg	B13-6 6 mg/kg	B15-10 10 mg/kg	B15-16 16 mg/kg	B15-20.5 20.5 mg/kg	B15-26.5 26.5 mg/kg	B15-31 31 mg/kg	B15-35.5 35.5 mg/kg	B15-40 40 mg/kg	B16-6 6 mg/kg	B16-11 11 mg/kg	B16-16 16 mg/kg	B16-21 21 mg/kg	B16-26 26 mg/kg	B16-31 31 mg/kg	B16-35.5 35.5 mg/kg	B16-41 41 mg/kg	B16-46 46 mg/kg	B16-51 51 mg/kg	B17-6 6 mg/kg	B17-11 11 mg/kg	B17-16 16 mg/kg
PCE - tetrachloroethane	< 0.014	< 0.0025	< 0.0025	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.054	0.041	0.026	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.027	0.041	0.047	0.027	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005
TCE - trichloroethene	0.035	< 0.0025	< 0.0025	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.38	0.52	0.14	1.2	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.41	0.39	1.3	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005
TCE/PCE	2.5	1	1	1	1	1	7.04	12.68	5.38	240	1	1	0.19	0.12	0.11	0.19	1	82	78	260	1	1	1

Sample Number Depth (feet)	B17-21 21 mg/kg	B17-26 26 mg/kg	B17-31.5 31.5 mg/kg	B17-36 36 mg/kg	B17-41 41 mg/kg	B17-46 46 mg/kg	B17-53.5 53.5 mg/kg	B18-11 11 mg/kg	B18-16 16 mg/kg	B18-21 21 mg/kg	E18-27 27 mg/kg	B18-31 31 mg/kg	B18-36 36 mg/kg	B18-41 41 mg/kg	B18-46 46 mg/kg	B19-16 16 mg/kg	B19-21 21 mg/kg	B19-26 26 mg/kg	B19-31 31 mg/kg	B19-36.5 36.5 mg/kg	B19-41 41 mg/kg	B19-46 46 mg/kg
PCE - tetrachloroethane	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.4	0.37	0.66	0.093	0.14	< 0.005	0.091	0.18	0.42	0.28	0.28	0.25	< 0.005	0.16	0.18
TCE - trichloroethene	< 0.005	0.048	0.056	1.4	1.2	1.6	1.4	0.11	0.61	16	0.75	2	0.056	2.3	8.7	0.2	1.8	1.5	1.2	0.11	4	4.3
TCE/PCE	1	9.6	11.2	280	240	320	280	0.28	1.65	24.24	8.06	14.29	11.2	25.27	48.33	0.48	6.43	5.36	4.8	22	25	23.89

Campio mana	1		MW1-30.5 30.5	MW2-10.5 10.5	MW2-20.5 20.5	MW2-30.5 30.5	MW3-11	MW3-20.5 20.5	MW3-30.5 30.5	MW5-21 21	MW5-31 31	MW5-41 41
Depth (feet)	10.5 mg/kg	20.5 mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg							
PCE - tetrachloroethane TCE - trichloroethene TCE/PCE	0.021 0.018 0.86	0.023 0.062 2.7	0.011 0.06 5.45	<0.005 <0.005 1	<0.005 <0.005 1	<0.005 <0.005 1	<0.005 <0.005 1	<0.005 <0.005 1	<0.005 <0.005 1	<0.0025 0.022 8.8	<0.0025 0.011 4.4	<0.050 0.55 11

NOTES: 1) Analyses performed by Orange Coast Analytical using EPA methods 8240 and 8010.
2) Samples from borings B1 through B13 collected on October 28, 1997. Samples from borings B15 through B19 collected December 1 and 2, 1997 (EKI, 1998a).

3) Samples from MW-1 through MW-3 collected in June 1998 (EKI, 1998b).

4) Samples from MW-5 collected in January 1999 (EKI, 1999a).

5) Data summarized from Erler & Kalinowski reports (EKI, 1998a, 1998b, 1999a).

Table 4. Summary of VOC Concentrations in Groundwater - Monitoring Wells 5030 Firestone Boulevard South Gate, California Project #21025-02

-							DA/ 4											MW-2				
Well ID							MW-1	MW-1	MW-1-A*	MW-1	MW-1	MW-1	MW-1	MW-2-0304	MW-2-0520	MW-2	MW-2	MW-2	MW-2	MW-2	MW-2-A*	MW-2
Sample #	MW-1-0304	MW-1-0304	MW-1-0520	MW-1	MW-1	MW-1	IVIVV-1	10100-1	1414421-7							:	}					
1		DUP	05/00/08	11/05/09	02/03/99	06/01/99	09/01/99	12/08/99	12/08/99	03/15/00	06/20/00	09/07/00	12/05/00	03/04/98	05/20/98	11/05/98	02/03/99	06/01/99	09/01/99	12/08/99	12/08/99	03/15/00
Date	03/04/98	03/04/98	05/20/98 µg/L	11/05/98 µg/L	μq/L	ua/L	µg/L	µg/L	μg/L	μg/L	μg/L	µg/L	μg/L	μg/L	μg/L	µg/L	μg/L	μg/L	µg/L	μg/L	μg/L	µg/L
	µg/L	μg/L	pg/L	P9/L	F3/2	, 3-							. 100	. 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 13	< 10	< 10
	< 100	< 100	< 125	< 125	< 125	< 100	< 100	< 250	< 100	< 100	< 100	< 100 < 100	< 100 < 100	< 10 < 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 13	< 10	< 10
Benzene Toluene	< 100	< 100	< 125	< 125	< 125	< 100	< 100	< 250 < 250	< 100 110	< 100 < 100	< 100 < 100	< 100	< 100	13	14	13	13	12	16	< 13	12	< 10
1,1-Dichloroethane (1,1-DCA)	< 100	< 100	< 125	< 125	< 125	< 100	140 220	< 250	150	160	< 100	< 100	< 100	34	38	36	36	34	49	< 13	22	< 10
1,1-Dichloroethene (1,1-DCE)	220	210	160	140	130 < 125	140 < 100	< 100	< 250	< 100	< 100	< 100	< 100	< 100	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 13	< 10	< 10
1,2-Dichloroethane (1,2-DCA)	< 100	< 100	< 125 130	< 125 160	160	190	200	< 250	200	230	< 100	< 100	< 100	65	68	68	70	68	72	57	63	74
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene (c-1,2-DCE)	130 < 100	150 < 100	< 125	< 125	< 125	< 100	< 100	< 250	< 100	< 100	< 100	< 100	< 100	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10 < 10	< 10 < 10	< 13 < 13	< 10 < 10	< 10 < 10
trans-1,2,Dichloroethene (t-1,2-DCE)	140	160	< 125	170	160	160	190	< 250	160	150	< 100	< 100	< 100 3.000	< 10 2,700	< 10 3,000	< 10 3,200	< 10 3.200	2.800	3,100	2.400	2,600	2,800
Tetrachloroethene (PCE) Trichloroethene (TCE)	24.000	25,000	24,000	28,000	27,000	28,000	32,000	30,000	33,000	30,000	24,000 240	21,000 210	3,000	2,700	300	320	320	280	310	185	260	280
TCE/PCE	171	156	192	165	169	175	168	120	206	200	240	210	300	210	000							
								_													A 414	1.4

TODPOL											MW-3										M۱	W-4
Well ID		MW-2					1416/ 2	MW-3	MW-3	MW-3	MW-3-A*	MW-3	MW-4	MW-4	MW-4	MW-4						
Sample #	MW-2	MW-2	MW-2	MW-3-0304	W-3-052	MW-3	MW-3	10104-2	10100-2	19100				DUP		DUP		DUP		•		
·					25/20/20	11/05/98	02/03/99	06/01/99	09/01/99	12/08/99	12/08/99	03/15/00	06/20/00	06/20/00	09/07/00	09/07/00	12/05/00	12/05/00	11/05/98	02/03/99	06/01/99	09/01/99
Date	06/20/00	09/07/00	12/05/00	03/04/98	05/20/98	11/05/96 µg/L	ug/L	µg/L	ug/L	µg/L	µg/L	µg/L	μg/L	µg/L	μg/L							
	μg/L	μg/L	μg/L	µg/L	µg/L	µg/L	ру/-	F9:-	F3	<u>-</u>						1						1
				. 40	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 13	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Benzene	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 13	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Toluene	< 10	< 10	< 10	13	1	44	44	11	13	< 13	13	11	10	11	< 10	< 10	< 10	20	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
1,1-Dichloroethane (1,1-DCA)	< 10	< 10	< 10	14	13	66	64	66	80	< 13	55	61	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
1,1-Dichloroethene (1,1-DCE)	< 10	< 10	< 10	82	58	< 10	< 10	53	< 10	< 13	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 0.5	2.1	65	< 0.5
1,2-Dichloroethane (1,2-DCA)	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	240	220	240	270	220	240	300	170	200	160	160	200	210	0.67	< 0.5	1.1	< 0.5
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene (c-1,2-DCE)	46	42	42	200	230	18	18	18	20	< 13	19	20	14	16	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
trans-1,2,Dichloroethene (t-1,2-DCE)	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	15	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 13	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Tetrachloroethene (PCE)	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	2,300	2,000	1,900	2,600	2,500	2,900	3,100	1,900	2,100	1,700	1,700	2,400	2,500	6.7	< 0.5	0.9	< 0.5
Trichloroethene (TCE)	2,000	1,800	2,300	2,800	2,800	2,300	2,000	190	260	192	290	310	190	210	170	170	240	250	13	0	2	0
TCE/PCE	200	180	230	280	280	230	200	130				l										

													MW-5								
Well ID		MV			480/5	100/5	MW-5	MW-5	MW-5	MW-5	MW-5	MW-5	MW-5	MW-5-A*	MW-5	MW-5-A*	MW-5	MW-5	MW-5	MW-5	MW-5
Sample #	MW-4	MW-4	MW-4	MW-4	MW-5	MW-5	INIAA-2	DUP	1919 1-5	DUP		DUP			DUP	DUP		DUP			l
·	ł				44/05/00	DUP	02/03/99	02/03/99	06/01/99	06/01/99	09/01/99	09/01/99	12/08/99	12/08/99	12/08/99	12/08/99	3/1/5/00	3/1/5/00	06/20/00	09/07/00	12/05/00
Date	03/15/00	06/20/00	09/07/00	12/05/00	11/05/98	11/05/98	μg/L	µg/L	µg/L	µg/L	μg/L	μg/L	µg/L	μg/L	µg/L	μg/L	µg/L	μg/L	μg/L	µg/L	µg/L
	μg/L	μg/L	μg/L	µg/L	µg/L	µg/L	pg/L	H9/2	F3:-												
					< 25	< 25	< 25	< 25	< 25	< 25	< 25	< 25	< 50	< 25	< 50	< 25	< 50	< 50	< 25	< 10	< 10
Benzene	77	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 25	< 25	< 25	< 25	< 25	< 25	< 25	< 25	< 50	< 25	< 50	< 25	< 50	< 50	< 25	< 10	< 10
Toluene	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 25	< 25	< 25	< 25	< 25	< 25	< 25	< 25	< 50	< 25	< 50	< 25	< 50	< 50	< 25	< 10	< 10
1,1-Dichloroethane (1,1-DCA)	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	42	40	49	45	52	56	40	69	< 50	< 25	< 50	< 25	< 50	< 50	< 25	< 10	< 10
1,1-Dichloroethene (1,1-DCE)	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 25	< 25	< 25	< 25	35	39	< 25	< 25	< 50	< 25	< 50	< 25	< 50	< 50	< 25	< 10	< 10
1,2-Dichloroethane (1,2-DCA)	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5		360	420	370	420	430	420	440	390	410	360	410	440	450	350	280	190
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene (c-1,2-DCE)	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	380	29	35	31	36	35	45	45	< 50	25	< 50	26	< 50	< 50	< 25	< 10	< 10
trans-1,2,Dichloroethene (t-1,2-DCE)	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	30	< 25	< 25	< 25	< 25	< 25	< 25	< 25	< 50	< 25	< 50	< 25	< 50	< 50	< 25	< 10	< 10
Tetrachloroethene (PCE)	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 25	4,800	5,100	4.500	5,500	5,300	5,500	6,000	5,100	5,300	5,000	5,300	5,500	5,800	4,400	3,700	4,700
Trichloroethene (TCE)	0.68	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	5,000	4,000	204	180	220	212	220	240	102	212	100	212	110	116	176	370	470
TCE/PCE	1 1	1	1 1	<u> </u>	200	192	204	1 .00				I									

NOTES: 1) Analyses performed by Orange Coast Analytical, Inc., in Tustin, CA, using EPA Method 8260.

2) < indicates that the analyte was not detected at a concentration above the indicated method detection limit.

^{-,} samples collected on December 8, 1999, were initially analyzed on December 9, 1999, and were re-analyzed on December 17, 1999, in an attempt to achieve lower method detection limits.

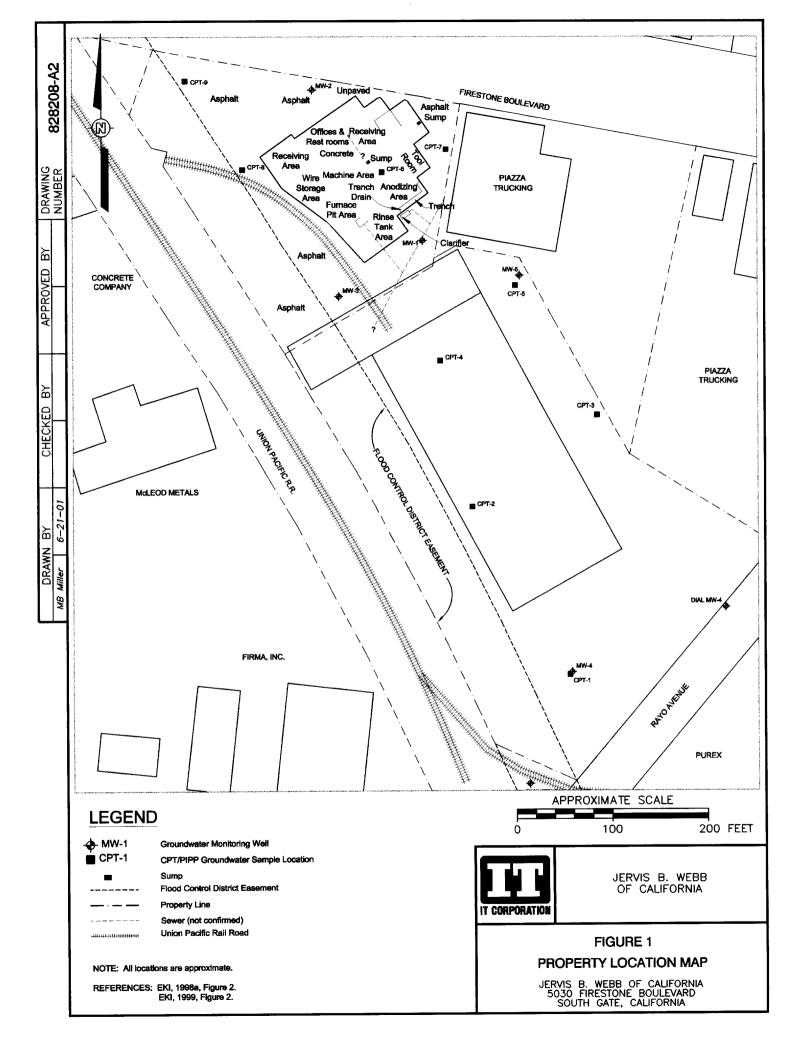
⁴⁾ Bolding represents detections above the method detection limit.

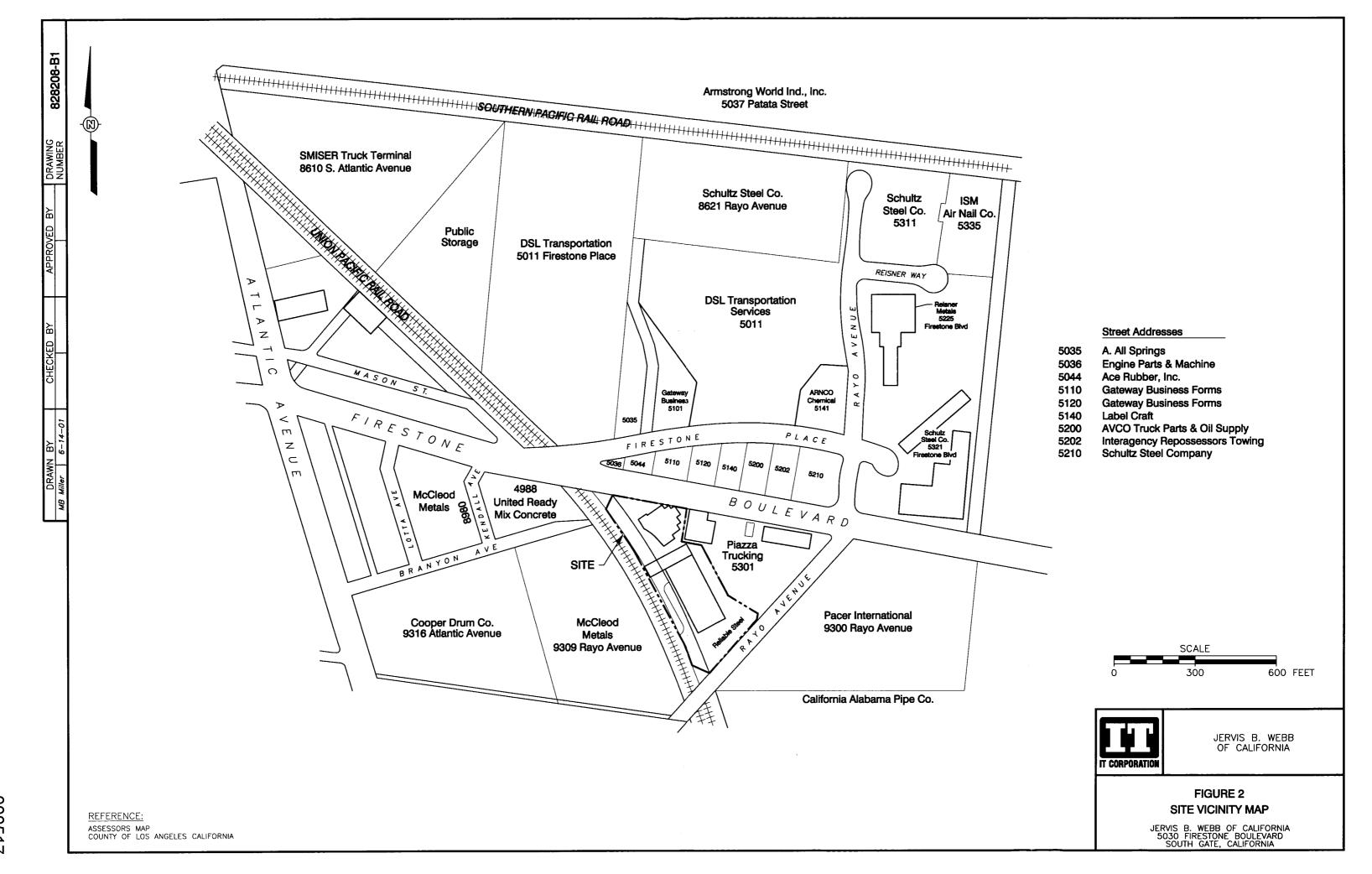
⁵⁾ Data summarized from Erler & Kalinowski reports (EKI, 1998b, 1999a, 2000e).

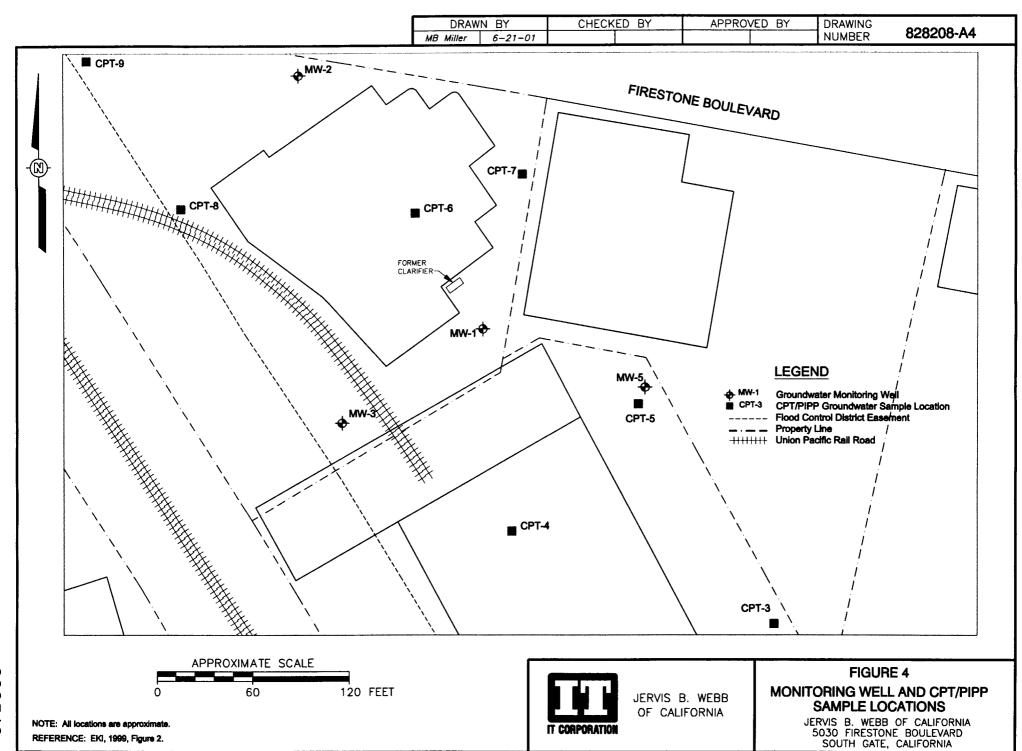
Table 5. Summary of VOC Concentrations in Groundwater - PIPP at CPT Locations 5030 Firestone Boulevard South Gate, California Project #21025-02

	CPT-1	CPT-1	CPT-2	CPT-3	CPT-4A	CPT-4B	CPT-5	CPT-6	CPT-7	CPT-8	CPT-9
	10/01/98	10/01/98	10/01/98	10/01/98	10/01/98	10/01/98	10/01/98	10/02/98	10/02/98	10/02/98	10/02/98
	55' BGS	95' BGS	55' BGS	55' BGS	55' BGS	55' BGS	55' BGS	55' BGS	55' BGS	55' BGS	55' BGS
	μg/L	μg/L	μg/L	μg/L	μg/L	μg/L	μg/L	μg/L	μg/L	μg/L	μg/L
							400	400	- 500	40	400
Acetone	170	8.1	300	170	95	80	480	< 400	< 500	16	490
Methyl ethyl ketone (MEK)	4.6	< 1	3.5	2.7	2.2	8.4	< 25	< 200	< 250	< 1	7.7
Benzene	1.6	< 0.5	< 1	0.58	< 1	< 1	< 13	< 100	< 125	< 0.5	< 1
Toluene	< 0.5	< 0.5	1.1	0.55	1.1	< 1	< 13	< 100	< 125	< 0.5	< 1
Xylenes	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 1	0.66	1.2	< 1	< 13	< 100	< 125	< 0.5	< 1
1,1-Dichloroethane (1,1-DCA)	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 1	< 0.5	1.2	1.1	< 13	240	160	1.4	< 1
1,2-Dichloroethane (1,2-DCA)	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 1	< 0.5	< 1	<1	< 13	< 100	< 125	< 0.5	< 1
1,1-Dichloroethene (1,1-DCE)	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 1	< 0.5	4.1	3.4	< 13	< 100	< 125	6.7	< 1
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene (c-1,2-DCE)	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 1	2.6	11	10	110	130	190	11	<1
trans-1,2,Dichloroethene (t-1,2-DCE)	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 1	< 0.5	< 1	< 1	< 13	< 100	< 125	1.3	<1
Tetrachloroethene (PCE)	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 1	< 0.5	< 1	< 1	< 13	110	< 125	< 0.5	< 1
	< 0.5	< 0.5	1.6	6.3	220	200	3800	35000	27000	140	9.1
Trichloroethene (TCE)	1	1	2	13	220	200	292	318	216	280	9
TCE/PCE		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·									

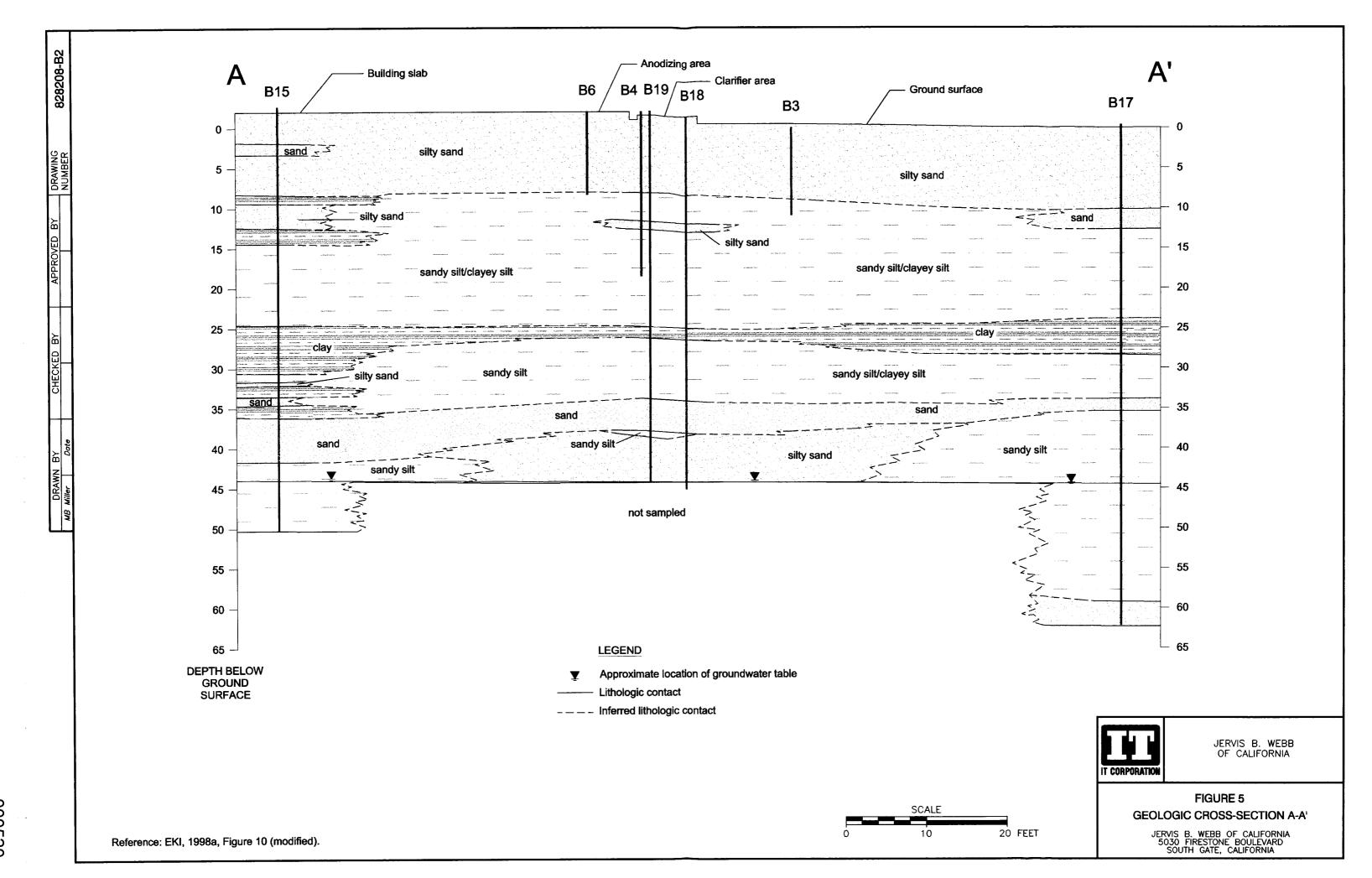
- NOTES: 1) Sample CPT-4B is a duplicate of CPT-4B.
 - 2) Chemical analyses were performed by Orange Coast Analytical, Inc. in Tustin, CA.
 - 3) California maximum contaminant levels (MCLs) are as reported in the Drinking Water Standards and Health Advisories Table by USEPA Region IX, dated June 1998. "none" indicates that no MCL (California or federal) has been established.
 - 4) Bolding represents detections above the method detection limit.
 - 5) Data summarized from Erler & Kalinowski reports (EKI, 1998b).

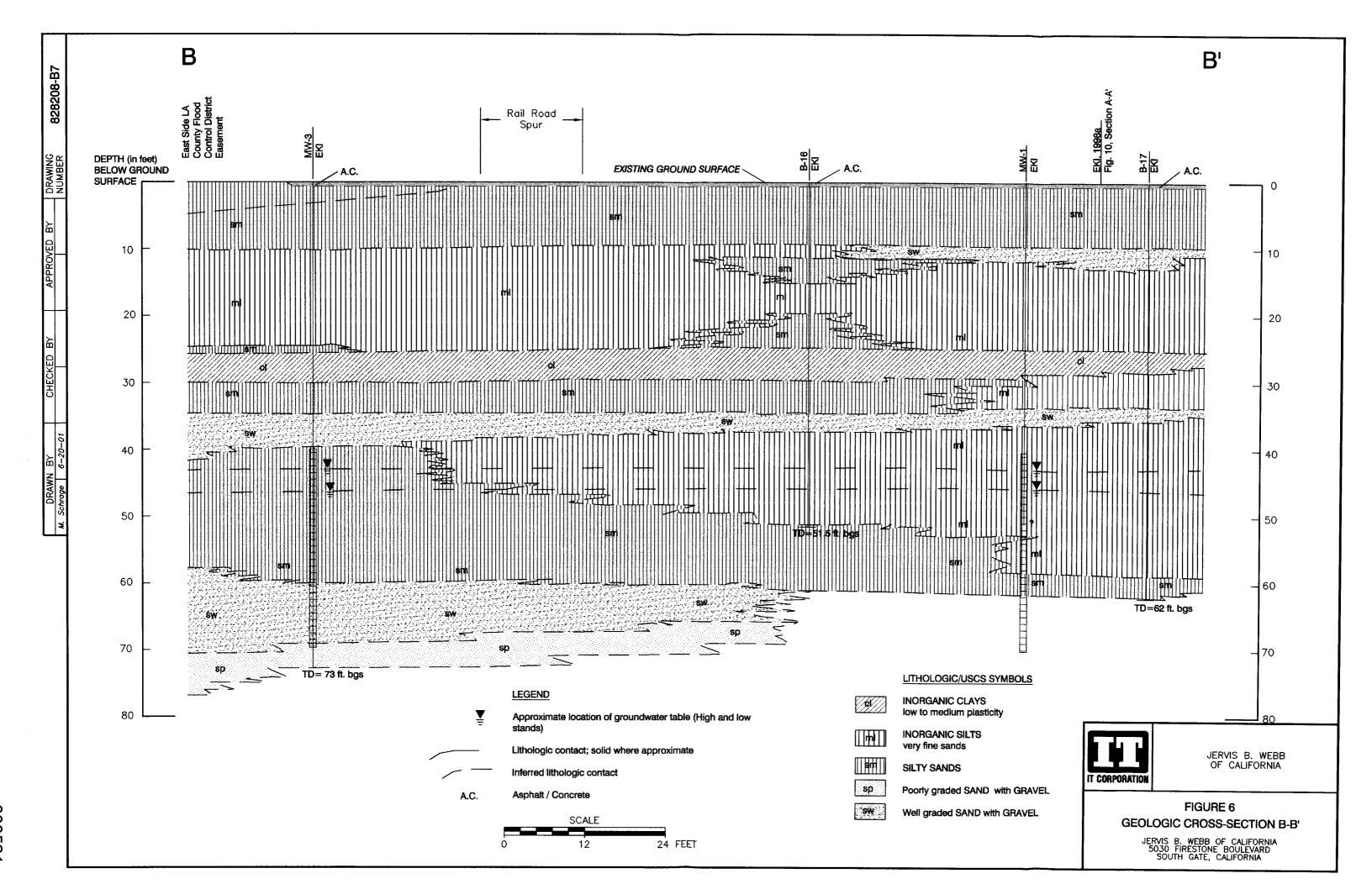


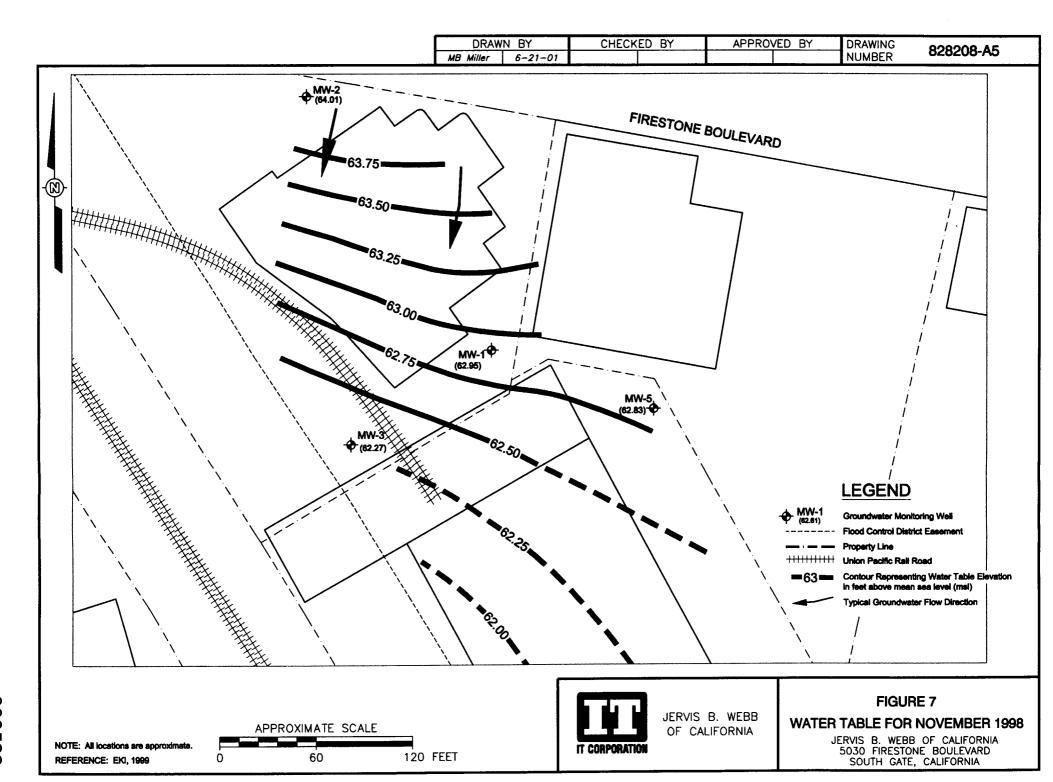


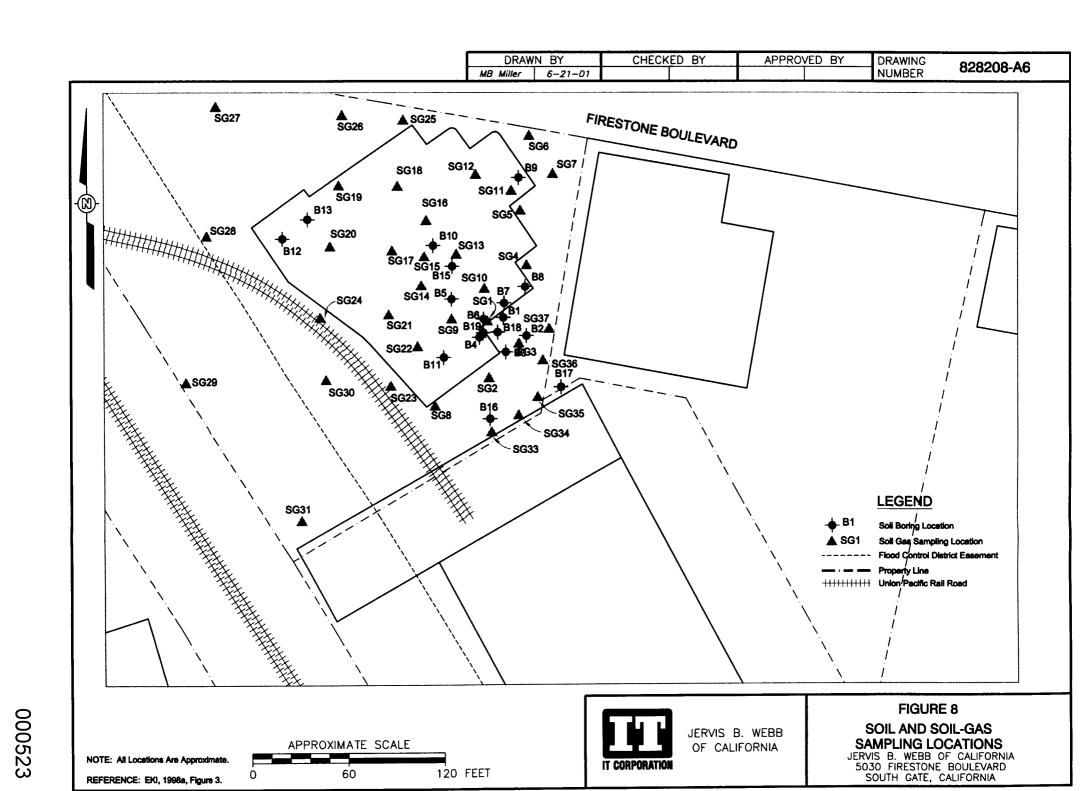


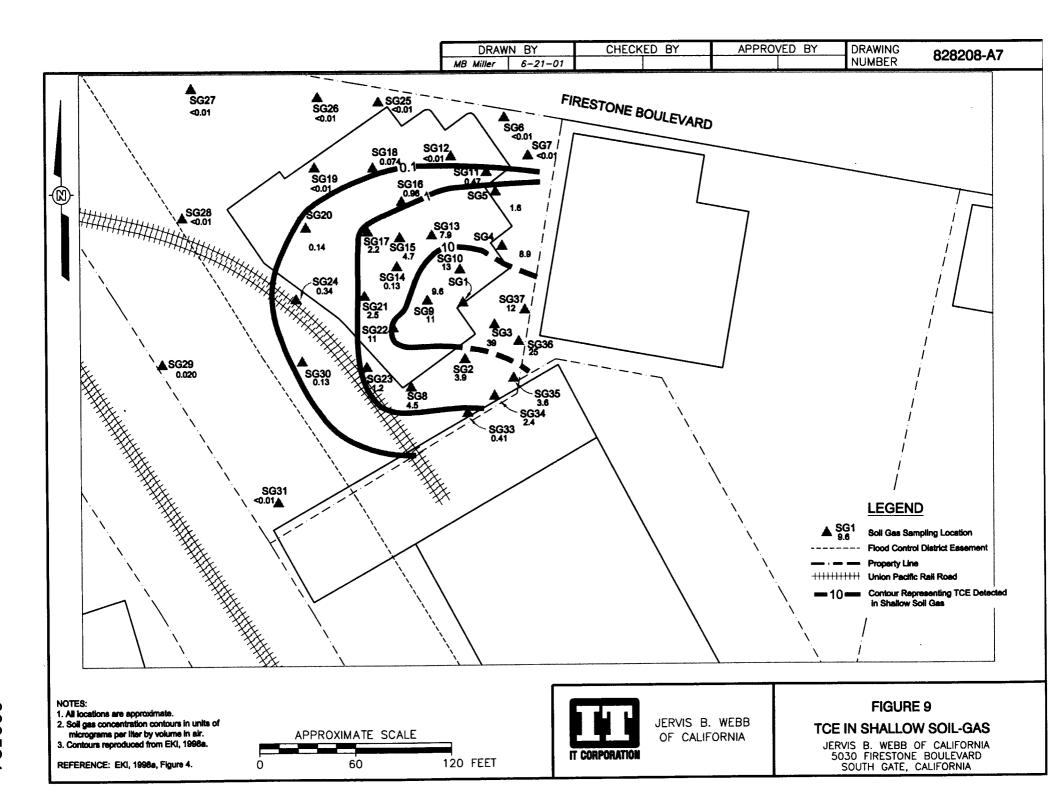
REFERENCE: EKI, 1999, Figure 2.

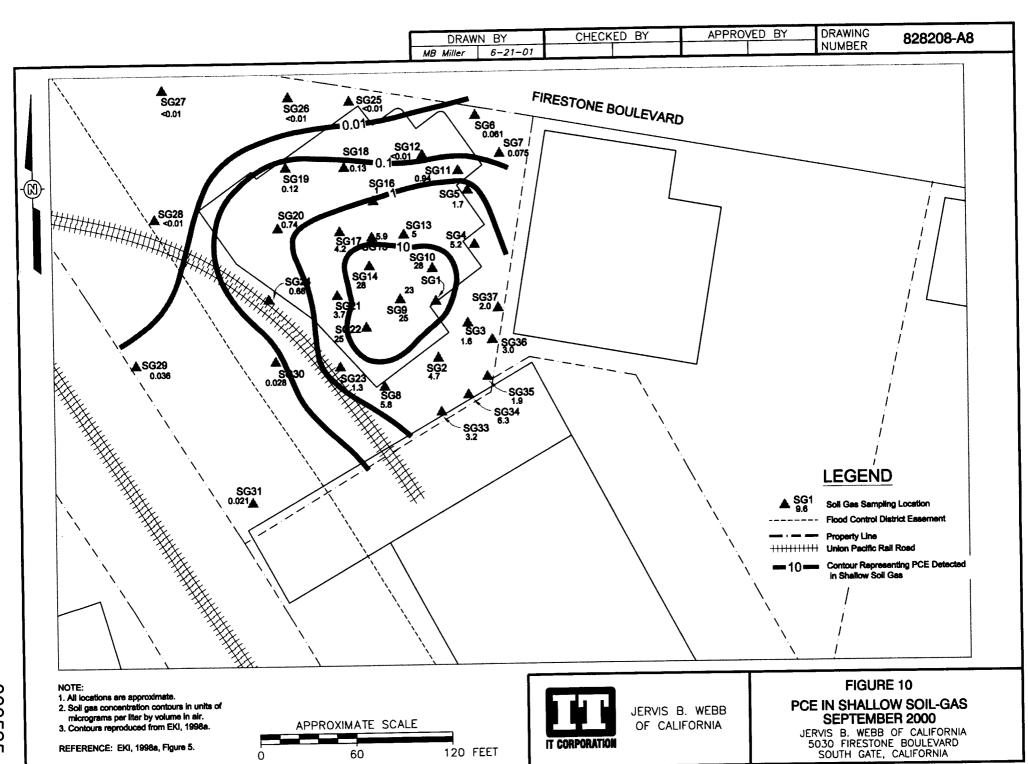


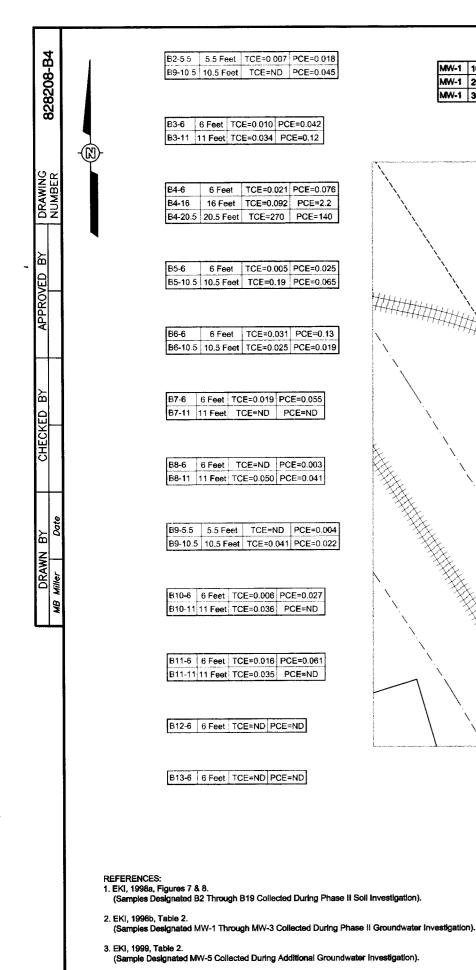












Reference: EKI, 1998a, Figure 10 (modified).

	₩W-2	FIRESTONE BO	PULEVARD
♦ B12	B10 B15 FORMER CLARFIER B8 B5 B7 B6 B1 B19 B16 B2 B11 B4		
	MW-1 B17	MW-5	

B15-10	10 Feet	TCE=ND	PCE=ND
B15-16	16 Feet	TCE=ND	PCE=ND
B15-20.5	20.5 Feet	TCE=ND	PCE=ND
B15-26.5	26.5 Feet	TCE=0.38	PCE=0.05
B15-31	31 Feet	TCE=0.52	PCE=0.04
B15-35.5	35.5 Feet	TCE=0.14	PCE=0.02
B15-40	40 Feet	TCE=1.2	PCE=ND
B15-44.5	44.5 Feet	TCE=1.3	PCE=ND

MW-5 21 Feet TCE=0.022 PCE=<0.0025 MW-5 31 Feet TCE=0.011 PCE=<0.0025

MW-5 41 Feet TCE=0.55 PCE=<0.050

B16-6	9.5 Feet	TCE=ND	PCE=ND
B16-11	16 Feet	TCE=ND	PCE=ND
B16-16	20.5 Feet	TCE=ND	PCE=0.027
B16-21	26.5 Feet	TCE=ND	PCE=0.041
B16-26	31 Feet	TCE=ND	PCE=0.047
B16-31	35.5 Feet	TCE=ND	PCE=0.027
B16-35.5	40 Feet	TCE=ND	PCE=ND
B16-41	44.5 Feet	TCE=0.41	PCE=ND
B16-46	46 Feet	TCE=0.39	PCE=ND
B16-51	51 Feet	TCE=1.3	PCE=ND

B17-6	6 Feet	TCE=ND	PCE=ND
B17-11	11 Feet	TCE=ND	PCE=ND
B17-16	16 Feet	TCE=ND	PCE=ND
B17-21	21 Feet	TCE=ND	PCE=ND
B17-26	26 Feet	TCE=0.048	PCE=ND
B17-31.5	31.5 Feet	TCE=0.056	PCE=ND
B17-36	36 Feet	TCE≃1.4	PCE=ND
B17-41	41 Feet	TCE=1.2	PÇE=ND
B17-46	46 Feet	TCE=1.6	PCE=ND
B17-53.5	53.5 Feet	TCE=1.4	PCE=ND

B18-11	11 Feet	TCE=0.11	PCE=0.40
B18-16	16 Feet	TCE=0.61	PCE=0.37
B18-21	21 Feet	TCE=16	PCE=0.66
B18-27	27 Feet	TCE=0.75	PCE=0.093
B18-31	31 Feet	TCE=2.0	PCE=0.14
B18-36	36 Feet	TCE=0.056	PCE=ND
B18-41	41 Feet	TCE=2.3	PCE=0.091
B18-46	46 Feet	TCE=8.7	PCE=0.18

16 Feet	TCE=0.20	PCE=0.42
21 Feet	TCE=1.8	PCE≈0.28
26 Feet	TCE=1.5	PCE=0.28
31 Feet	TCE=1.2	PCE=0.25
36.5 Feet	TCE=0.11	PCE=ND
41 Feet	TCE=4.0	PCE=0.16
46 Feet	TCE=4.3	PCE=0.18
	21 Feet 26 Feet 31 Feet 36.5 Feet 41 Feet	21 Feet TCE=1.8 26 Feet TCE=1.5 31 Feet TCE=1.2 36.5 Feet TCE=0.11 41 Feet TCE=4.0

LEGEND

MW-2 10.5 Feet TCE=<0.005 PCE=<0.005 MW-2 20.5 Feet TCE=<0.006 PCE=<0.005

MW-2 30.5 Feet TCE=<0.005 PCE=<0.005

MW-3 11 Feet TCE=<0.005 PCE=<0.005

MW-3 20.5 Feet TCE=<0.005 PCE=<0.005

MW-3 30.5 Feet TCE=<0.005 PCE=<0.005

♠ MW-1 Groundwater Monitoring Well Soil Boring Location ----- Flood Control District Easement - Property Line ------ Union Pacific Rail Road

NOTES:

MW-1 10.5 Feet TCE=0.018 PCE=0.021 MW-1 20.5 Feet TCE=0.062 PCE=0.023

MW-1 30.5 Feet TCE=0.060 PCE=0.011

1. All locations are approximate.

2. PCE = tetrachloroethene.

3. TCE = trichloroethene

4. ND = not detected above method detection limit.

5. Soil concentrations reported in mg/kg.6. Sample depths reported in feet below ground surface.

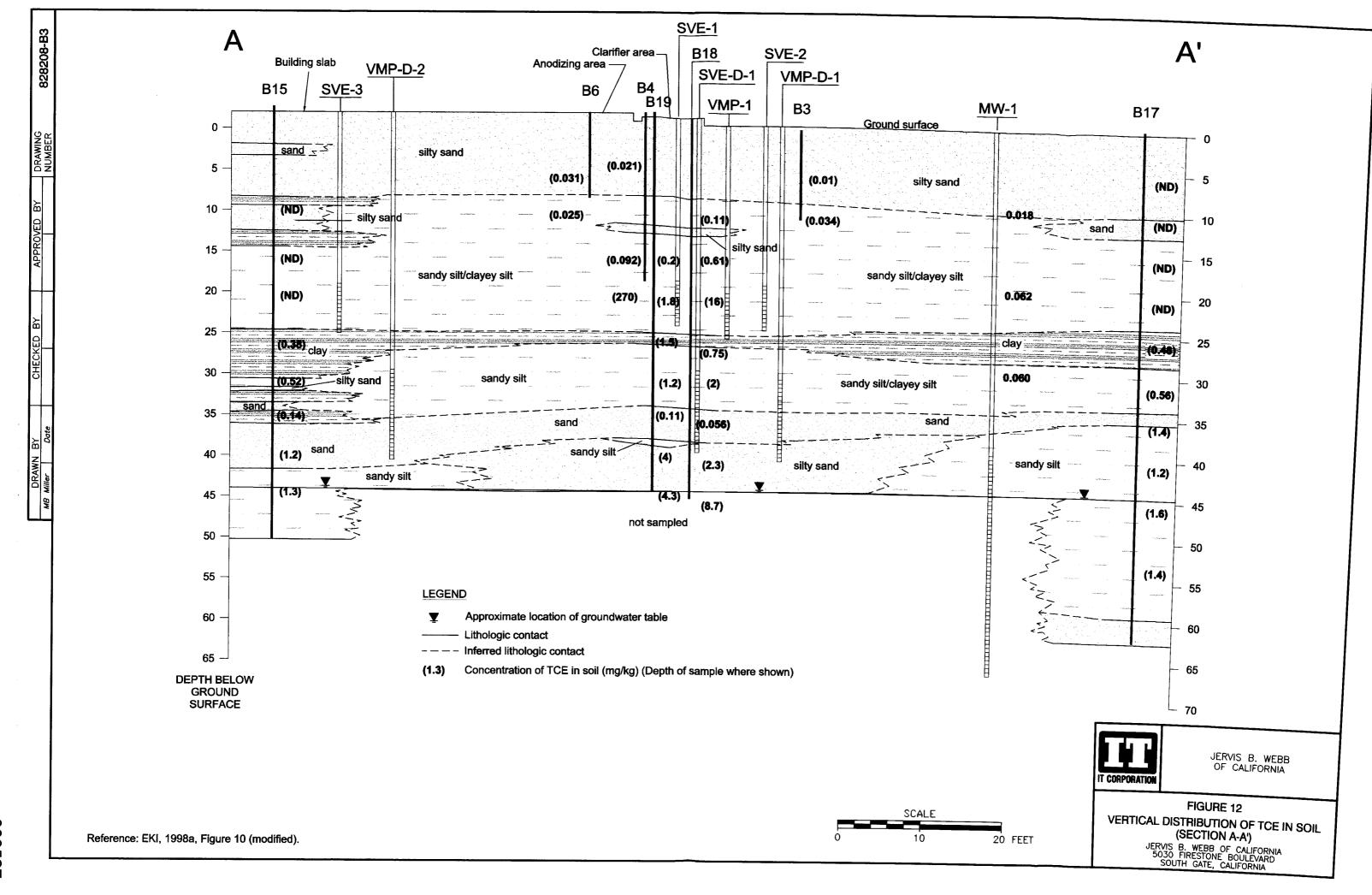
APPROXIMATE SCALE 120 FEET

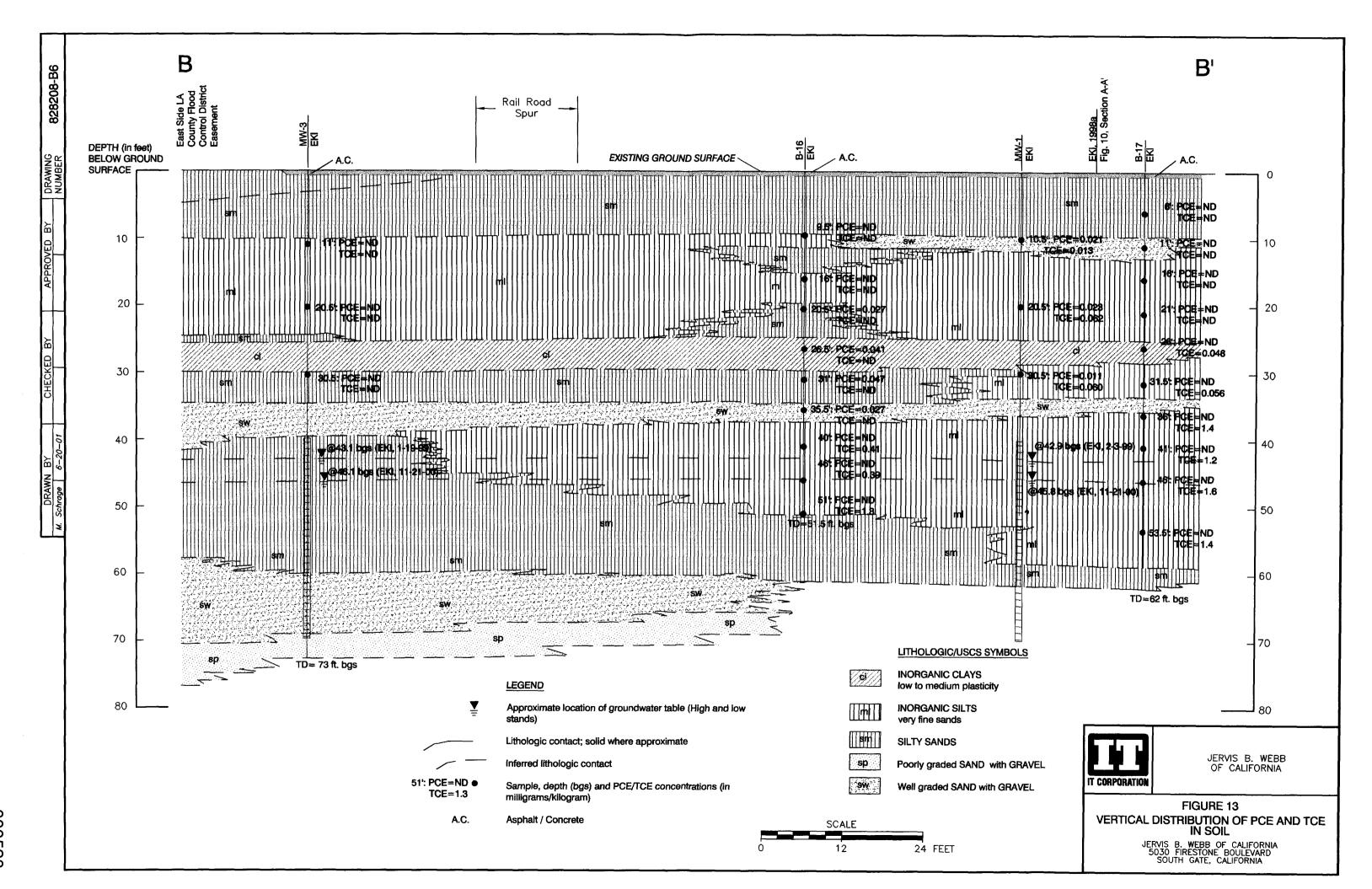


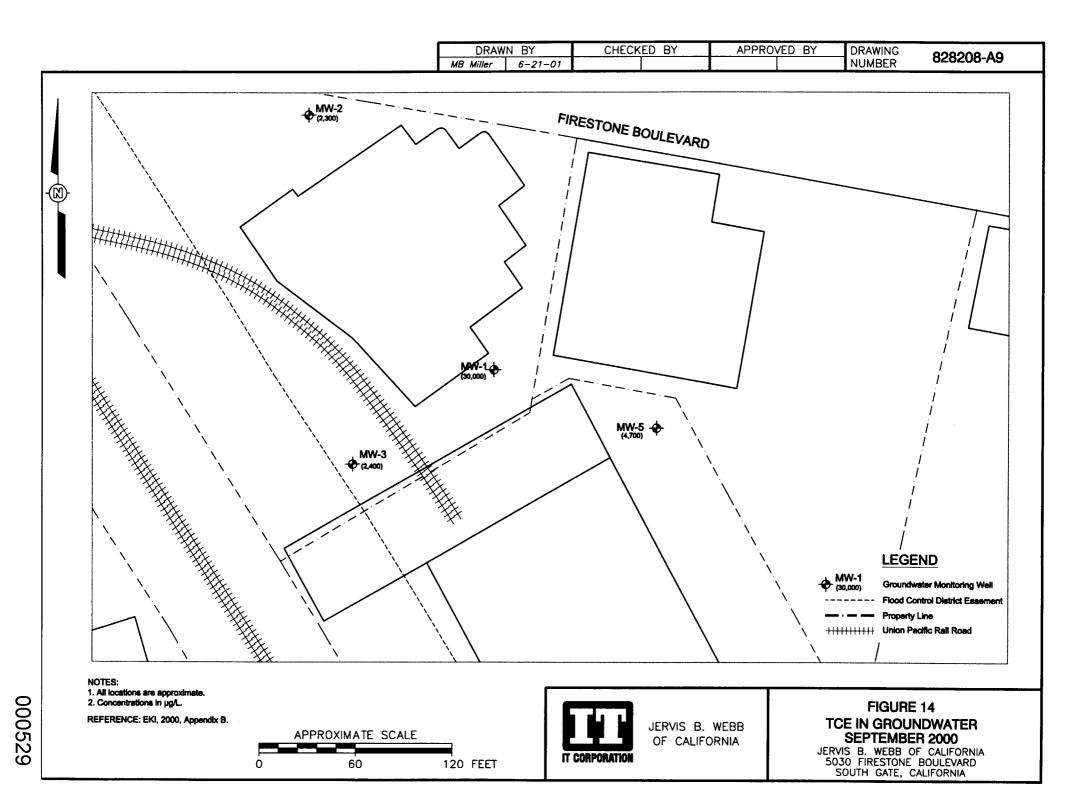
JERVIS B. WEBB OF CALIFORNIA

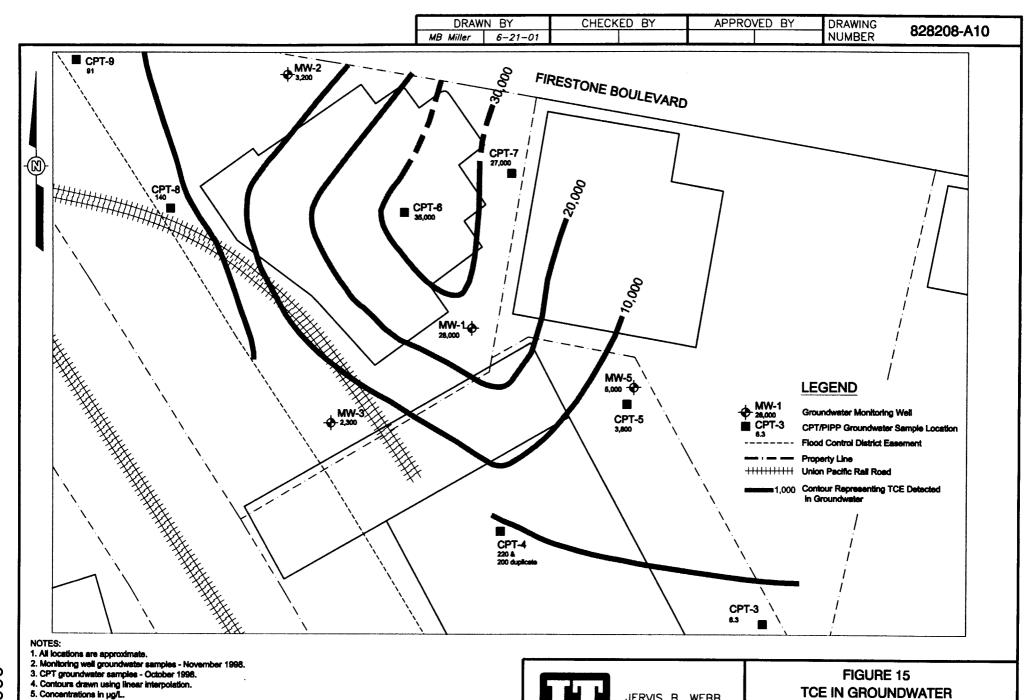
FIGURE 11 PCE AND TCE IN SOIL

JERVIS B. WEBB OF CALIFORNIA 5030 FIRESTONE BOULEVARD SOUTH GATE, CALIFORNIA









JERVIS B. WEBB

OF CALIFORNIA

OCTOBER/NOVEMBER 1998

JERVIS B. WEBB OF CALIFORNIA 5030 FIRESTONE BOULEVARD SOUTH GATE, CALIFORNIA

000530

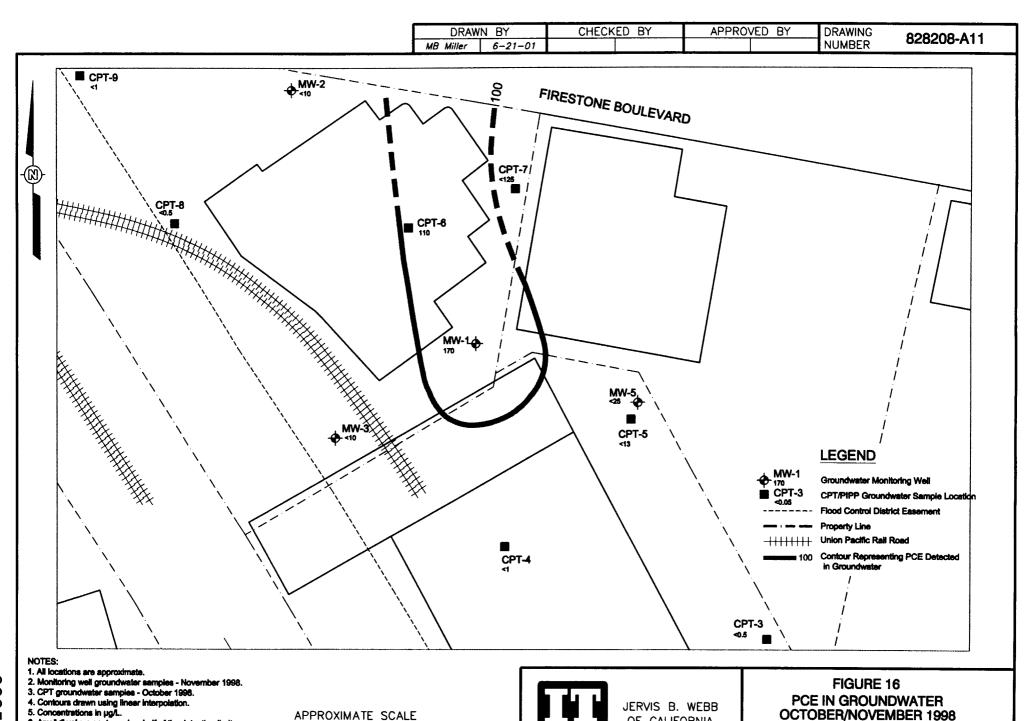
6. Any "<" values contoured as half of the detection limit.

REFERENCE: EKI, 1999, Table 4 & 5.

APPROXIMATE SCALE

60

120 FEET



OF CALIFORNIA

JERVIS B. WEBB OF CALIFORNIA 5030 FIRESTONE BOULEVARD SOUTH GATE, CALIFORNIA

APPROXIMATE SCALE

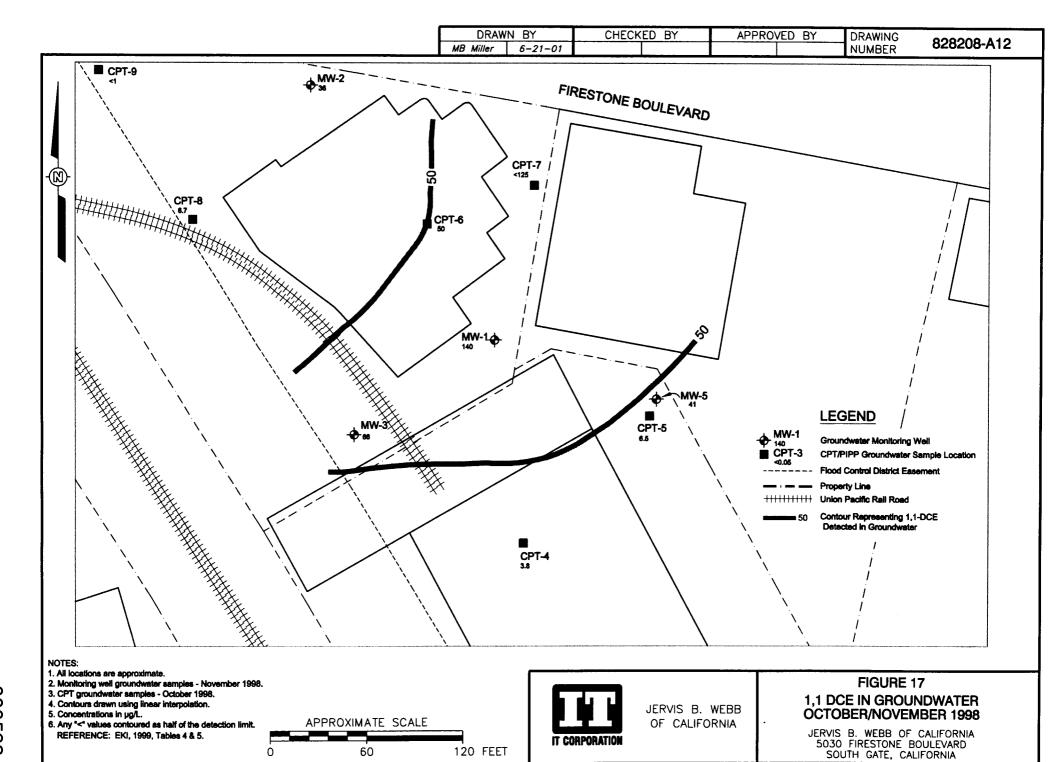
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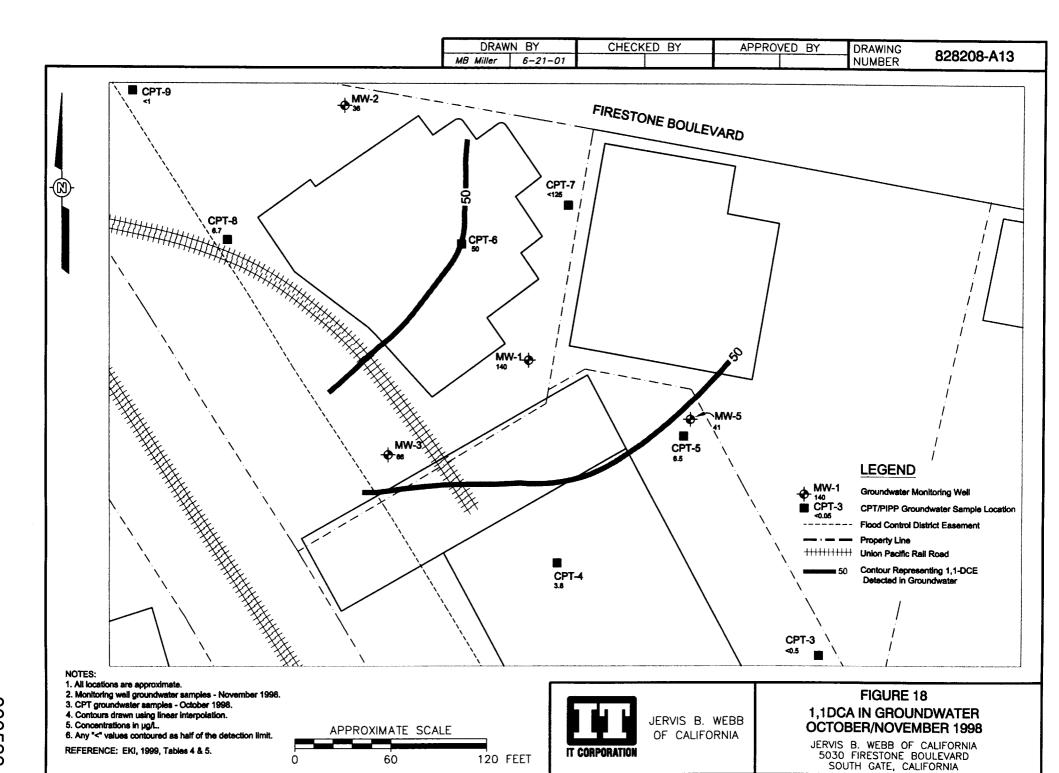
120 FEET

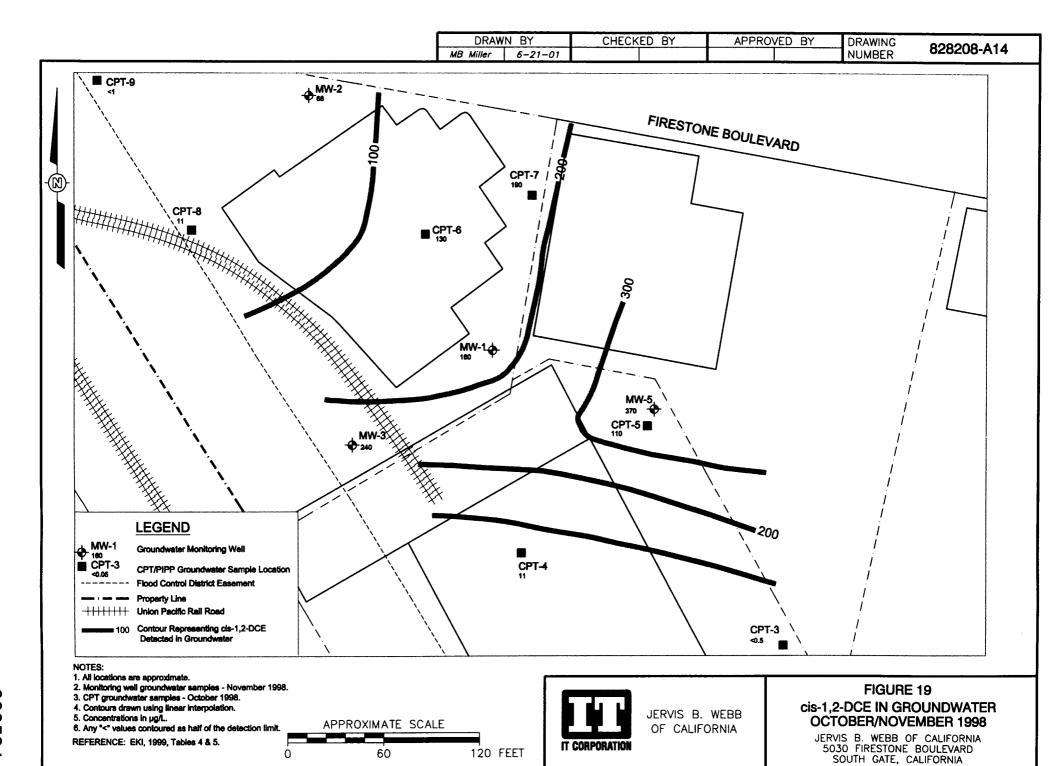
00053

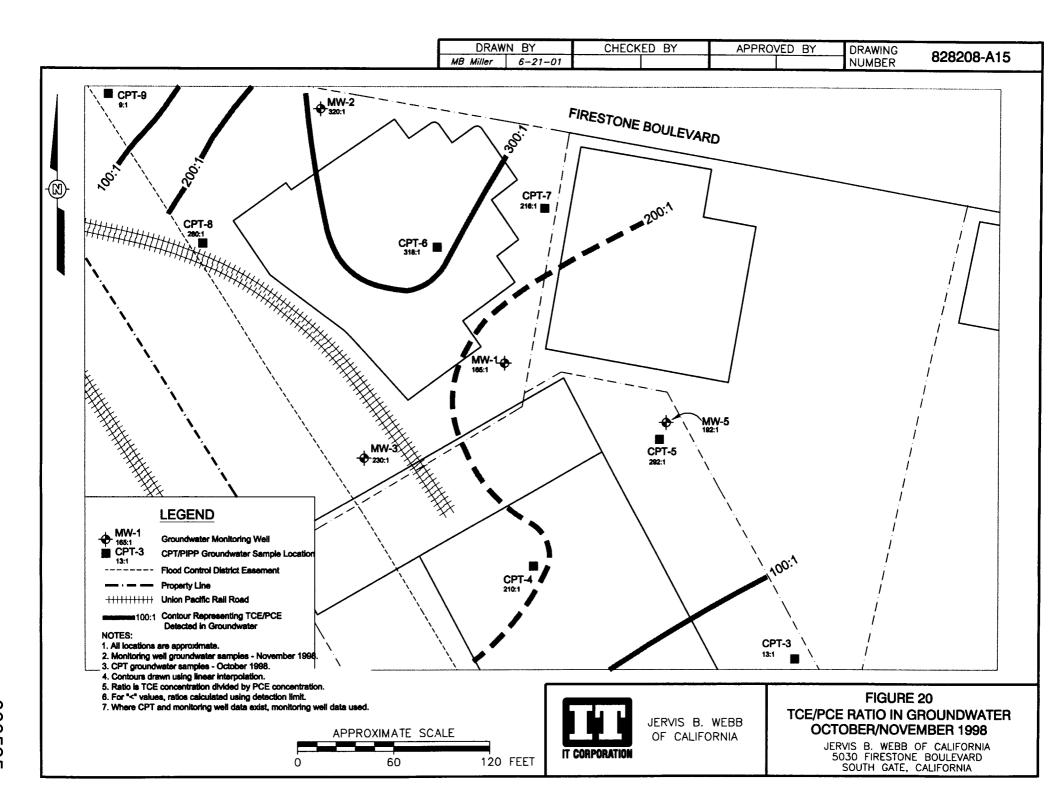
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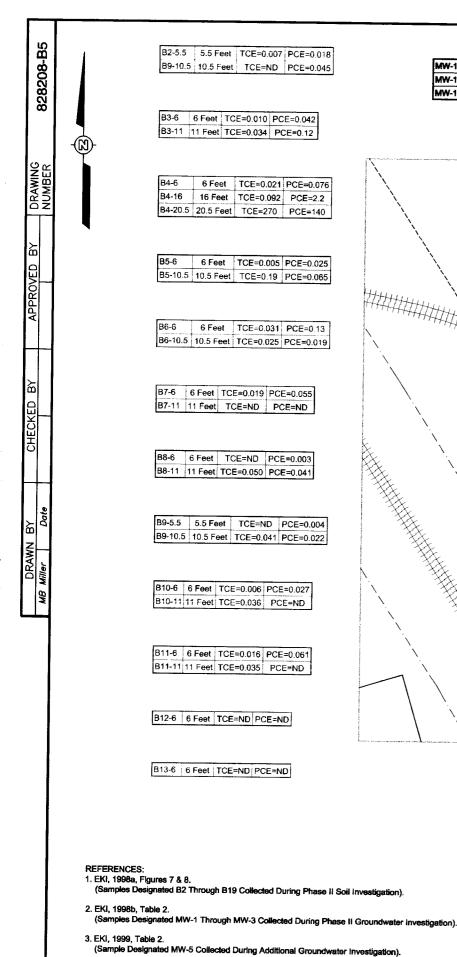
REFERENCE: EKI, 1999, Tables 4 & 5.



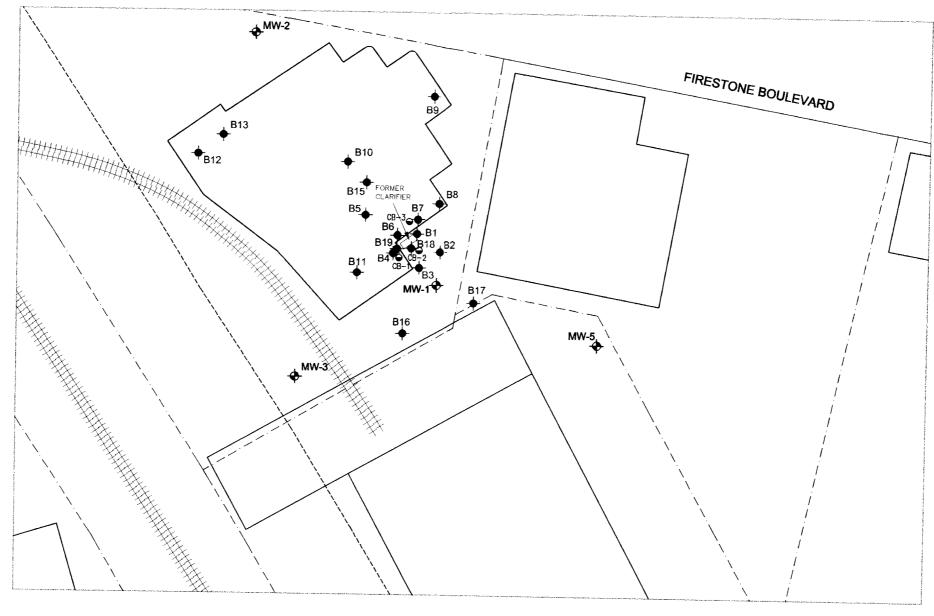








B2-5.5 5.5 Feet TCE=0.007 PCE=0.018					
B9-10.5 10.5 Feet TCE=ND PCE=0.045		MW-1	10.5 Feet	TCE=0.018	PCE=0.021
		MW-1	20.5 Feet	TCE=0.062	
		MW-1	30.5 Feet		
B3-6 6 Feet TCE=0.010 PCE=0.042					
B3-11 11 Feet TCE=0.034 PCE=0.12					
	(*************************************		ere tradition to a construction of the constru		منين والمناف والمناف المناف
	1				
B4-6 6 Feet TCE=0.021 PCE=0.076	\				→
B4-16 16 Feet TCE=0.092 PCE=2.2					_
B4-20.5 20.5 Feet TCE=270 PCE=140	\				
	\				
	\				
B5-6 6 Feet TCE=0.005 PCE=0.025	*	/			\sim
B5-10.5 10.5 Feet TCE=0.19 PCE=0.065	Alexander and the second and the sec	\			, B13
	H411.	/			•
	H4444444	411.	`	\ .	
	1	4114	À.	\ 'E	312
B6-6 6 Feet TCE=0.031 PCE=0.13	47.7	117	HAHA	. \	
B6-10.5 10.5 Feet TCE=0.025 PCE=0.019	The state of the s		XXX	DAY.	
			N.	THE STATE OF THE S	
			\	('YX)	⅍ ∕ \
				\ ^	****
B7-6 6 Feet TCE=0.019 PCE=0.055				\ \	~~~~ `
B7-11 11 Feet TCE=ND PCE=ND				/	· '^XX
	\			/	×
		\			
	X	\		\	
B8-6 6 Feet TCE=ND PCE=0.003	KX.				<u>`</u>
B8-11 11 Feet TCE=0.050 PCE=0.041	13%	\			\
	1 32		\		/



MW-2 10.5 Feet TCE=<0.005 PCE=<0.005 MW-2 20.5 Feet TCE=<0.005 PCE=<0.005

MW-2 30.5 Feet TCE=<0.005 PCE=<0.005

MW-3	11 Feet	TCE=<0.005	PCE=<0.005
MW-3	20.5 Feet	TCE=<0.005	PCE=<0.005
MW-3	30.5 Feet	TCE=<0.005	PCE=<0.005

MW-5 MW-5 MW-5

24 East	TOF 9 999					
		PCE=<0.0025	10,010	10 Feet	TCE=ND	PCE=ND
31 Feet	TCE=0.011	PCE≈<0.0025	B15-16	16 Feet	TCE=ND	PCE=ND
41 Feet	TCE=0.55	PCE=<0.050	B15-20	.5 20.5 Feet	-	PCE=ND
				.5 26.5 Feet		
			·		TCE=0.38	PCE=0.054
			B15-31	31 Feet	TCE=0.52	PCE=0.041
			B15-35	.5 35.5 Feet	TCE=0.14	PCE=0.026

B16-6	9.5 Feet	TCE=ND	PCE=ND
B16-11	16 Feet	TCE=ND	PCE=ND
B16-16	20.5 Feet	TCE=ND	PCE=0.027
B16-21	26.5 Feet	TCE=ND	PCE=0.041
B16-26	31 Feet	TCE≈ND	PCE=0.047
B16-31	35.5 Feet	TCE=ND	PCE=0.027
B16-35.5	40 Feet	TCE=ND	PCE=ND
B16-41	44.5 Feet	TCE=0.41	PCE=ND
B16-46	46 Feet	TCE=0.39	PCE=ND
B16-51	51 Feet	TCE=1.3	PCE=ND

B15-40 40 Feet TCE=1.2 PCE=ND B15-44.5 44.5 Feet TCE=1.3 PCE=ND

B17-6	6 Feet	TCE=ND	PCE=ND
B17-11	11 Feet	TCE=ND	PCE=ND
B17-16	16 Feet	TCE=ND	PCE=ND
B17-21	21 Feet	TCE=ND	PCE=ND
B17-26	26 Feet	TCE=0.048	PCE=ND
B17-31.5	31.5 Feet	TCE=0.056	PCE=ND
B17-36	36 Feet	TCE=1.4	PCE=ND
B17-41	41 Feet	TCE=1.2	PCE=ND
B17-46	46 Feet	TCE=1.6	PCE=ND
B17-53.5	53.5 Feet	TCE=1.4	PCE=ND

B18-11	11 Feet	TCE=0.11	PCE=0.40
B18-16	16 Feet	TCE=0.61	PCE=0.37
B18-21	21 Feet	TCE=16	PCE=0.66
B18-27	27 Feet	TCE=0.75	PCE=0.093
B18-31	31 Feet	TCE=2.0	PCE=0.14
B18-36	36 Feet	TCE=0.056	PCE=ND
B18-41	41 Feet	TCE=2.3	PCE=0.091
B18-46	46 Feet	TCE=8.7	PCE=0.18

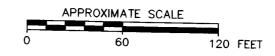
B19-16	16 Feet	TCE=0.20	PCE=0.42
B19-21	21 Feet	TCE=1.8	PCE=0.28
B19-26	26 Feet	TCE=1.5	PCE=0.28
B19-31	31 Feet	TCE=1.2	PCE=0.25
B19-36.5	36.5 Feet	TCE=0.11	PCE=ND
B19-41	41 Feet	TCE=4.0	PCE=0.16
B19-46	46 Feet	TCE=4.3	PCE=0.18

LEGEND

Groundwater Monitoring Well Soil Boring Location Confirmation Soil Boring Flood Control District Easem - Property Line ++++++++++ Union Pacific Rail Road

NOTES:

- 1. All locations are approximate.
- 2. PCE = tetrachloroethene.
- 3. TCE = trichloroethene
- 4. ND = not detected above method detection limit.





JERVIS B. WEBB OF CALIFORNIA

FIGURE 21 PROPOSED CONFIRMATION SOIL BORING LOCATIONS

JERVIS B. WEBB OF CALIFORNIA 5030 FIRESTONE BOULEVARD SOUTH GATE, CALIFORNIA

000536

Reference: EKI, 1998a, Figure 10 (modified).

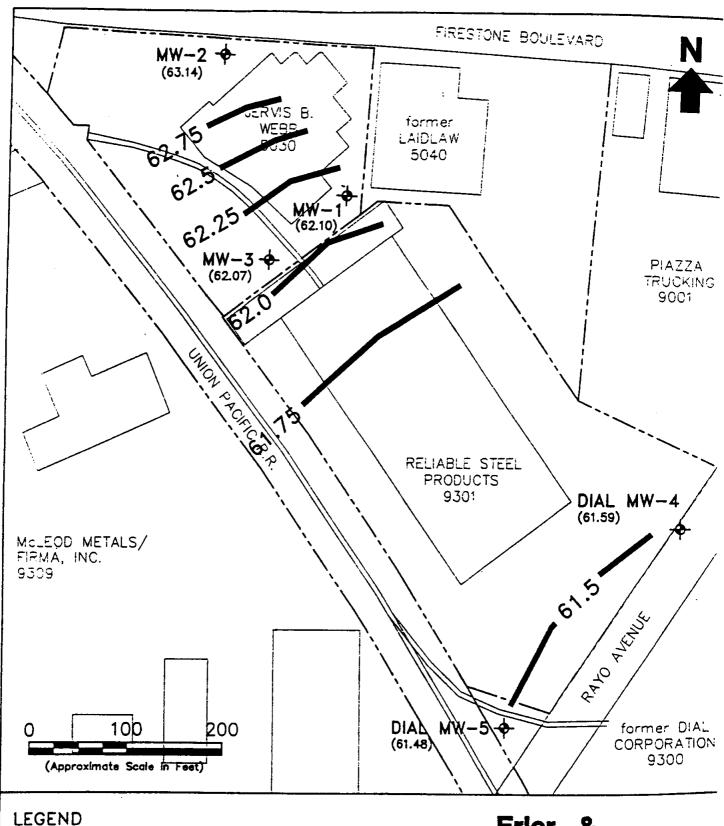
Soil concentrations reported in mg/kg.
 Sample depths reported in feet below ground surface.

APPENDIX A

VISTA INFORMATION SOLUTIONS, INC. SITE ASSESSMENT REPORT

APPENDIX B

EKI Groundwater Contour Maps (May 1998 - Dec 2000)



 Contour Representing the Elevation of the Groundwater Table in Feet Above Mean Sea Level



Groundwater Monitoring Well

——— Property Line/Boundary

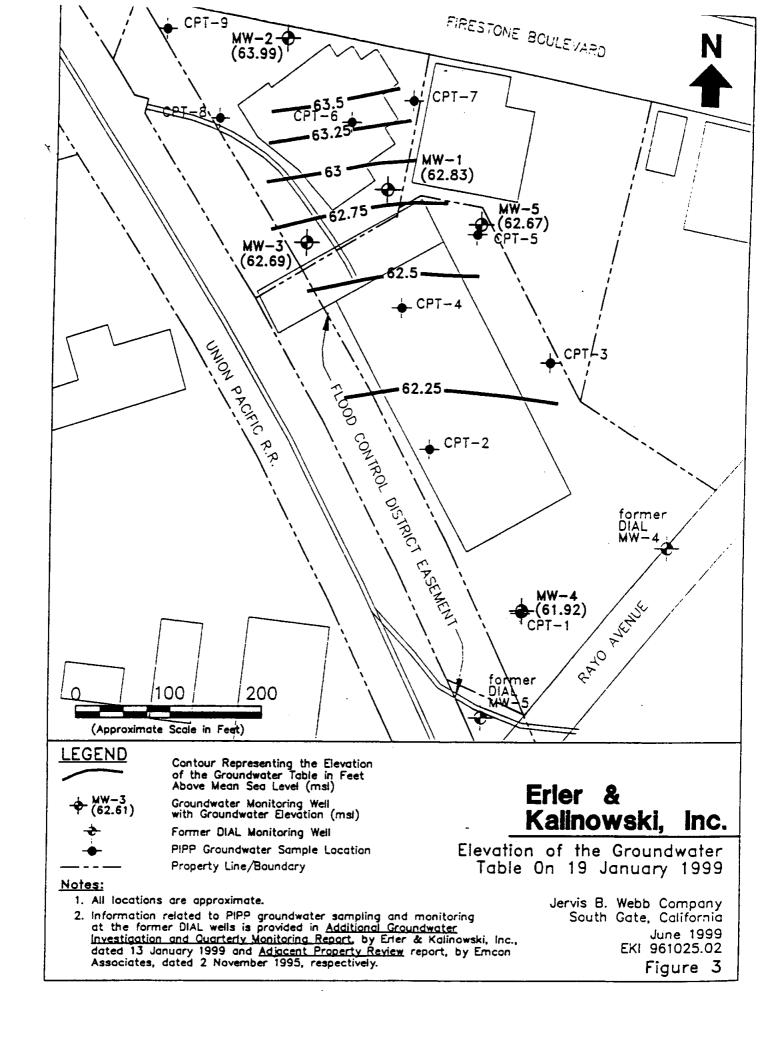
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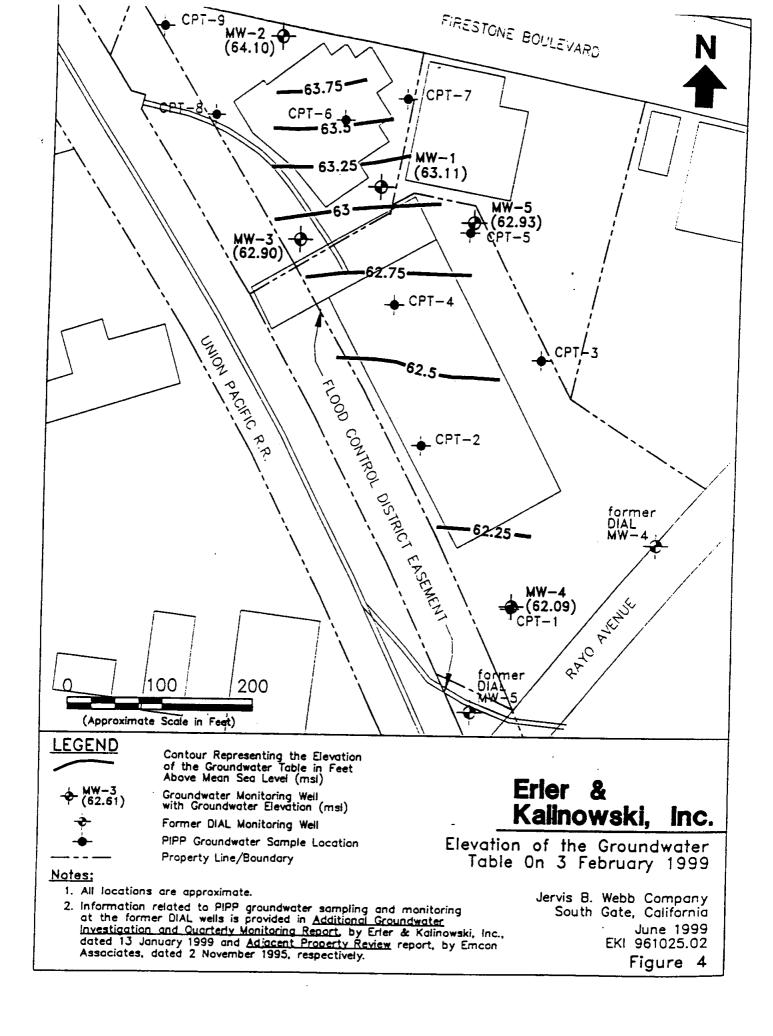
1. All locations are approximate.

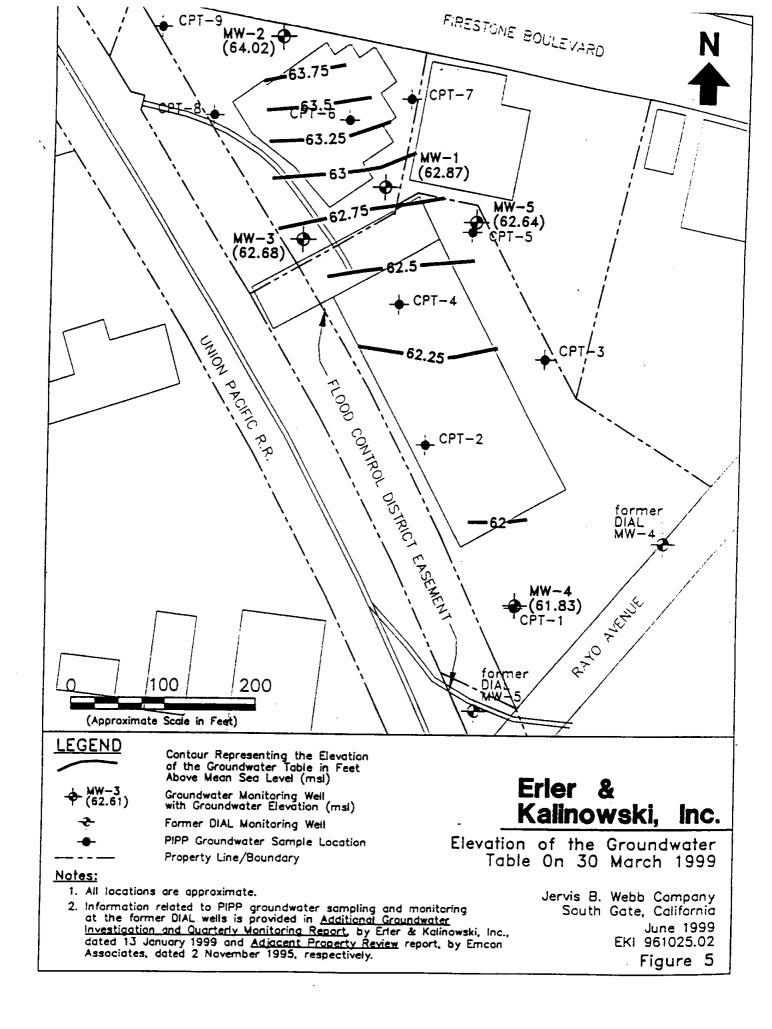
Erier & Kalinowski, Inc.

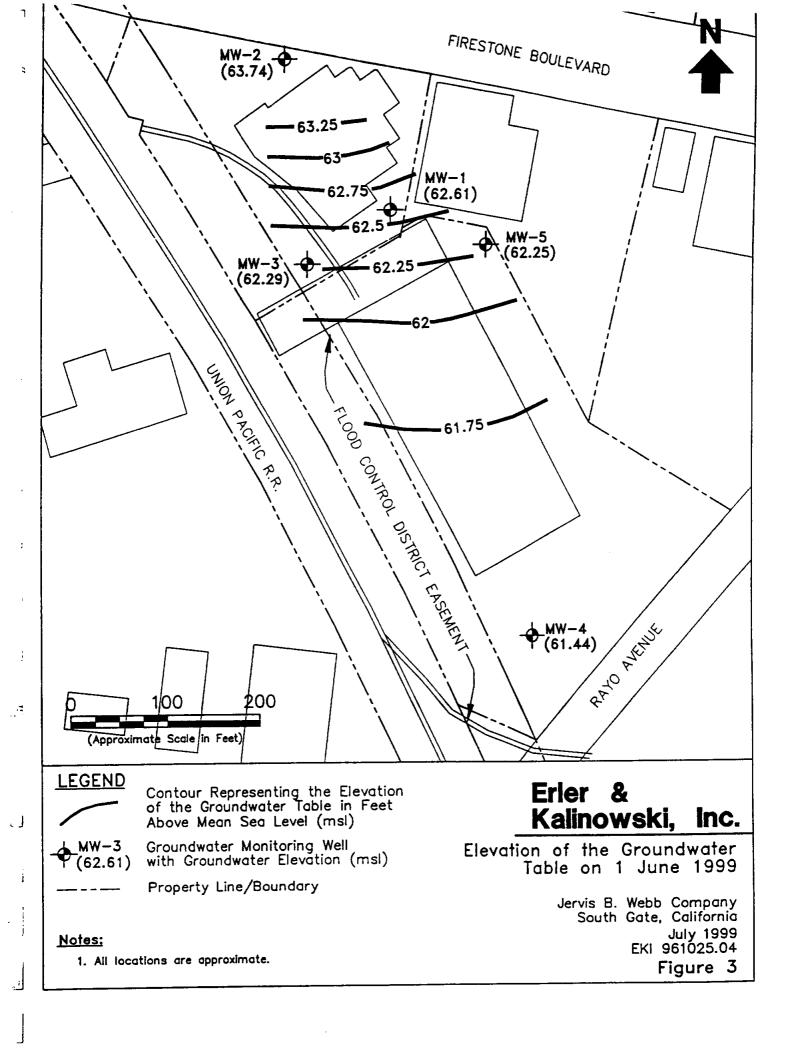
Elevation of the Groundater Table on 20 May 1998

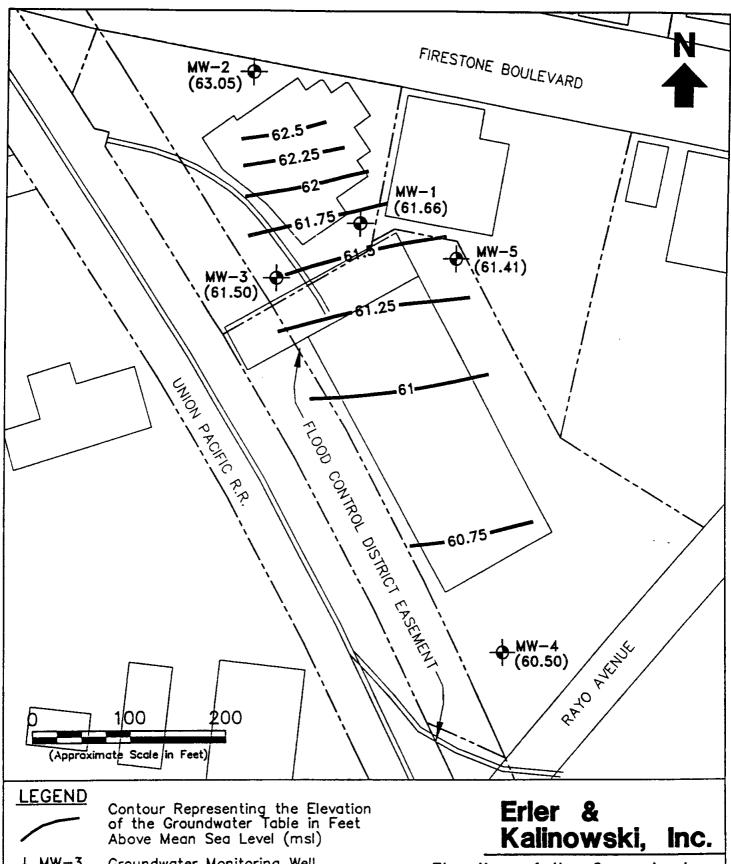
Jervis B. Webb Company South Gate, California June 1998 EKI 961025.02 Figure 3 000614











 $-\frac{MW-3}{(62.61)}$

;1

Groundwater Monitoring Well with Groundwater Elevation (msl)

Property Line/Boundary

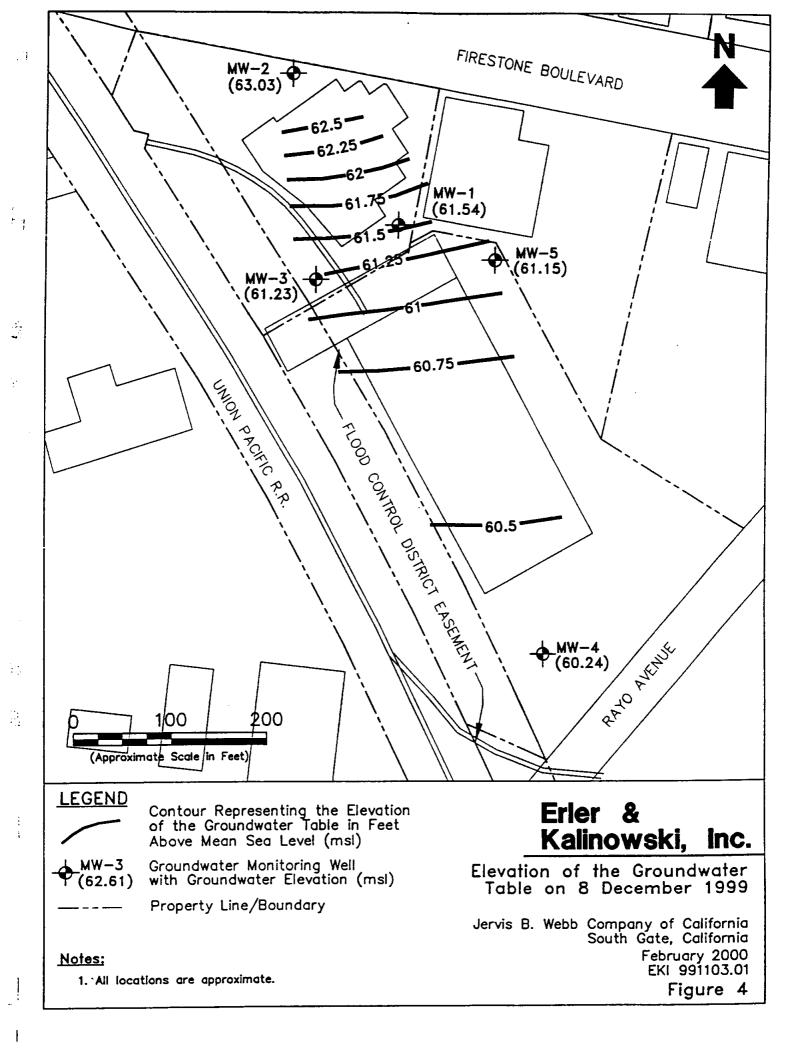
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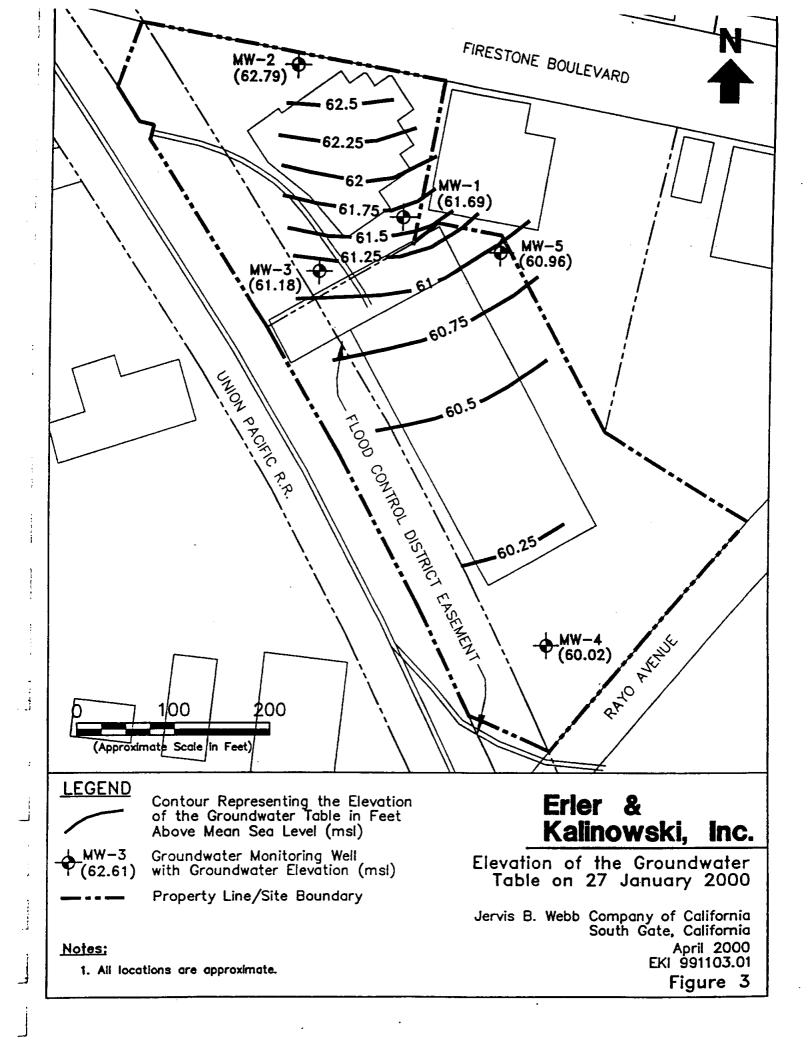
1. All locations are approximate.

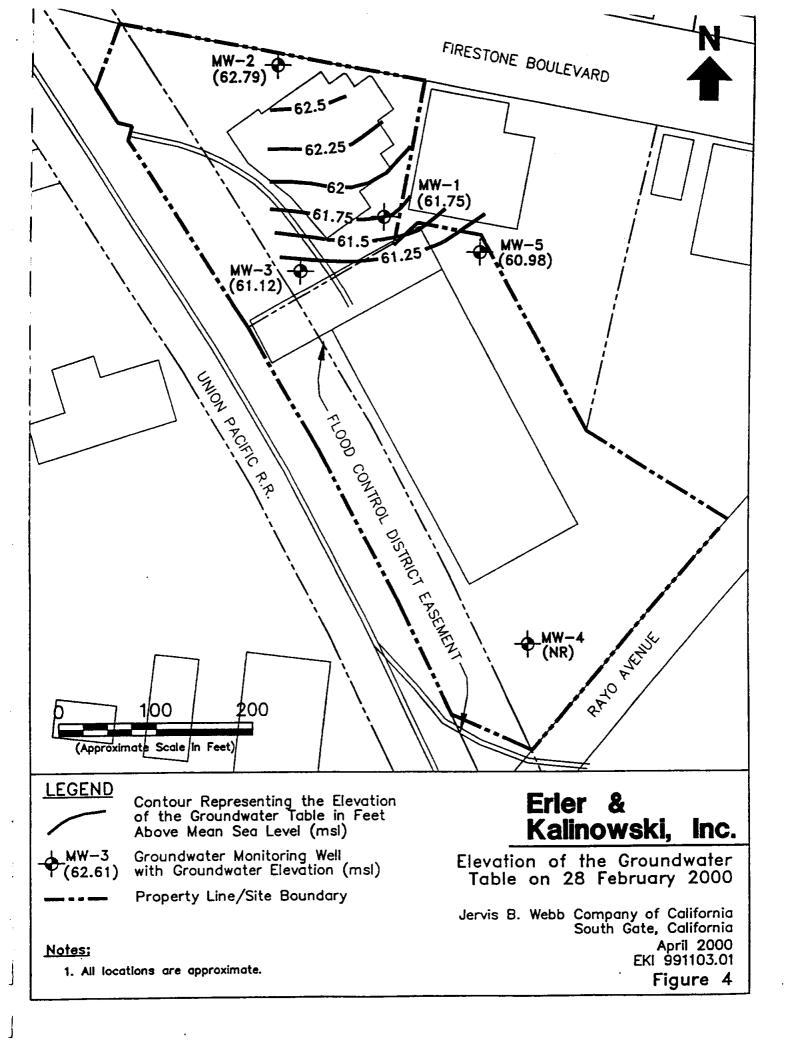
Elevation of the Groundwater Table on 18 October 1999

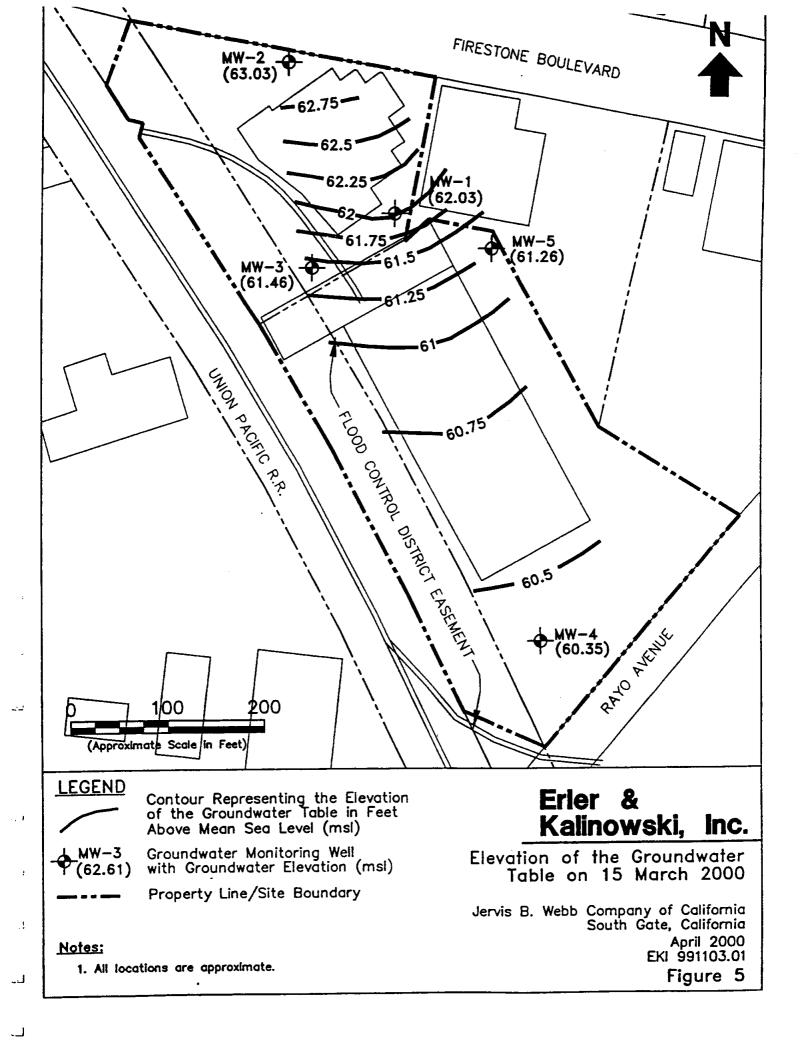
Jervis B. Webb Company of California South Gate, California February 2000 EKI 991103.01

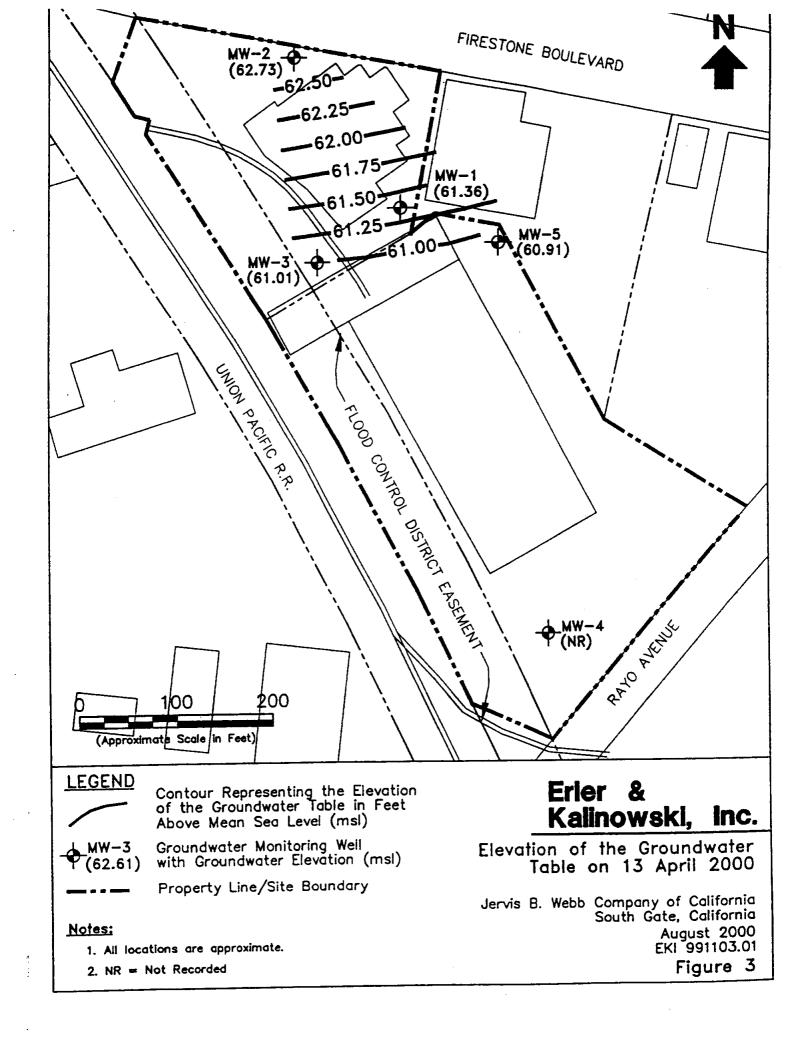
Figure 3

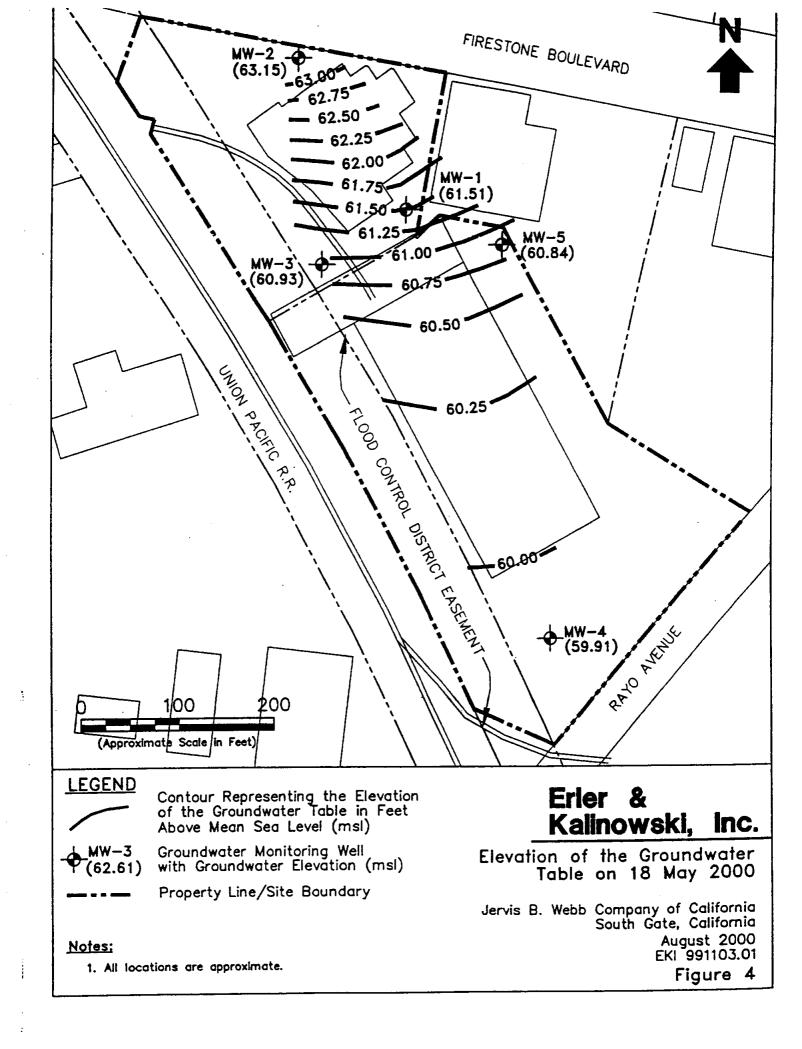


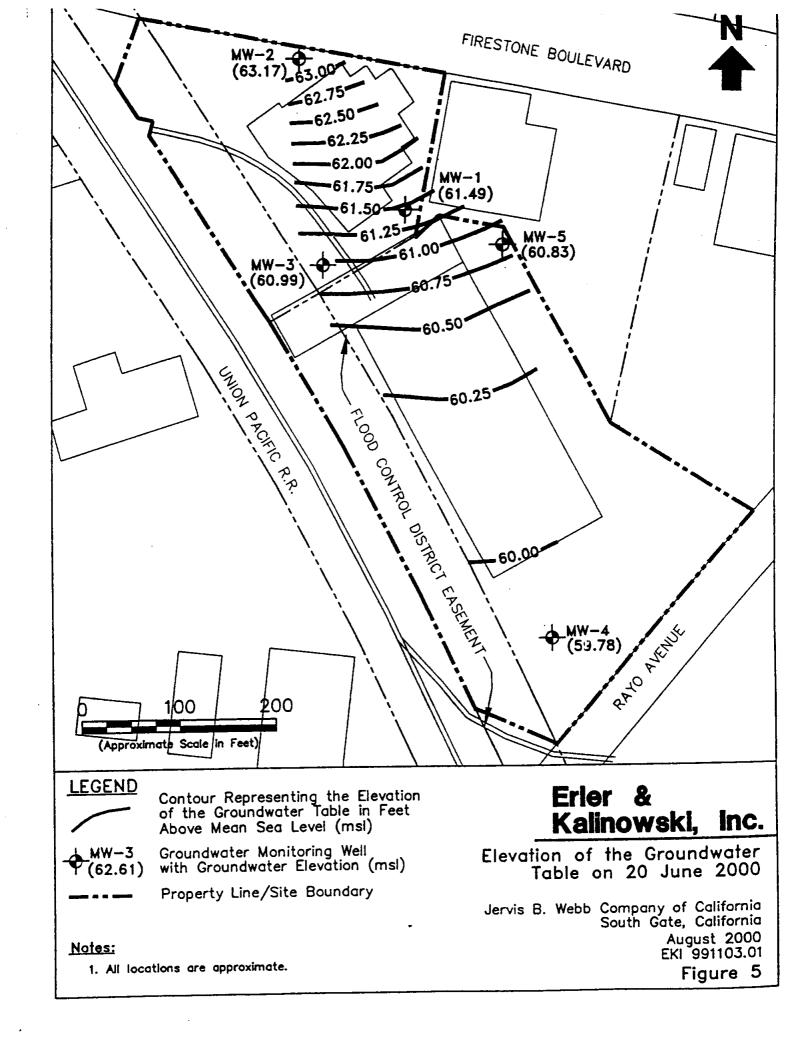


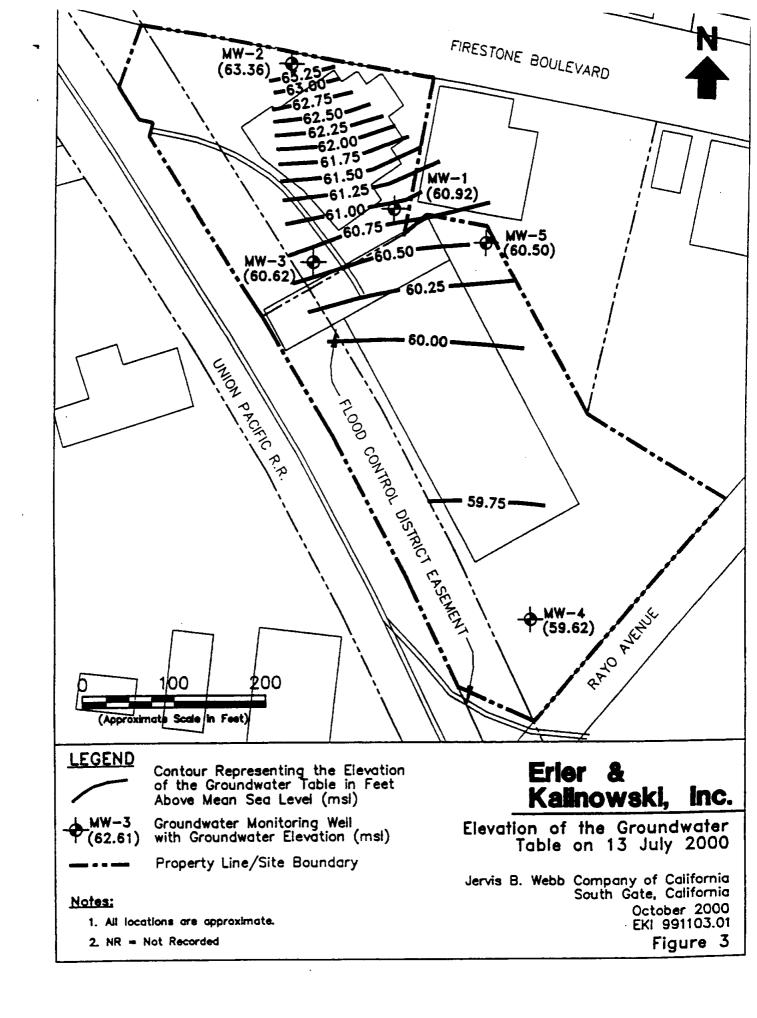


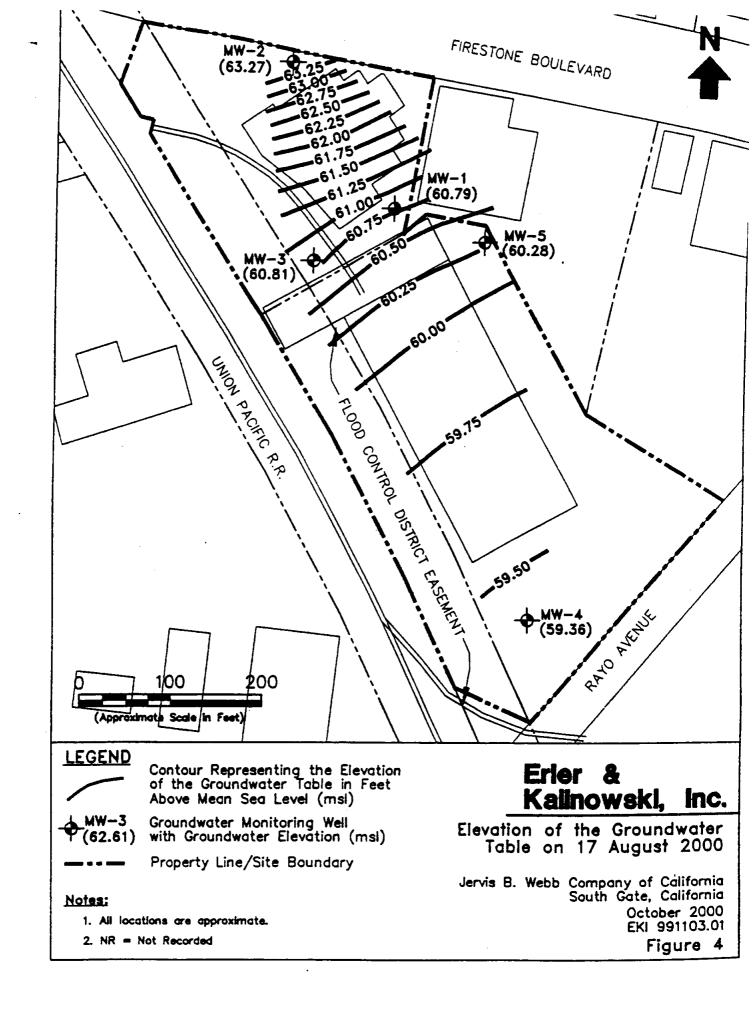


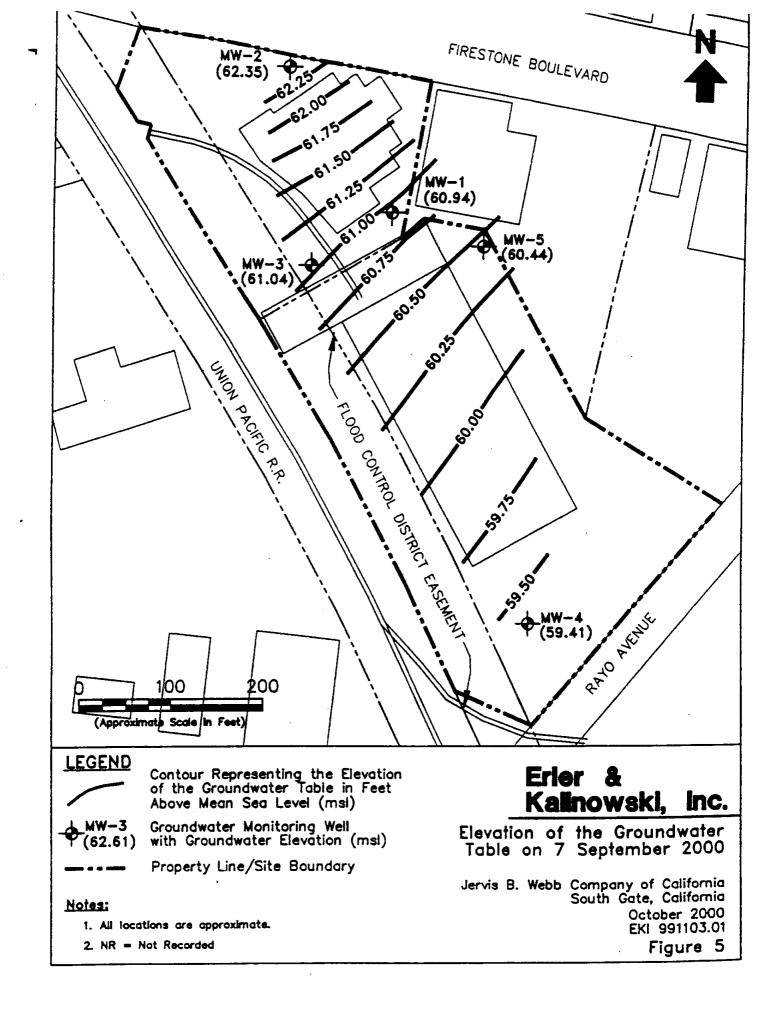


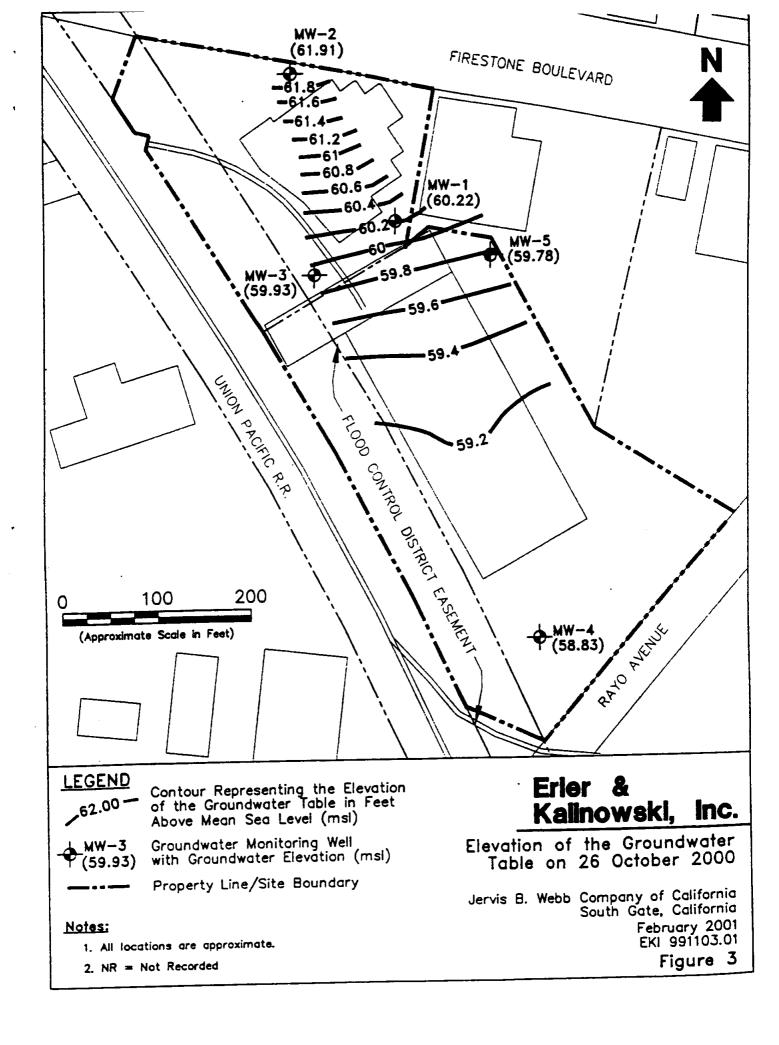


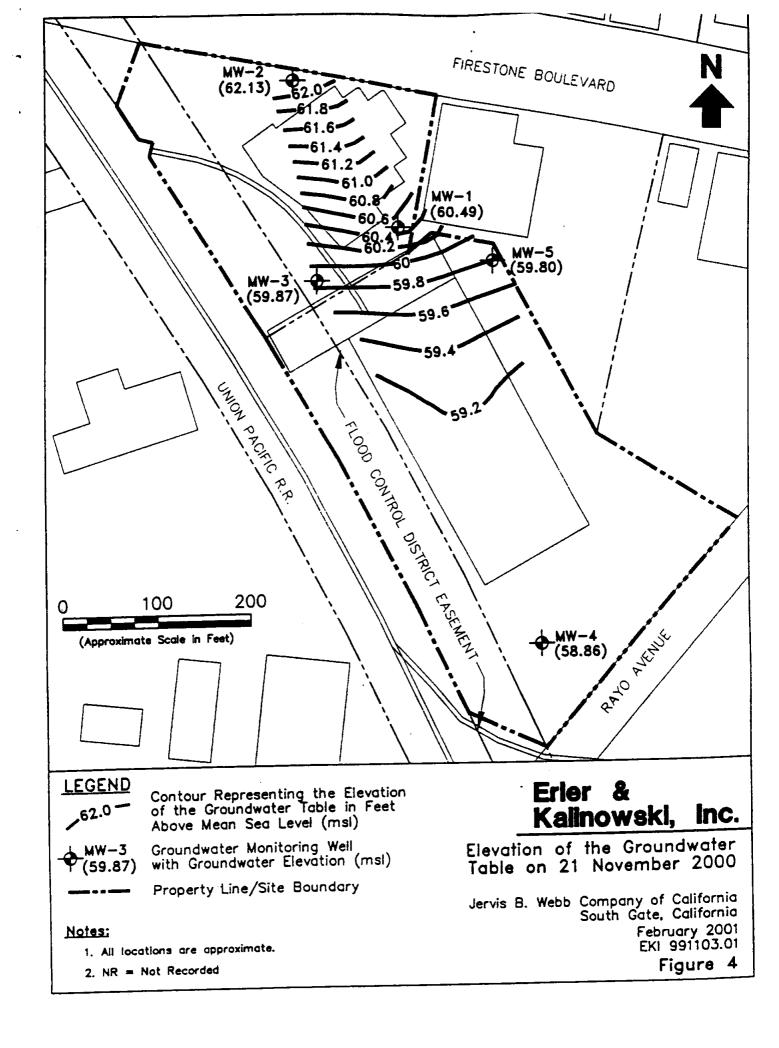


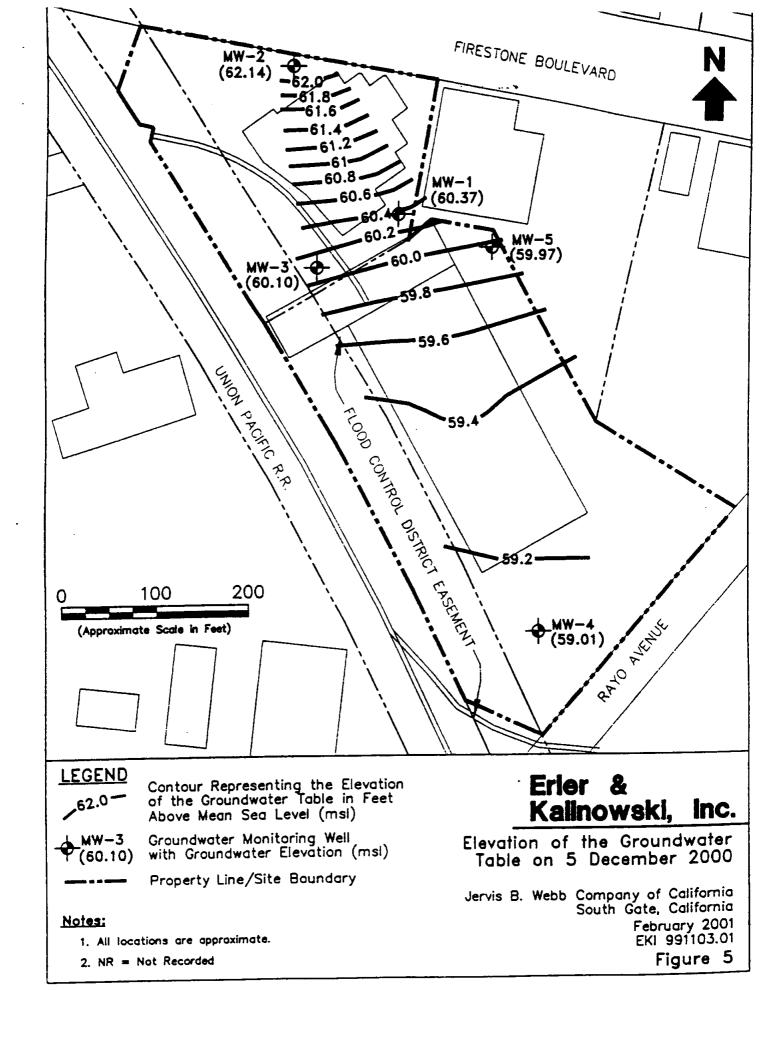












APPENDIX C

Soil Vapor Extraction Data (EKI Report April 30, 2001)

Quarterly Progress Report January through March 2001

Jervis B. Webb Company of California 5030 Firestone Boulevard South Gate, California

30 April 2001

Erler & Kalinowski, Inc.

Consulting Engineers and Scientists 3250 Ocean Park Blvd., Suite 385 Santa Monica, California 90405 (310) 314-8855

Fax: (310) 314-8860

Quarterly Progress Report: January through March 2001 Jervis B. Webb Company of California 5030 Firestone Boulevard, South Gate, California

Table of Contents

l.	INTROD	UCTION	1
2.	QUARTE	ERLY GROUNDWATER MONITORING	2
	2.1. M	easurements of Groundwater Elevation	2
	2.2. G	roundwater Sampling	2
		Groundwater Sampling Procedures	
	2.2.2.	Analytical Results for Groundwater Samples	3
	2.2.3.	Quality Assurance/Quality Control	3
3.	SOIL RE	MEDIATION	5
	3.1. De	escription of the Soil Vapor Extraction System	5
		Soil Vapor Wells	
		Soil Vapor Extraction and Treatment System	
	3.2. O	peration and Monitoring of the SVE System	6
	3.2.1.	System Operation	6
	3.2.2.	System Monitoring	6
	3.2.3.	Soil Vapor Field Monitoring	7
	3.2.4.	Estimated Removal of VOCs	7
	3.2.5.	SCAQMD Compliance Monitoring	7
4.	PLANNI	ED ACTIVITIES FOR NEXT QUARTER	9
5.	SUMMA	.RY	. 10
6.	REFERI	ENCES AND PREVIOUS REPORTS	. 1

Quarterly Progress Report: January through March 2001 Jervis B. Webb Company of California 5030 Firestone Boulevard, South Gate, California

Table of Contents

LIST OF TABLES

5

1	Groundwater Elevations in Monitoring Wells
2	Results of VOCs Detected in Groundwater Samples
3	Additional Analytical Results for Groundwater Samples
4a	Soil Vapor Extraction Data: Blower Influent
4b	Soil Vapor Extraction Data: SVE-1
4c	Soil Vapor Extraction Data: SVE-2
4d	Soil Vapor Extraction Data: SVE-3
4e	Soil Vapor Extraction Data: SVE-D1
4f	Soil Vapor Extraction Data: VMP-D1
4g	Soil Vapor Extraction Data: VMP-D2
4h	Soil Vapor Extraction Data: VMP-1

Field Data for Soil Vapor Monitoring Probes

Quarterly Progress Report: January through March 2001 Jervis B. Webb Company of California 5030 Firestone Boulevard, South Gate, California

Table of Contents

LIST OF FIGURES

- 1 Site Location Map
- 2 Groundwater Monitoring Well Locations
- 3 Elevation of the Groundwater Table on 4 January 2001
- 4 Elevation of the Groundwater Table on 22 February 2001
- 5 Elevation of the Groundwater Table on 8 March 2001
- 6 Concentrations of TCE in Groundwater
- 7 Layout of the Soil Vapor Extraction System
- 8 Soil Vapor Extraction System Schematic
- 9a Concentrations of Total VOCs versus Time: Blower Influent
- 9b Concentrations of Total VOCs versus Time: SVE-1
- 9c Concentrations of Total VOCs versus Time: SVE-2
- 9d Concentrations of Total VOCs versus Time: SVE-3
- 9e Concentrations of Total VOCs versus Time: SVE-D1
- 9f Concentrations of Total VOCs versus Time: VMP-D1
- 9g Concentrations of Total VOCs versus Time: VMP-D2
- 9h Concentrations of Total VOCs versus Time: VMP-1

LIST OF APPENDICES

- A Groundwater Purge and Water Quality Monitoring Forms for Groundwater Sampling
- B Laboratory Reports and Chain-of-Custody Forms for Groundwater Sampling

1. INTRODUCTION

Erler & Kalinowski, Inc. ("EKI") is pleased to present this Quarterly Progress Report, January through March 2001 for the property located at 5030 Firestone Boulevard and 9301 Rayo Avenue in South Gate, California (collectively referred to as the "Site," see Figure 1). The work documented in this report was performed on behalf of the Jervis B. Webb Company of California ("Webb"). The property at 5030 Firestone Boulevard is owned by Webb and the adjacent property at 9301 Rayo Avenue is owned by Reliable Steel Building Products, Inc. ("Reliable Steel").

The principal objectives of the activities performed during this quarter were to (1) monitor the groundwater wells at the Site, and (2) continue operation of the soil vapor extraction ("SVE") system at the Site. The quarterly groundwater monitoring activities described herein were performed in accordance with the procedures described in *Project Tasks*, *Schedule*, and *Work Plan for Additional Groundwater Investigation and Quarterly Groundwater Monitoring at the Jervis B. Webb Company Property* by EKI, dated 29 September 1998. The SVE activities described herein were performed in accordance with the *Work Plan for Clarifier Removal and Soil Remediation by Soil Vapor Extraction* by EKI, dated 14 April 1999 ("SVE Work Plan"). The California Regional Water Quality Control Board, Los Angeles Region ("RWQCB") approved the SVE Work Plan, with two modifications, in its letter to Webb dated 18 May 1999.

3. SOIL REMEDIATION

3.1. Description of the Soil Vapor Extraction System

3.1.1. Soil Vapor Wells

Four soil vapor extraction wells and four soil vapor monitoring probes were installed at the Site during June 1999 (see Figure 7). The wells and probes were designed to allow for vapor extraction and monitoring in both the shallow and deep vadose zones at the Site. All of the wells were constructed using Schedule 40 PVC casing and screen. More detailed descriptions of well construction and subsurface conditions at the Site are contained in reports previously provided to the RWQCB (see EKI, 14 April 1999; EKI, 13 October 1999).

On 29 June 2000, two of the soil vapor monitoring probes (VMP-D1 and VMP-D2) were converted to extraction wells by connecting the probes to the soil vapor extraction system at the Site with two-inch diameter PVC pipe. These wells have been used as extraction wells during system operation since 6 July 2000. On 8 March 2001, vapor monitoring probe VMP-1 was converted to an extraction well by connecting the probe to the soil vapor extraction system at the Site with a two-inch diameter hose. This well has been used as an extraction well during system operation since 8 March 2001.

Soil Vapor Extraction Wells: The four shallow vadose zone SVE wells (see locations SVE-1, SVE-2, SVE-3, and VMP-1 on Figure 7) are constructed with two-inch diameter PVC casing. Wells SVE-1, SVE-3, and VMP-1 have slotted screen from approximately 19 to 25 ft bgs, and have total depths of approximately 25 ft bgs. Well SVE-2 has slotted screen from approximately 18 to 24 ft bgs, and has a total depth of approximately 24 ft bgs.

The three deep vadose zone SVE wells are wells SVE-D1, VMP-D1, and VMP-D2. Well SVE-D1 is constructed with four-inch diameter PVC casing with slotted screen from approximately 30 to 40 ft bgs, and has a total depth of approximately 44 ft bgs. Deep vadose zone SVE wells VMP-D1 and VMP-D2 are constructed in the same boreholes with shallow vadose zone SVE wells SVE-2 and SVE-3, respectively, and are constructed with 2-inch diameter PVC casing. Well VMP-D1 has slotted screen from approximately 30 to 40 ft bgs, and has a total depth of approximately 43 ft bgs. Well VMP-D2 has slotted screen from approximately 31 to 41 ft bgs, and has a total depth of approximately 44 ft bgs.

Soil Vapor Monitoring Probes: The shallow vadose zone vapor monitoring probe (see location VMP-2 on Figure 7) is constructed with two-inch diameter PVC casing with slotted screen from approximately 19 to 25 ft bgs, and has a total depth of approximately 25 ft bgs.

3.1.2. Soil Vapor Extraction and Treatment System

Installation of the SVE system was completed at the Site during March 2000. Soil vapors from the extraction wells are passed through a condensate knock-out vessel and through a 200 cubic feet per minute ("cfm") blower (see Figure 8). The soil vapors are then passed through a heat exchanger and two 1,000-pound granular activated carbon ("GAC") vessels in series, with the treated vapors exhausted to the atmosphere under permit of the South Coast Air Quality Management District ("SCAQMD"). Valves on piping from each well and an ambient air inlet valve located ahead of the knockout vessel allow regulation of air extracted from the wells. PVC pipe and fittings are used throughout the system. Electrical power to the system is metered, and the system is enclosed in a fenced area.

Vacuum gauges, a hand-held flow meter, and sampling ports are used to monitor each of the vapor extraction wells. Vacuum is measured in inches of water column ("in-wc"), vapor flow rate is measured in actual cubic feet per minute ("acfm"), and concentrations of VOCs are measured in parts per million by volume ("ppmv"). Sampling ports were installed at each of the vapor wells and probes and several locations in the SVE system for monitoring of VOC concentrations.

3.2. Operation and Monitoring of the SVE System

3.2.1. System Operation

The SVE system began operating on 16 March 2000. Throughout this reporting period (i.e., January through March 2001), wells SVE-1, SVE-2, SVE-3, SVE-D1, VMP-D1, and VMP-D2 were used as vapor extraction wells. Well VMP-1 has been used as an extraction well since 8 March 2001. Operation and maintenance of the SVE system is performed by Drewelow.

The SVE system was shut down on 4 January 2001 following a static vapor sampling event (see EKI, 5 February 2001). The system was restarted on 19 February 2001 and was in operation through the remainder of the reporting period.

3.2.2. System Monitoring

The following parameters have been monitored during operation of the SVE system: vapor flow rate from the extraction wells; total vapor flow rate; vacuum (pressure) at the extraction wells and monitoring points; blower influent flow rate and vacuum; blower discharge flow rate, pressure, and temperature; and VOC concentrations in the extracted soil vapor. The water level in the knockout tank is also monitored. No water had been observed in the knockout tank prior to a system shutdown on 21 June 2000. However, during this reporting period, water was observed in the piping of extraction well SVE-2 and the inlet manifold to the system blower. Approximately 200 gallons of water were removed from the SVE system

2001-Q1 Report - final.doc EKI 991103.01 6

04/30/2001

during this reporting period. The water is stored in 55-gallon drums and transported offsite for disposal and/or treatment.

Monitoring data collected at the inlet to the system blower prior to dilution with ambient air are presented in Table 4a and Figure 9a. Monitoring data collected at individual soil vapor extraction wells are presented in Tables 4b through 4h and Figures 9b through 9h. Field monitoring data for the soil vapor monitoring probes are presented in Table 5.

On 29 March 2001, flow rates in the four shallow zone extraction wells (SVE-1, SVE-2, SVE-3, and VMP-1) ranged from 2.3 to 2.7 acfm. The flow rates in the three deep zone extraction wells (SVE-D1, VMP-D1, and VMP-D2) ranged from 19 to 21 acfm at the end of the reporting period.

3.2.3. Soil Vapor Field Monitoring

Total VOC concentrations in soil vapor samples were also periodically monitored with an organic vapor meter, which utilizes a photoionization detector ("PID") to measure total concentrations of VOCs. The PID does not distinguish between individual compounds; but measures the total concentration of VOCs in samples of vapor. Samples of soil vapor were collected in Tedlar bags for the PID analyses. The PID was calibrated with 100 ppmv of isobutylene. PID readings from soil vapor samples collected at the system blower, the extraction wells, and the vapor monitoring probes are presented in Tables 4a through 4h and in Table 5. These data are plotted as a function of time on Figures 9a through 9h. The PID readings suggest that total VOC concentrations in the blower influent and each of the vapor wells decreased during this reporting period.

3.2.4. Estimated Removal of VOCs

As no samples of soil vapor were collected for laboratory analysis during this reporting period, no estimates of VOC mass removal by the SVE system have been attempted for this reporting period. Based on measurements made at the blower influent and laboratory analytical data, it was estimated that a total of 133 pounds of VOCs, including 108 pounds of TCE, had been extracted from soil at the Site as of 14 December 2000 (see Table 4a and EKI, 5 February 2001). Given that the PID readings for vapor samples collected from the SVE system during this reporting period were generally lower than previous measurements, it appears likely that less than 10 pounds of VOCs were extracted from soil at the Site during this reporting period (see Table 4a).

3.2.5. SCAQMD Compliance Monitoring

During this reporting period, the effluent of the treatment system was monitored with a PID on a weekly basis to demonstrate conformance with the limitations of the SCAQMD permit for the system. For treatment system monitoring, the PID was calibrated with 50 ppmv of hexane.

04/30/2001

The vapor treatment components of the SVE system at the Site are owned by Drewelow, and the SCAQMD permit is held by Drewelow. Drewelow reports that effluent concentrations measured by the PID have been within the discharge limitations of the SCAQMD permit throughout the operation of the SVE system.

4. PLANNED ACTIVITIES FOR NEXT QUARTER

During the next quarter, the depth to groundwater in the monitoring wells at the Site will continue to be measured on a monthly basis. Samples of groundwater will be collected from each of the groundwater monitoring wells at the Site during June 2001. These samples will be analyzed for VOCs using EPA Method 8260B and for CCR Metals using EPA Methods 206.2, 200.7, 218.4, and 245.1.

Webb will continue to operate the SVE system at the Site during the next quarter. Flow rates, vacuum, and PID readings will be monitored at the extraction wells on a weekly basis during operation of the SVE system.

9

5. SUMMARY

Gauging of the depth to the groundwater table was performed at the groundwater monitoring wells at the Site on 4 January, 22 February, and 8 March 2001. On the basis of these measurements, the predominant direction of groundwater flow appears to be toward the south-southeast under both the Webb and Reliable Steel properties. This estimated direction of groundwater flow is consistent with previous groundwater monitoring at the Site.

The only VOCs detected in the samples of groundwater collected at the Site on 8 March 2001 were TCE, c-1,2-DCE, 1,1-DCE, and toluene. Consistent with previous results, TCE was the chemical of concern detected with the greatest frequency (five of six samples) and at the highest concentration (23,000 ug/L in well MW-1). The concentrations of TCE, c-1,2-DCE, and 1,1-DCE detected in samples of the groundwater collected at the Site during March 2000 were within the ranges of concentrations detected during previous monitoring at the Site. The only detection of toluene (140 ug/L) was in the sample of groundwater collected from well MW-5. No VOCs were detected in the sample of groundwater collected from downgradient monitoring well MW-4.

As requested by the RWQCB in its meeting with Webb on 8 February 2001, the samples of groundwater collected at the Site during March 2001 were analyzed for CCR metals. Arsenic (5.6 to 320 ug/L), barium(19 to 150 ug/L), molybdenum (<50 to 1,100 ug/L), and zinc (12 to 25 ug/L) were the only metals detected in the samples of groundwater collected at the Site on 8 March 2001 (see Table 3). No other metals, including chromium, were detected in the samples of groundwater collected from the monitoring wells at the Site.

The SVE system at the Site has operated continuously since the restart of the system on 19 February 2001. PID readings from soil vapor samples collected at the extraction wells and vapor monitoring probes suggest that total VOC concentrations in the blower influent and each of the vapor wells decreased during this reporting period.

TABLE 4a Soil Vapor Extraction Data: Blower Influent

Quarterly Progress Report for January through March 2001

Jervis B. Webb Company of California, 5030 Firestone Boulevard, South Gate, California

		Elapsed		Fle	ow		Total	TCE	ŀ	nated emoval		ulative N Remova	
Date	Time	Time on Hour Meter (hrs)	Operation Time	(acfm)	(scfm)	Vacuum (in-wc)	VOCs by PID (ppmv)	Conc. by Lab (ppmv)	TCE (lb/day)	Total VOCs (lb/day)	TCE (lbs)	Total VOCs (lbs)	Notes
	System	startup o	on 3/16/00 a	t 16:00.			<u> </u>						
3/16/00	16:45	5.6	0%	4.5	4.1	35	2,000+	860	1.8	1.9	0	0	
3/17/00	7:00	20	100%	5.2	4.7	37	94	-	1				
3/18/00	6:30	45	100%	5.4	4.9	38	128	-	ļ				
	System	n shut dov	wn on 3/18/0	00 at 9:4	40. Sys	tem resta	rted on	3/19/00 a	t 6:30.				
3/19/00	6:30	48	13%	6.1	5.53	38	103	-			1		
3/20/00	6:30	72	100%	8.6	7.7	43	145	-					
3/21/00	7:00	96	100%	4.8	4.1	60	745	-	,				,
3/22/00	7:30	121	100%	11	10	15	173	490	2.5	2.6	10	11	4A
3/30/00	11:00	316	100%	20	18	45	39	-			į		
4/6/00	11:00	483	100%	25	17	125	42] -	ļ				
4/13/00	8:00	648	100%	21	13	150	42	70	0.45	0.51	43	45	4A
4/20/00	7:30	815	100%	21	13	145	43	-			Į		
4/27/00	7:00	983	100%	16	10	150	30	-			Ì		
5/4/00	8:30	1,152	100%	16	10	150	20	-	1		1		
5/11/00	6:30	1,318	100%	14	9.0	150	20	-	1				
5/18/00	7:00	1,486	100%	19	12	150	38	53	0.32	0.34	56	60	4A
		•		28	18	150	38	-	0.47	0.50	-	-	
5/25/00	6:30	1,654	100%	18	12	150	19	-			ļ		
6/1/00	6:30	1,822	100%	18	11	150	34	-					
6/8/00	7:00	1,990	100%	26	16	155	27	-	Ì				
6/15/00	7:30	2,158	100%	26	16	150	28	-	1				
			wn on 6/21	/00 at 1	7:30. S	ystem res	tarted o	n 7/6/00	at 10:00		1		
7/6/00	10:23		30%	142	97	130	20	37	1.8	2.1	72	77	4B
7/13/00			102%	122	79	145	23	18	0.70	1.0	81	88	4A
7/20/00		· ·	100%	115	73	150	15	-	}		· [
1720/00			own on 7/26	1	:30. Sy	stem rest	arted on	7/27/00	at 6:00.		ļ		
7/27/00	-			75	49	1 140	14	-	1				
8/3/00		•		75	49	140	15	-			ļ		
8/8/00		•		77	50	140	15	-					
0,0,00			own on 8/15		1:30. S	vstem res	tarted o	n 8/21/0	0 at 10:3	30.			
0/04/00	_		_	76			27		-				
8/24/00			own on 8/30			ı			o at 9:00).			
0/04/00				64	45		36	1 -	ľ				
8/31/00	9:00	3,471	88%_	04	40	120							

Erler & Kalinowski, Inc.

TABLE 4a

Soil Vapor Extraction Data: Blower Influent

Quarterly Progress Report for January through March 2001

Jervis B. Webb Company of California, 5030 Firestone Boulevard, South Gate, California

		Elapsed		Fic	ow		Total	TCE	Estin VOC R	ı		ulative N Removal	
Date	Time	Time on Hour Meter (hrs)	Operation Time	(acfm)	(scfm)	Vacuum (in-wc)	VOCs by PID (ppmv)	Conc. by Lab (ppmv)	TCE (lb/day)	Total VOCs (lb/day)	TCE (lbs)	Total VOCs (lbs)	Notes
	System	shut dov	vn on 9/6/00	at 15:0	0. Sys	tem restar	ted on 9	9/7/00.					
9/7/00	10:30	3,621	88%	66	46	125	9.7	-	· .				
9/14/00	9:00	3,788	100%	66	43	140	13	5.6	0.12	0.29	104	124	4A
	System	shut dov	vn on 9/14/0	00 for re	bound	test.							
9/28/00	11:24	3,788	0%	-	-	120	42	54	-	-	-	-	
	System	shut dov	wn on 9/28/0	00 at 12	:00. Sy	stem resta	arted on	10/1/00	at 6:30.	ļ			
10/1/00	6:30	3,791	4%	-	-	-	-	-					
	System	shut dov	wn on 10/1/0	00 at 10	:30. Sy	stem rest	arted on	10/5/00	at 7:30.	`			
10/5/00	7:30	3,795	4%	73	52	120	296	-					
10/12/00	8:00	3,964	100%	74	52	120	39	-					
10/19/00	8:00	4,132	100%	72	51	120	39	-	1			400	4.6
10/26/00		4,301	100%	75	54	115	18	2.3	0.061	0.15	106	128	4A
	Systen	shut do	wn on 10/31	/00 at 9	:20. Sy		arted or	11/2/00	at 8:00.				
11/2/00	8:00	4,422	72%	-	-	140	17	-					
į	Systen	n shut do	wn on 11/2/	00 at 19	:00. Sy	stem rest	arted or	11/9/00	at 7:30.				
11/9/00	7:30	4,433	7%	-	-	140	397	-			ļ		
	System	n shut do	wn on 11/9/	00 at 15	5:30. Sy	stem rest	arted or	า 11/16/0	0 at 10:0	Ю.			
11/16/00	10:00	4,441	5%	-	-	140	144	1 -					
ļ	Systen	n shut do	wn on 11/17	7/00 at 1	2:00. 5	System re:	started o	on 11/23/	00 at 7:3	30.			
11/23/00	-	4,443	1%	-	-	140	152	-	-				
11/30/00		4,611	100%	-	-	140	121	-			Ì		
	Syster	n shut do	wn on 12/6/	00 at 2	1:00. Sy	ystem rest	tarted o	n 12/7/00	at 8:00.		į		
12/7/00	8:00	4,768	93%	-	-	140	107	-			100	400	4.8
12/14/00			100%	57	38	140	6.2	6.7	0.13	0.23	108	133	4A
	Syster	n shut do	wn on 12/1	4/00 for	reboun			ļ					
1/4/01	11:37	4,940	0%	170	111	140	44	30					

TABLE 4a

Soil Vapor Extraction Data: Blower Influent

Quarterly Progress Report for January through March 2001

Jervis B. Webb Company of California, 5030 Firestone Boulevard, South Gate, California

		Elapsed Time on		Fle	DW		Total	TCE	Estimated VOC Removal		ulative N Removal	
Date	Time	Hour Meter (hrs)	Operation Time	(acfm)	(scfm)	Vacuum (in-wc)	VOCs by PID (ppmv)	_	TCE Total VOCs (lb/day)	TCE (lbs)	Total VOCs (lbs)	Notes
	System	shut dow	vn on 1/4/01	i. Syste	em resta	arted on 2	/19/01 at	t 15:45.				
2/19/01	15:45	4,940	0%	-	-	140	42	-				
2/22/01	17:00	5,016	100%	-	-	140	37	-				
3/1/01	12:45	5,180	100%	-	-	140	29	-				
3/8/01	7:30	5,343	100%	-	-	145	48	-				
3/15/01	13:00	5,516	100%	-	-	145	8.5	-	:			
3/22/01	13:00	5,682	100%	-	-	145	7.8	-				
3/29/01	14:30	5,854	100%		-	140	8.5	-		Ļ <u>-</u>	-	-

NOTES:

TCE = trichloroethene acfm = actual cubic feet per minute

°F = degrees Fahrenheit

hrs = hours

in-wc = inches of water column

lb/day = pounds per day

lbs = pounds

PID = photoionization detector

ppmv = parts per million by volume

scfm = standard cubic feet per minute

tr = trace (concentration detected at less than reporting limit)

VOCs = volatile organic compounds

- = no measurement

< = not detected at indicated method detection limit

- 1. PID calibrated with 100 ppmv of isobutylene.
- 2. Laboratory analyses were performed by Performance Analytical, Inc. in Simi Valley, California using EPA Method TO-14A.
- 3. Removal rates are calculated using analyte concentrations from laboratory analyses and the measured flow rate (converted from acfm to scfm using the measured vacuum).
- 4. Cumulative mass removal amounts are calculated as follows (see Notes column in table):
 - A: Mass removal calculated using an average of the previous and current mass removal rates.
 - B: Mass removal calculated using the previous mass removal rate.
- 5. On days for which two flow and vacuum readings are provided, the values indicate initial and final readings during the site visit.
- 6. Although not shown on this table, mass removal rates were calculated for each VOC detected in the samples of undiluted blower influent. The total VOC mass removal rate presented in this table is the sum of the undiluted mass removal rates calculated for each VOC that was detected.

TABLE 4b Soil Vapor Extraction Data: Extraction Well SVE-1

Quarterly Progress Report for January through March 2001

Jervis B. Webb Company of California, 5030 Firestone Boulevard, South Gate, California

		Elapsed	Flo	ow .		Total	TCE		ed VOC al Rates		ulative l Remova	
Date	Time	Time on Hour Meter (hrs)	(acfm)	(scfm)	Vacuum (in-wc)	VOCs by PID (ppmv)	Conc. by Lab (ppmv)	TCE (lb/day)	Total VOCs (lb/day)	TCE (lbs)	Total VOCs (lbs)	Notes
	Static va	por samp	le colle	cted on	3/16/00.							
3/16/00	9:25	5.6	0.04	0.04	.	865	10,000	0.18	0.19	0	0	
		startup or	່ າ 3/16/00	at 16:0	0.					}		
3/17/00	7:00	20	0.04	0.04	37	191	-					
3/18/00	6:30	45	0.06	0.05	38	195	-			ļ		
					1 9:40. Svst	_' tem resta	rted on 3	/19/00 at 6	:30.			
	-	48	0.70	0:63	38	2,000+	l - '	l			•	
3/19/00	6:30	40 72	0.70	0.56	43	2,000+	1 -			1		
3/20/00	6:30	96	0.61	0.52	60	2,000+	-			1		
3/21/00	7:00 7:30	121	0.58	0.56	15	2,000+	10,000	2.8	2.9	7.1	7.3	4A
3/22/00	11:00	316	0.87	0.79	38	1,799	-	l		\		
3/30/00 4/6/00	11:00	483	0.45	0.31	125	719	_	}				
4/13/00	8:00	648	0.85	0.54	150	716	6,500	1.7	1.8	57	58	4A
4/20/00	7:30	815	0.70	0.45	145	868	'-					
4/27/00	7:00	983	0.87	0.55	150	915	-			Ì		
5/4/00	8:30	1,152	0.89	0.56	150	1,427	-			Ì		
5/11/00	6:30	1,318	0.92	0.58	150	2,000+	-					
5/18/00	7:00	1,486	1.1	0.68	150	276	3,700	1.2	1.3	109	112	4A
0, , 0, 0 0		•	1.1	0.69	150	276	-	1.3	1.3	-	-	
5/25/00	6:30	1,654	1.3	0.84	150	146	-					
6/1/00	6:30	1,822	0.65	0.41	150	128	-	1		1		
6/8/00	7:00	1,990	0.67	0.41	155	112	-					
6/15/00	7:30	2,158	0.65	0.41	150	105	-	}				
	System	shut dow	n on 6/2	21/00 at	17:30. St	atic vapo	r sample	collected	on 7/6/00.			
7/6/00	9:49	2,312		0.89		1,582	3,300	-	-	-	-	
.,,,,,,		restarted		00 at 10	:00.							
7/13/00	_			0.84		2,000+	2,200	0.92	0.95	154	159	4.4
7/13/00		2,403	1.3	0.83	1	154	-					
1,20,00					,	1	arted on	7/27/00 at	6:00.			
7/07/00		2,791		1.3		77	1 -	1		1		
7/27/00	6:00 8:00	2,791	2.0	1.4	l l	89	-	-				
8/3/00 8/8/00	14:30		1	1.4	140	92	-			- [
0/0/00	14.50	n shut doy	~·'				tarted o	n 8/21/00 a	t 10:30.			

TABLE 4b

Soil Vapor Extraction Data: Extraction Well SVE-1

Quarterly Progress Report for January through March 2001 Jervis B. Webb Company of California, 5030 Firestone Boulevard, South Gate, California

		Elapsed	Flo	ow .				1	ed VOC	i	ulative I Remova	_
Date	Time	Time on Hour Meter (hrs)	(acfm)	(scfm)	Vacuum (in-wc)	Total VOCs by PID (ppmv)	TCE Conc. by Lab (ppmv)	TCE (lb/day)	Total VOCs (lb/day)	TCE (lbs)	Total VOCs (lbs)	Notes
8/24/00	12:30	3,326	2.3	1.5	140	622	-				· · · · · ·	
	System	shut dow	n on 8/3	0/00 at 1	3:30. Sys	stem rest	arted on	8/31/00 at	9:00.			
8/31/00	9:00	3,471	0.96	0.68	120	1,820	-					
	System	shut dow	n on 9/6	/00 at 15	5:00. Syst	tem resta	rted on 9	<i>1</i> 7/00.				
9/7/00	10:30	3,621	1.1	0.78	125	62	-			400	400	4.6
9/14/00	9:00	3,788	1.6	1.0	140	76	300	0.15	0.16	183	189	4A
	System	shut dow	n on 9/1	4/00 for				sample co	illected on	9/28/00	•	
9/28/00	11:07	3,788		1.1	•	2,000+	•	-	-	-	-	
	System	shut dow	n on 9/2	8/00 at	12:00. Sy	stem rest	tarted on	10/1/00 at	6:30.			
10/1/00	6:30	3,791		-	-	-	-					
	System	shut dow	n on 10	1/00 at	10:30. Sy	stem res	tarted on	10/5/00 at	7:30.			
10/5/00	7:30	3,795	2.3	1.6	120	2,000+	-					
10/12/00		3,964	2.4	1.7	120	1,687	-	1				
10/19/00		4,132	2.4	1.7 1.7	120 115	651 385	140	0.12	0.12	186	192	4A
10/26/00		4,301	2.4			i .	l .	1	•			
	•		_				laiteu on	11/2/00 at				
11/2/00			3.6	2.4			- terted on	 11/0/00 at	7.30			
	•		_					11/9/00 at	. 7.50.			
11/9/00			2.5		140	•	•	 44/46/00 4	st 10·00			
	_							11/16/00 a	at 10.00.			
11/16/00	10:00	4,441		1.7	I	2,000+	•	 44/22/00	at 7:20			
	System	n shut dov	vn on 11	/17/00 a	t 12:00. S	system re	estarted o	n 11/23/00	at 1.30.	Ì		
11/23/00					140	2,000+	· -			ł		
11/30/00	7:30	4,611	12.4	8.1	140	748	l "	 12/7/00 e	+ 8·00			
	-				-	_	starteu or 	n 12/7/00 a'		1		
12/7/00		•		5.4	140	111 43	260	0.21	0.22	191	197	4A
12/14/00				1.6	140	i	200	0.21	J.L_			
	-	n shut dov				515	350	_	_	-	-	
1/4/01	11:02	4,940	2.3	1.6	120	1 515	1 330					

TABLE 4b

Soil Vapor Extraction Data: Extraction Well SVE-1

Quarterly Progress Report for January through March 2001

Jervis B. Webb Company of California, 5030 Firestone Boulevard, South Gate, California

		Elapsed Time on	Flow			Total TCE				Cumulative Mass Removal			
Date	Time	Time on Hour Meter (hrs)	(acfm)	(scfm)	Vacuum (in-wc)	VOCs by PID (ppmv)	Conc. by Lab (ppmv)	TCE (lb/day)	Total VOCs (lb/day)	TCE (ibs)	Total VOCs (lbs)	Notes	
	System	shut dow	n on 1/4	/01. Sys	tem resta	arted on 2	2/19/01 at	15:45.					
2/19/01	15:45	4,940	2.5	1.6	140	875	-						
2/22/01	17:00	5,016	2.6	1.7	140	801	-			1			
3/1/01	12:45	5,180	2.5	1.7	140	1,505	-			i			
3/8/01	7:30	5,343	2.5	1.6	145	79	-						
3/15/01	13:00	5,516	2.5	1.6	145	37	-						
3/22/01	13:00	5,682	2.6	1.6	145	53] -						
3/29/01	14:30	` 5,854	2.3	1.6	130	38	<u> </u>						

NOTES:

TCE = trichloroethene acfm = actual cubic feet per minute °F = degrees Fahrenheit hrs = hours in-wc = inches of water column lb/day = pounds per day lbs = pounds

PID = photoionization detector ppmv = parts per million by volume scfm = standard cubic feet per minute tr = trace (concentration detected at less than reporting limit) VOCs = volatile organic compounds - = no measurement < = not detected at indicated method detection limit

- 1. PID calibrated with 100 ppmv of isobutylene.
- 2. Laboratory analyses were performed by Performance Analytical, Inc. in Simi Valley, California using EPA Method TO-14A.
- 3. Removal rates are calculated using analyte concentrations from laboratory analyses and the measured flow rate (converted from acfm to scfm using the measured vacuum).
- 4. Cumulative mass removal amounts are calculated as follows:
 - A: Mass removal calculated using an average of the previous and current mass removal rates.
- 5. On days for which two flow and vacuum readings are provided, the values indicate initial and final readings during the site visit.
- 6. Although not shown on this table, mass removal rates were calculated for each VOC detected in the samples collected from well SVE-1. The total VOC mass removal rate presented in this table is the sum of the mass removal rates calculated for each VOC that was detected.
- 7. Extraction well SVE-1 is screened in the shallow vadose zone from 19 to 25 feet below ground surface.

TABLE 4c

Soil Vapor Extraction Data: Extraction Well SVE-2

Quarterly Progress Report for January through March 2001

Jervis B. Webb Company of California, 5030 Firestone Boulevard, South Gate, California

		Elapsed	Flo	ow		Total	TCE		ted VOC al Rates	ł	ulative i Remova	
Date	Time	Time on Hour Meter (hrs)	(acfm)	(scfm)	Vacuum (in-wc)	VOCs by PID (ppmv)	Conc. by Lab (ppmv)	TCE (lb/day)	Total VOCs (lb/day)	TCE (lbs)	Total VOCs (lbs)	Notes
	Static va	por samp	le colle	cted on	3/16/00.							
3/16/00	10:10	5.6	0.61	0.56	35	227	75	0.021	0.021	0	0	
		Startup oi	n 3/16/00	at 16:0	o.							
3/17/00	7:00	20.3	0.61	0.55	37	191	_					
3/17/00	6:30	44.7	0.61	0.55	38	33				}		
1			ŀ):40. Svst	tem resta	rted on 3	/19/00 at 6	:30.	1		
	6:30	47.9	0.65	0.59	38	. 298	1 -	1				
3/19/00	6:30	47.9 72.2	0.05	0.84	43	235	_		•			,
3/20/00	7:00	96.3	0.89	0.76	60	227	_					
3/22/00	7:30	120.5	0.57	0.55	15	93	l -			ļ		
3/30/00	11:00	316	0.59	0.53	38	78	-					
4/6/00	11:00	483	0.74	0.51	125	38	-					
4/13/00	8:00	648	2.5	1.6	150	26	_					
4/20/00	7:30	815	1.1	0.71	145	5.4	-			ł		
4/27/00	7:00	983	2.4	1.5	150	2.7	-			1		
5/4/00	8:30	1,152	2.3	1.5	150	5.8	-					
5/11/00	6:30	1,318	2.2	1.4	150	5.2	-			1		
5/18/00	7:00	1,486	2.2	1.4	150	13	-			1		
		·	2.0	1.3	150	13	-	ļ				
5/25/00	6:30	1,654	2.1	1.3	150	6.8	-					
6/1/00	6:30	1,822	2.1	1.3	150	28	-			1		
6/8/00	7:00	1,990	2.1	1.3	155	42	-					
6/15/00	7:30	2,158	2.1	1.3	150	38	-					
	System	shut dow	n on 6/2	1/00 at	17:30. Sta	atic vapo	r sample	collected	on 7/6/00.			
7/6/00	9:25	2,312	1.2	0.83	130	37	120	0.050	0.054	3.4	3.6	4A
		restarted	1		•							
7/13/00	12:00	2,485	1.3	0.80	145	6.8	_					
7/20/00	7:30	2,465 2,648	1.3	0.80	150	27	-			1		
1/20/00					•	1	ा arted on i	' 7/27/00 at (6:00.			
	•											
7/27/00	6:00	2,791	1.6	1.1	140 140	18 17						
8/3/00	7:30	2,961	1.6	1.0 1.0	140	14] -			1		
8/8/00	14:30	3,086	1.6		1		i torted ex	 9/24/00 ~4	10.30			
	-						iari u u on T	8/21/00 at	. 10.50.			
8/24/00	12:30	3,326	1.9	1.2	140	1.7	<u> </u>		,			

Erler & Kalinowski, Inc.

TABLE 4c

Soil Vapor Extraction Data: Extraction Well SVE-2

Quarterly Progress Report for January through March 2001

Jervis B. Webb Company of California, 5030 Firestone Boulevard, South Gate, California

			p. 1					Estimat	ed VOC	Cum	ulative l	Mass
		Elapsed	FIG	w		Total	TCE	Remova	al Rates		Remova	l
Date	Time	Time on Hour Meter (hrs)	(acfm)	(scfm)	Vacuum (in-wc)	VOCs by PID (ppmv)	Conc. by Lab (ppmv)	TCE (lb/day)	Total VOCs (lb/day)	TCE (lbs)	Total VOCs (lbs)	Notes
	System	shut dow	n on 8/3	0/00 at 1	3:30. Sys	stem rest	arted on	8/31/00 at	9:00.			
8/31/00	9:00	3,471		1.1	120	22	-					
	System	shut dow	•	/00 at 15	:00. Syst	em resta	rted on 9	/7/00.		i		
9/7/00	10:30	3,621	1.6	1.1	125	16	-					
9/14/00	9:00	3,788	1.6	1.1	140	20	77	0.041	0.042	6.2	6.5	4A
	System	shut dow	n on 9/1	4/00 for	rebound	test. Sta	tic vapor	sample co	llected on	9/28/00.	•	
9/28/00	10:50	3,788	. 1.4	1.0	120	61,	110	-	- ,	-	-	
	System	shut dow	n on 9/2	8/00 at 1	12:00. Sy	stem res	tarted on	10/1/00 at	6:30.			
10/1/00	6:30	3,791	-	-	-	-	-			-		
	System	shut dow	n on 10/	1/00 at	10:30. Sy	stem res	tarted on	10/5/00 at	7:30.			
10/5/00	7:30	3,795	1.9	1.4	120	9.7	-					
10/12/00	8:00	3,964	1.9	1.4	120	97	-	-				
10/19/00	8:00	4,132	1.9	1.3	120	33	-					
10/26/00		4,301	2.1	1.5	115	28	-			ļ		
	System	shut dow	n on 10	/31/00 at			tarted on	11/2/00 at	8:00.			
11/2/00		4,422	,	-	140	6.0	-	ļ		Ì.		
1	System	shut dow	n on 11.	/2/00 at	19:00. Sy	stem res	tarted on	11/9/00 at	7:30.			
11/9/00		4,433		-	140	8.2	-			1		
	System	shut dow	n on 11	/9/00 at	15:30. Sy	stem res	tarted on	11/16/00 a	t 10:00.			
11/16/00	10:00	4,441	-	-	140	810	-					
	System	shut dow	n on 11	/17/00 a	t 12:00. S	system re	started o	n 11/23/00	at 7:30.	ł		
11/23/00	7:30	4,443	-	-	140	7.5	-					
11/30/00		4,611	-	-	140	5.3	-					
	System	shut dow	n on 12	/6/00 at	21:00. Sy		tarted on	12/7/00 at	8:00.			
12/7/00	8:00	4,768	-	-	140	40	-					4.4
12/14/00		4,940	2.9	1.9	140	9.7	29	0.027	0.029	7.8	8.2	4A
	System	shut dow	/n on 12	/14/00 fe	or reboun							
1/4/01	10:20	4,940	1.9	1.3	120	25	34		-	<u> </u>	- -	

TABLE 4c

Soil Vapor Extraction Data: Extraction Well SVE-2

Quarterly Progress Report for January through March 2001

Jervis B. Webb Company of California, 5030 Firestone Boulevard, South Gate, California

		Elapsed	Fk	ow w		Total	TOE		ted VOC al Rates		ulative l Remova	
Date	Time	Time on Hour Meter (hrs)	(acfm)	(scfm)	Vacuum (in-wc)	Total VOCs by PID (ppmv)	TCE Conc. by Lab (ppmv)	TCE (lb/day)	Total VOCs (lb/day)	TCE (lbs)	Total VOCs (lbs)	Notes
	System	shut dow	on 1/4/	01. Sys	stem resta	rted on 2	2/19/01 at	15:45.				
2/19/01	15:45	4,940	_	-	140	38	-					
2/22/01	17:00	5,016	-	-	140	46	-					
3/1/01	12:45	5,180	-	-	140	61	-					
3/8/01	7:30	5,343	_	-	145	33	 -	<u> </u>				
3/15/01	13:00	5,516	-	-	145	5.8	-					
3/22/01	13:00	5,682	-	-	145	3.7	-					
3/29/01	14:30	5,854	- ,	-	140	7.5	, -	-	-	, <u>-</u>	-	

NOTES:

TCE = trichloroethene

acfm = actual cubic feet per minute

°F = degrees Fahrenheit

hrs = hours

in-wc = inches of water column

lb/day = pounds per day

lbs = pounds

PID = photoionization detector

ppmv = parts per million by volume

scfm = standard cubic feet per minute

tr = trace (concentration detected at less than reporting limit)

VOCs = volatile organic compounds

- = no measurement

< = not detected at indicated method detection limit

- 1. PID calibrated with 100 ppmv of isobutylene.
- 2. Laboratory analyses were performed by Performance Analytical, Inc. in Simi Valley, California using EPA Method TO-14A.
- 3. Removal rates are calculated using analyte concentrations from laboratory analyses and the measured flow rate (converted from acfm to scfm using the measured vacuum).
- 4. Cumulative mass removal amounts are calculated as follows:
 - A: Mass removal calculated using an average of the previous and current mass removal rates.
- 5. On days for which two flow and vacuum readings are provided, the values indicate initial and final readings during the site visit.
- 6. Although not shown on this table, mass removal rates were calculated for each VOC detected in the samples collected from well SVE-2. The total VOC mass removal rate presented in this table is the sum of the mass removal rates calculated for each VOC that was detected.
- 7. Extraction well SVE-2 is screened in the shallow vadose zone from 18 to 24 feet below ground surface.

TABLE 4d

Soil Vapor Extraction Data: Extraction Well SVE-3

Quarterly Progress Report for January through March 2001

Jervis B. Webb Company of California, 5030 Firestone Boulevard, South Gate, California

		Elapsed	Fle	ow		Total	TCE		ed VOC al Rates		ulative Remova	
Date	Time	Time on Hour Meter (hrs)	(acfm)	(scfm)	Vacuum (in-wc)	VOCs by PID (ppmv)	Conc. by Lab (ppmv)	TCE (lb/day)	Total VOCs (lb/day)	TCE (lbs)	Total VOCs (lbs)	Notes
	Static va	por samp	le colle	cted on	3/16/00.							
3/16/00	9:57	5.6	0.41	0.37	35	31	25	0.0047	0.0054	0	0	
	System	Startup o	n 3/16/00	at 16:0	0.							
3/17/00	7:00	20.3	0.98	0.89	37	6.1	-			1		
3/18/00	6:30	44.7	0.98	0.89	38	8.3	-	 				
			į.		:40. Svst	em resta	rted on 3	/19/00 at 6:	30.	1		
3/19/00	6:30	47.9	0.98	0.89	38	45	1	I				
3/20/00	6:30	72.2	0.98	0.88	43	7.4	-	İ				
3/21/00	7:00	96.3	1.0	0.85	60	11	-					
3/21/00	7:30	120.5	0.95	0.91	15	10	-			Ì		
3/30/00	11:00	316.0	0.76	0.69	38	29	1 -			1		
4/6/00	11:00	483.0	1.6	1.1	125	25	-			1		
4/13/00	8:00	648.0	2.1	1.3	150	22	-	1				
4/20/00	7:30	815.0	1.7	1.1	145	6.8	_					
4/27/00	7:00	983.0	1.2	0.78	150	4.3	-					
5/4/00	8:30	1,152.0	1	0.98	150	2.8	-					
5/11/00	6:30	1,318.0	1	1.0	150	2.2	-			1		
5/18/00	7:00	1,486.0	1	0.98	150	9.0	-	1		1		
0,10,00	7.00	.,	1.6	0.98	150	9.0	-	1				
5/25/00	6:30	1,654.0	i	0.99	150	4.2	-	1				
6/1/00	6:30	1,822.0	1	0.95	150	7.5	-					
6/8/00	7:00	1,990.0		0.88	155	5.2	-					
6/15/00	7:30	2,158.0		0.90	150	4.9	-	į		İ		
				21/00 at	17:30. Sta	atic vapo	r sample	collected	on 7/6/00.	ļ		
7/6/00	8:46	2,312	2.3	1.5	130	7.3	7.4	0.0057	0.0095	0.50	0.71	4A
1,70,00		restarted	*		,							
7/40/00	=			1.5	145	3.5	-					
7/13/00	12:00	•	2.3	1.4	150	4.1	1 -					
7/20/00		2,648				ı	l arted on '	ี । 7/27/00 at ย	6:00.			
1							arted OII	7/27/00 at (
7/27/00		2,791		1.3	140	5.1	-	1				
8/3/00	8:00	2,961	1.9	1.2	140	2.2						
8/8/00	14:30	2,961	1.9	1.3	140	2.3	1 -	 	40.20			
	System	shut dov	vn on 8/				started or	8/21/00 at	10.30.	1		
8/24/00	12:30	3,326	2.0	1.3	140	1.9	<u> </u>					

TABLE 4d

Soil Vapor Extraction Data: Extraction Well SVE-3

Quarterly Progress Report for January through March 2001

Jervis B. Webb Company of California, 5030 Firestone Boulevard, South Gate, California

Date		Elapsed Time on Hour Meter (hrs)	Flow			Total	TCE	Estimated VOC Removal Rates		Cumulative Mass Removal		
	Time		(acfm)	(scfm)	Vacuum (in-wc)		Conc. by Lab (ppmv)	TCE (lb/day)	Total VOCs (lb/day)	TCE (lbs)	Total VOCs (lbs)	Notes
	System :	shut dow	n on 8/3	0/00 at 1	3:30. Sys	tem rest	arted on a	B/31/00 at 9):00.			
8/31/00	9:00	3,471	1.4	1.0	120	2.6	-					
;	System :	shut dow	n on 9/6	/00 at 15	:00. Syst	em resta	rted on 9/	/7/00.				
9/7/00 9/14/00	10:30 9:00	3,621 3,788	1.4 1.5	1.0 1.0	125 140	1.2 1.5	2.5	0.0012	0.0028	0.71	1.1	4A
	System	shut dow	n on 9/1	4/00 for	rebound (test. Stat	tic vapor	sample co	llected on	9/28/00.		
9/28/00	9:52	3,788	-	,	120	8.0	3.8	-	-	-	-	
	System	shut dow	n on 9/2	:8/00 at 1	2:00. Sy	stem rest	arted on	10/1/00 at (6:30.			
10/1/00	6:30	3,791		-	-	-	-	1		ļ		
	System	shut dow	n on 10/	/1/00 at 1	0:30. Sy:	stem rest	arted on	10/5/00 at	7:30.			
10/5/00	7:30	3,795	1.8	1.3	120	4.6	-					
10/12/00	8:00	3,964	1.9	1.3	120	5.6	-	1				
10/19/00	8:00	4,132	1.9	1.3	120	4.1	-					
10/26/00		4,301	1.9	1.3	115	4.1	-			ļ		
	System		_		-	_	tarted on	11/2/00 at	8:00.			
11/2/00	8:00	•	7.1	4.7	1	0.5	-			1		
	System	shut dow	/n on 11	/2/00 at	19:00. Sy			11/9/00 at	7:30.	1		
11/9/00	7:30	4,433		1.3	140	25.2						
	System	shut dow	/n on 11	/9/00 at	15:30. Sy	stem res	tarted on	11/16/00 a	t 10:00.			
11/16/00		4,441		-	140	8.9	-					
	System	shut dow	/n on 11	/17/00 at	t 12:00. S	ystem re	started o	n 11/23/00	at 7:30.			
11/23/00	7:30	4,443	-	-	140	11.9	-	1				
11/30/00		4,611	5.6	3.6	140	6.2	-					
	System	shut dov	vn on 12	½/6/00 at	21:00. Sy	stem res	tarted on	12/7/00 at	8:00.		•	
12/7/00	8:00	4,768	1	•	140	14.4	-		0 0000	0.70	4.0	
12/14/00		-	2.3	1.5	140	1.2	1.2	0.00089	0.0023	0.76	1.2	4.6
	System	shut dov	vn on 12	2/14/00 fc	or reboun	d test.	1	1		1		

9:45

1/4/01

4,940

2.1

1.5

120

1.5

1.3

TABLE 4d

Soil Vapor Extraction Data: Extraction Well SVE-3

Quarterly Progress Report for January through March 2001

Jervis B. Webb Company of California, 5030 Firestone Boulevard, South Gate, California

Date	Time	Elapsed Time on Hour Meter (hrs)	Flow			Total	TCE	Estimated VOC Removal Rates		Cumulative Mass Removal		
			(acfm)	(scfm)	Vacuum (in-wc)	VOCs by PID (ppmv)	Conc. by Lab (ppmv)	TCE (lb/day)	Total VOCs (lb/day)	TCE (lbs)	Total VOCs (lbs)	Notes
	System shut down on 1/4/01. System restarted on 2/19/01 at 15:45.											·
2/19/01	15:45	4,940	3.8	2.5	140	6.0	-					
2/22/01	17:00	5,016	3.4	2.2	140	6.4	-					
3/1/01	12:45	5,180	2.6	1.7	140	6.3	-			1		
3/8/01	7:30	5,343	2.6	1.7	145	0.0	-					
3/15/01	13:00	5,516	2.6	1.7	145	0.5	-					
3/22/01	13:00	5,682	2.6	1.7	145	3.3	-			1		
3/29/01	14:30	5,854	2.7	1.7	、140	8.3	-		-		- ,	

NOTES:

TCE = trichloroethene
acfm = actual cubic feet per minute
°F = degrees Fahrenheit
hrs = hours
in-wc = inches of water column
lb/day = pounds per day

lbs = pounds

PID = photoionization detector
ppmv = parts per million by volume
scfm = standard cubic feet per minute
tr = trace (concentration detected at less than reporting limit)
VOCs = volatile organic compounds
- = no measurement

< = not detected at indicated method detection limit

- 1. PID calibrated with 100 ppmv of isobutylene.
- 2. Laboratory analyses were performed by Performance Analytical, Inc. in Simi Valley, California using EPA Method TO-14A.
- 3. Removal rates are calculated using analyte concentrations from laboratory analyses and the measured flow rate (converted from acfm to scfm using the measured vacuum).
- 4. Cumulative mass removal amounts are calculated as follows:
 - A: Mass removal calculated using an average of the previous and current mass removal rates.
- 5. On days for which two flow and vacuum readings are provided, the values indicate initial and final readings during the site visit.
- 6. Although not shown on this table, mass removal rates were calculated for each VOC detected in the samples collected from well SVE-3. The total VOC mass removal rate presented in this table is the sum of the mass removal rates calculated for each VOC that was detected.
- 7. Extraction well SVE-3 is screened in the shallow vadose zone from 19 to 25 feet below ground surface.

Erler & Kalinowski, Inc.

30 April 2001

TABLE 4e

Soil Vapor Extraction Data: Extraction Well SVE-D1

Quarterly Progress Report for January through March 2001

Jervis B. Webb Company of California, 5030 Firestone Boulevard, South Gate, California

								Estimat			ulative l	
]		Elapsed	Fle	W		Total	TCE	Remova	I Rates	<u> </u>	Remova	<u> </u>
Date	Time	Time on Hour Meter (hrs)	(acfm)	(scfm)	Vacuum (in-wc)	VOCs by PID (ppmv)	Conc. by Lab (ppmv)	TCE (lb/day)	Total VOCs (lb/day)	TCE (lbs)	Total VOCs (lbs)	Notes
	Static va	por samp	le colle	cted on	3/16/00.							
3/16/00	8:57	5.6	3.7	3.6	6.0	1,580	1,000	1.8	1.9	0	0	
		startup oi	, 1 3/16/00	at 16:0	0.			ļ		 		
3/17/00	7:00	20.3	4.6	4.5	10	92	├ -					
3/17/00	6:30	44.7	5.3	5.2	10	131	-]				
0,10,00	System	shut dow	n on 3/1	8/00 at 9	9:40. Sys	tem resta	arted on 3	/19/00 at 6	:30.	1		
	6:30	48	0.0	0.0	0.0	30	0	,		ļ .		*
3/19/00 3/20/00	6:30	72	5.8	5.7	9.0	164	0	ĺ		\		
3/20/00	7:00	96	2.6	2.6	7.0	560	0					
3/22/00	7:30	121	8.9	8.6	15	70	440	1.9	2.0	8.8	9.1	4A
3/30/00	11:00	316	24	22	38	36	0			1		
4/6/00	11:00	483	25	17	125	30	0	1			•	4.0
4/13/00	8:00	648	33	21	150	33	25	0.26	0.28	32	34	4A
4/20/00	7:30	815	28	18	145	28	0					
4/27/00	7:00	983	18	16	40	25	0					
5/4/00	8:30	1,152	16	10	135	20	0			ł		
5/11/00	6:30	1,318	13	9.7	95	13	0		0.070	1 20	40	4A
5/18/00	7:00	1,486	20	14	120	37	8.6	0.061	0.070	38	40	7/
<u></u>			26	17	150	37	-	0.071	0.081	_	-	
5/25/00	6:30	1,654	18	11	150	16	_			1		
6/1/00	6:30	1,822	16	10	150	31	-			1		
6/8/00	7:00	1,990	21	13	155	31	-			1		
6/15/00	7:30	2,158	21	13	150	31	-	١	= 10100			
	System	shut do	wn on 6	/21/00 at	17:30. S	tatic vap	or sample	collected	on 7/6/00.	1		
7/6/00	9:34	2,312	_	0	0	30	92	-	-	-	-	
	Systen	n restarte	d on 7/6	/00 at 10):00.	1		1			4=	4.6
7/13/00	-			22	145	37	5.1	0.056	0.25	40	47	4.4
7/20/00	7:30	2.648	32	20	150	27	-	1				
	Systen	n shut do	vn on 7	/26/00 a	t 6:30. Sy	stem res	tarted on	7/27/00 at	6:00.			
7/27/00						9.4	-			l		
8/3/00		-	l l		1	1.5	-			1		
8/8/00	14.30	3 086	26	17	140	1.8	-					
	System	n shut do	wn on 8	/15/00 a	t 11:30. S	System re	estarted o	n 8/21/00 a	at 10:30.			

TABLE 4e

Soil Vapor Extraction Data: Extraction Well SVE-D1

Quarterly Progress Report for January through March 2001

		Elapsed	FI	ow .				Estimat	ed VOC	Cum	ulative	Mass
		Time on	ŀ			Total	TCE	Remov	al Rates		Remova	ı
Date	Time	Hour Meter (hrs)	(acfm)	(scfm)	Vacuum (in-wc)	VOCs by PID (ppmv)	Conc. by Lab (ppmv)	TCE (lb/day)	Total VOCs (lb/day)	TCE (lbs)	Total VOCs (lbs)	Notes
8/24/00	12:30	3,226	27	18	140	17	-				<u></u>	
	System	shut dowr	n on 8/30)/00 at 1	3:30. Sys	stem rest	arted on	' 8/31/00 at !	9:00.			
8/31/00	9:00	3,471	1	15	120	8.9	_					
	System :	shut dowr	on 9/6/	00 at 15	:00. Syst	em resta	rted on 9	, /7/00.				
9/7/00	10:30	3,621	22	15	125	5.8	_					
9/14/00	9:00	3,788	20	13	140	24	4.0	0.026	0.23	43	60	4A
	System :	shut dowr	on 9/14	1/00 for	rebound (est. Stat	ic vapor	sample co	llected on	9/28/00.		
9/28/00	10:25	3,788		36	120	62	120	-	-	_	-	
	System :	shut dowr	on 9/28	3/00 at 1	2:00. Sys	item rest	arted on	10/1/00 at 6	5:30.			
10/1/00	6:30	3,791	-	-	- [-	_					
	System :	shut dowr	on 10/1	/00 at 1	0:30. Sys	tem rest	arted on	10/5/00 at 7	7:30.			
10/5/00	7:30	3,795	29	21	120	41	-					
10/12/00	8:00	3,964	28	20	120	72	-					
10/19/00	8:00	4,132	19	- 14	120	6.2	-					
10/26/00	8:00	4,301	20	14	115	5.8	2.4	0.017	0.081	43	63	4A
	System :	shut dowr	on 10/3	1/00 at	9:20. Sys	tem resta	arted on '	11/2/00 at 8	3:00.			
11/2/00	8:00	4,422	22	15	140	1.5	-					
	System :	shut down	on 11/2	2/00 at 1	9:00. Sys	tem rest	arted on	11/9/00 at 7	7:30.			
11/9/00	7:30	4,433	22	15	140	4.9	-					
	System s	shut down	on 11/9	/00 at 1	5:30. Sys	tem resta	arted on	11/16/00 at	10:00.			
11/16/00	10:00	4,441	24	15	140	38	-					
;	System s	shut down	on 11/1	7/00 at	12:00. Sy	stem res	tarted on	11/23/00 a	nt 7:30.			
11/23/00	7:30	4,443	24	16	140	29	- 1					
11/30/00	7:30	4,611	-	-	140	23	-					
;	System s	shut down	on 12/6	/00 at 2	1:00. Sys	tem resta	arted on	12/7/00 at 8	3:00.			
12/7/00	8:00	4,768	-	-	140	12	-					
12/14/00	10:30	4,940	16	11	140	3.1	2.7	0.014	0.025	44	64	4A
;	System s	shut down	on 12/1	4/00 for	rebound	test.						
1/4/01	10:48	4,940	74	52	120	43	41	-	-	-	-	

TABLE 4e

Soil Vapor Extraction Data: Extraction Well SVE-D1

Quarterly Progress Report for January through March 2001

Jervis B. Webb Company of California, 5030 Firestone Boulevard, South Gate, California

		Elapsed	FI	ow		Total	TCE	l .	ted VOC al Rates		ulative Remova	
Date	Time	Time on Hour Meter (hrs)	(acfm)	(scfm)	Vacuum (in-wc)		Conc. by Lab (ppmv)	TCE (lb/day)	Total VOCs (lb/day)	TCE (lbs)	Total VOCs (lbs)	Notes
	System	shut dowr	on 1/4/	01. Sys	tem resta	rted on 2	/19/01 at	15:45.				
2/19/01	15:45	4,940	23	15	140	43	-					
2/22/01	17:00	5,016	24	15	140	37	-					
3/1/01	12:45	5,180	24	15	140	81	-					
3/8/01	7:30	5,343	23	15	145	103	-					
3/15/01	13:00	5,516	22	14	145	9.4	-					
3/22/01	13:00	5,682	21	14	145	12	-					
3/29/01	14:30	5,854	` 21	14	130	10 '	-	-	- `	-	-	

NOTES:

TCE = trichloroethene

acfm = actual cubic feet per minute

°F = degrees Fahrenheit

hrs = hours

in-wc = inches of water column

lb/day = pounds per day

lbs = pounds

PID = photoionization detector

ppmv = parts per million by volume

scfm = standard cubic feet per minute

tr = trace (concentration detected at less than reporting limit)

VOCs = volatile organic compounds

- = no measurement

< = not detected at indicated method detection limit

- 1. PID calibrated with 100 ppmv of isobutylene.
- Laboratory analyses were performed by Performance Analytical, Inc. in Simi Valley, California using EPA Method TO-14A.
- 3. Removal rates are calculated using analyte concentrations from laboratory analyses and the measured flow rate (converted from acfm to scfm using the measured vacuum).
- 4. Cumulative mass removal amounts are calculated as follows:
 - A: Mass removal calculated using an average of the previous and current mass removal rates.
- 5. On days for which two flow and vacuum readings are provided, the values indicate initial and final readings during the site visit.
- 6. Although not shown on this table, mass removal rates were calculated for each VOC detected in the samples collected from well SVE-D1. The total VOC mass removal rate presented in this table is the sum of the mass removal rates calculated for each VOC that was detected.
- 7. Extraction well SVE-D1 is screened in the shallow vadose zone from 30 to 40 feet below ground surface.

TABLE 4f

Soil Vapor Extraction Data: Monitoring/Extraction Well VMP-D1

Quarterly Progress Report for January through March 2001

Jervis B. Webb Company of California, 5030 Firestone Boulevard, South Gate, California

		Elapsed		ow .		Total	TCE	1	ted VOC al Rates		ulative Remova	
Date	Time	Time on Hour Meter (hrs)		(scfm)	Vacuum (in-wc)	VOCs by PID (ppmv)	Conc. by Lab (ppmv)	TCE (lb/day)	Total VOCs (lb/day)	TCE (lbs)	Total VOCs (lbs)	Notes
	Static va	por samp	le colle	cted on	3/16/00.							
3/16/00	10:32	5.6	0	0	0	282	460					
	System :	startup or	1 3/16/00	at 16:0	0 with VN	IP-D1 use	ed as a m	onitoring v	vell.			
4/6/00	11:00	483	0	0	0	3.5	-					
4/13/00	8:00	648	0	0	0	23	-					
•	System	shut dow	n on 6/2	1/00 at 1	17:30. Sta	tic vapoi	sample (collected c	n 7/6/00.	,		
7/6/00	8:57	2,312	35	24	130	30	9.4	0.11	0.12	0	0	
	System	restarted	on 7/6/0	0 at 10:0	00 with VI	MP-D1 op	erating a	s an extra	ction well.			
7/13/00	12:00	2,485	33	21	145	3.6	0	1				٠
7/20/00	7:30	2,648	34	22	150	3.2	-			ŀ		
7/27/00	6:00	2,791	26	17	140	9.4	-					
8/3/00	8:00	2,961	25	16	140	1.5	-					
8/8/00	14:30	3,086	24	16	140	1.6	-					
	System	shut dow	n on 8/1	5/00 at 1	11:30. Sy	stem rest	tarted on	8/21/00 at	10:30.			
8/24/00	12:30	3,326	22	15	140	2.1	-					
	System	shut dow	n on 8/3	0/00 at 1	13:30. Sy	stem res	tarted on	8/31/00 at	9:00.			
8/31/00	9:00	3,471	19	14	120	0.9	1 -					
	System	shut dow	n on 9/6	/00 at 1	5:00. Sys	tem resta	irted on 9	/7/00.				
9/7/00	10:30	3,621	20	14	125	0.2	-			İ		
9/14/00	9:00	3,788	20	-	140	1.2	1.4	0.0090	0.012	3.7	4.2	4A
	System	shut dow	n on 9/1	4/00 for	rebound	test. Sta	tic vapor	sample co	ollected on	9/28/00		
9/28/00	10:08	3,788	59	41	120	6.3	8.6	-	-	-	-	
	System	shut dow	n on 9/2	8/00 at	12:00. Sy	stem res	tarted on	10/1/00 at	6:30.			
10/1/00	•	3,791			_			1		ŀ		
			•		•	•	•	10/5/00 at	7:30.			
10/5/00	7:30	3,795	25	18	120	8.4	-	1				
10/12/00	8:00	3,964	24	17	120	6.7	-					
10/19/00	8:00	4,132	25	17	120	9.4	-					
10/26/00	8:00	4,301	22	16	115	24	-	1				
	System	shut dow	n on 10	/31/00 at	t 9:20. Sy	stem res	tarted on	11/2/00 at	8:00.			

Page 1 of 3

2001-Q1 Table 4 & Figure 9 EKI 991103.01

Erler & Kalinowski, Inc.

TABLE 4f

Soil Vapor Extraction Data: Monitoring/Extraction Well VMP-D1

Quarterly Progress Report for January through March 2001

		Elapsed	Fle	DW .		Total	TCE		ted VOC al Rates	l	ulative Remova	
Date	Time	Time on Hour Meter (hrs)	(acfm)	(scfm)	Vacuum (in-wc)	VOCs by PID (ppmv)	Conc. by Lab (ppmv)	TCE (lb/day)	Total VOCs (lb/day)	TCE (lbs)	Total VOCs (lbs)	Notes
11/2/00	8:00	4,422	26	17	140	0	-					
	System	shut dow	n on 11/	2/00 at 1	9:00. Sys	stem rest	arted on	11/9/00 at	7:30 .			
11/9/00	7:30	4,433	-	-	140	59	- '	1				
	System	shut dow	n on 11/	9/00 at 1	5:30. Sys	stem rest	arted on	11/16/00 a	t 10:00.			
11/16/00	10:00	4,441	64	42	140	8.6	-					
,	System	shut dow	n on 11/	17/00 at	12:00. S	ystem res	started or	11/23/00	at 7:30.		•	
11/23/00	7:30	4,443	60	40	140	87.4	-	[<u> </u>		
11/30/00	7:30	4,611	39	26	140	27.9	-					
	System	shut dow	n on 12/	6/00 at 2	21:00. Sy	stem rest	arted on	12/7/00 at	8:00.			
12/7/00	8:00	4,768	42	27	140	29.3	-					
12/14/00	10:30	4,940	15	10	140	0.3	0.95	0.0047	0.0065	4.0	4.6	4A
	System	shut dow	n on 12/	14/00 fo	r rebound	d test.	Ì					
1/4/01	9:57	4,940	76	53	120	0.6	1.6	-	-	-	-	
	System	shut dow	n on 1/4	/01. Sy:	stem resta	arted on	2/19/01 at	15:45.				
2/19/01	15:45	4,940	22	15	140	1.2	-					
2/22/01	17:00	5,016	23	15	140	0.0	-					
3/1/01	12:45	5,180	18	12	140	0.0	-					
3/8/01	7:30	5,343	19	12	145	0.0	-					
3/15/01	13:00	5,516	18	12	145	0.8	_			1		
3/22/01	13:00 14:30	5,682 5,854	19 19	12 13	145 140	0.2						
3/29/01	14.30	5,054	פון	10	140	0.0	<u> </u>	<u></u>		J		

TABLE 4f

Soil Vapor Extraction Data: Monitoring/Extraction Well VMP-D1

Quarterly Progress Report for January through March 2001

Jervis B. Webb Company of California, 5030 Firestone Boulevard, South Gate, California

		Elapsed		ow .		Total	TCE	Estimat Remova	ed VOC al Rates	-	ulative l Remova	_
Date	Time	Time on Hour Meter (hrs)	(acfm)	(scfm)	Vacuum (in-wc)	VOCs by PID (ppmv)	Conc. by Lab (ppmv)	TCE (lb/day)	Total VOCs (lb/day)	TCE (lbs)	Total VOCs (lbs)	Notes

NOTES:

TCE = trichloroethene

acfm = actual cubic feet per minute

°F = degrees Fahrenheit

hrs = hours

in-wc = inches of water column

lb/day = pounds per day

lbs = pounds

PID = photoionization detector

ppmv = parts per million by volume

scfm = standard cubic feet per minute

tr = trace (concentration detected at less than reporting limit)

VOCs = volatile organic compounds

- = no measurement

< = not detected at indicated method detection limit

- 1. PID calibrated with 100 ppmv of isobutylene.
- 2. Laboratory analyses were performed by Performance Analytical, Inc. in Simi Valley, California using EPA Method TO-14A.
- Removal rates are calculated using analyte concentrations from laboratory analyses and the measured flow rate (converted from acfm to scfm using the measured vacuum).
- 4. Cumulative mass removal amounts are calculated as follows:
 - A: Mass removal calculated using an average of the previous and current mass removal rates.
- 5. Well VMP-D1 was first used as an extraction well on 6 July 2000.
- Although not shown on this table, mass removal rates were calculated for each VOC detected in the samples collected from well VMP-D1. The total VOC mass removal rate presented in this table is the sum of the mass removal rates calculated for each VOC that was detected.
- 7. Extraction well VMP-D1 is screened in the deep vadose zone from 30 to 40 feet below ground surface.

TABLE 4g

Soil Vapor Extraction Data: Monitoring/Extraction Well VMP-D2

Quarterly Progress Report for January through March 2001

Date Time Time Hour Moter (hrs)		Elapsed	Flo	ow .		Total	TCE		ed VOC al Rates	Į.	ulative Remova		
3/16/00 10:50 5.6 0 0 0 76 39	Date	Time	Hour Meter	(acfm)	(scfm)	1 1	by PID	Conc. by Lab		VOCs	1	VOCs	Notes
System startup on 3/16/00 at 16:00 with VMP-D2 used as a monitoring well.		Static va	por samp	le colle	cted on	3/16/00.							
A/6/00	3/16/00	10:50	5.6	0	0	0	76	39					
A/13/00 8:00 648 0 0 0 27 -		System	startup or	3/16/00	at 16:0	0 with VM	P-D2 use	ed as a m	onitoring v	vell.			
System shut down on 6/21/00 at 17:30. Static vapor sample collected on 7/6/00.	4/6/00	11:00	483	0	0	0	150	-					
7/6/00 9:12 2,312 44 30 130 5.2 5.7 0.085 0.10 0		8:00	648	0	0	0	27	-					
System restarted on 7/6/00 at 10:00 with VMP-D2 operating as an extraction well. 7/13/00	,	System	shut dow	n on 6/2	1/00 at 1	7:30. Sta	tic vapoi	r sample (collected c	n 7/6/00.			V.
System restarted on 7/6/00 at 10:00 with VMP-D2 operating as an extraction well. 7/13/00 12:00 2,485 41 26 145 5.8 -		_					_				0	0	
7/13/00 12:00 2,485			•		0 at 10:0	00 with VI	, MP-D2 op	erating a	s an extra	ction well.	İ		
7/20/00 7:30 2,648 42 27 150 3.8 - 7/27/00 6:00 2,791 21 14 140 8.7 - 8/3/00 8:00 2,961 21 14 140 4.8 - 8/3/00 8:00 2,961 21 14 140 4.8 - 8/3/00 8:00 3,086 22 14 140 4.3 - 8/3/00 8:00 3,326 26 17 140 8.8 - 8/3/00 12:30 3,326 26 17 140 8.8 - 8/3/1/00 32.30 3,326 26 17 140 8.8 - 8/3/1/00 32.30 3,326 26 17 140 8.8 - 8/3/1/00 9:00 3,471 18 13 120 1.5 - 8/3/1/00 9:00 3,471 18 13 120 1.5 - 8/3/1/00 9:00 3,621 17 12 125 0.6 - 8/3/1/00 9:00 3,788 17 11 140 9.6 0.71 0.0040 0.038 2.8 4.4 4/1/00 9:00 3,788 17 11 140 9.6 0.71 0.0040 0.038 2.8 4.4 4/1/00 9:00 3,788 42 29 125 39 9.3 8/3/1/00 9:35 3,788 42 29 125 39 9.3 8/3/1/00 9:35 3,788 42 29 125 39 9.3 8/3/1/00 9:35 3,788 42 29 125 39 9.3 8/3/1/00 9:35 3,788 42 29 125 39 9.3 8/3/1/00 9:35 3,788 42 29 125 39 9.3 8/3/1/00 9:35 3,788 42 29 125 39 9.3 8/3/1/00 9:35 3,788 42 29 125 39 9.3 8/3/1/00 9:30 3,791 - - - - - - - -		-						-					
7/27/00 6:00 2,791 21 14 140 8.7 -			•			i .		-					
8/8/00 14:30 3,086 22 14 140 4.3 - System shut down on 8/15/00 at 11:30. System restarted on 8/21/00 at 10:30. 8/24/00 12:30 3,326 26 17 140 8.8 - System shut down on 8/30/00 at 13:30. System restarted on 8/31/00 at 9:00. 8/31/00 9:00 3,471 18 13 120 1.5 - System shut down on 9/6/00 at 15:00. System restarted on 9/7/00. 9/7/00 10:30 3,621 17 12 125 0.6 - 9/14/00 9:00 3,788 17 11 140 9.6 0.71 0.0040 0.038 2.8 4.4 4/2 System shut down on 9/14/00 for rebound test. Static vapor sample collected on 9/28/00. 9/28/00 9:35 3,788 42 29 125 39 9.3 System shut down on 9/28/00 at 12:00. System restarted on 10/1/00 at 6:30. 10/1/00 6:30 3,791 - - - System shut down on 10/1/00 at 10:30. System restarted on 10/5/00 at 7:30. 10/5/00 7:30 3,795 23 16 120 24 - 10/12/00 8:00 3,964 26 18 120 9.1 - 10/19/00 8:00 4,132 25 18 120 10 -			•	21	14	140	8.7	-					
System shut down on 8/15/00 at 11:30. System restarted on 8/21/00 at 10:30.	8/3/00	8:00	2,961	21	14	140	l	-					
8/24/00 12:30 3,326 26 17 140 8.8 - System shut down on 8/30/00 at 13:30. System restarted on 8/31/00 at 9:00. 8/31/00 9:00 3,471 18 13 120 1.5 - System shut down on 9/6/00 at 15:00. System restarted on 9/7/00. 9/7/00 10:30 3,621 17 12 125 0.6 - 9/14/00 9:00 3,788 17 11 140 9.6 0.71 0.0040 0.038 2.8 4.4 4/ System shut down on 9/14/00 for rebound test. Static vapor sample collected on 9/28/00. 9/28/00 9:35 3,788 42 29 125 39 9.3 - - System shut down on 9/28/00 at 12:00. System restarted on 10/1/00 at 6:30. 10/1/00 6:30 3,791 - - - - - System shut down on 10/1/00 at 10:30. System restarted on 10/5/00 at 7:30. 10/5/00 7:30 3,795 23 16 120 24 - 10/12/00 8:00 3,964 26 18 120 9.1 - 10/19/00 8:00 4,132 25 18 120 10 -	8/8/00		•	1			1	-	ŀ		1		
System shut down on 8/30/00 at 13:30. System restarted on 8/31/00 at 9:00.		System	shut dow	n on 8/1	5/00 at 1	11:30. Sy	stem res	tarted on	8/21/00 at	10:30.			
8/31/00 9:00 3,471 18 13 120 1.5 - System shut down on 9/6/00 at 15:00. System restarted on 9/7/00. 9/7/00 10:30 3,621 17 12 125 0.6 - 9/14/00 9:00 3,788 17 11 140 9.6 0.71 0.0040 0.038 2.8 4.4 4/4 System shut down on 9/14/00 for rebound test. Static vapor sample collected on 9/28/00. 9/28/00 9:35 3,788 42 29 125 39 9.3 - - - System shut down on 9/28/00 at 12:00. System restarted on 10/1/00 at 6:30. 10/1/00 6:30 3,791 - - - - - System shut down on 10/1/00 at 10:30. System restarted on 10/5/00 at 7:30. 10/5/00 7:30 3,795 23 16 120 24 - 10/12/00 8:00 3,964 26 18 120 9.1 - 10/19/00 8:00 4,132 25 18 120 10 -	8/24/00	12:30	3,326	26	17	140	8.8	-	1		Ì		
8/31/00 9:00 3,471 18 13 120 1.5 - System shut down on 9/6/00 at 15:00. System restarted on 9/7/00. 9/7/00 10:30 3,621 17 12 125 0.6 - 9/14/00 9:00 3,788 17 11 140 9.6 0.71 0.0040 0.038 2.8 4.4 4/4 System shut down on 9/14/00 for rebound test. Static vapor sample collected on 9/28/00. 9/28/00 9:35 3,788 42 29 125 39 9.3 - - - System shut down on 9/28/00 at 12:00. System restarted on 10/1/00 at 6:30. 10/1/00 6:30 3,791 - - - - - System shut down on 10/1/00 at 10:30. System restarted on 10/5/00 at 7:30. 10/5/00 7:30 3,795 23 16 120 24 - 10/12/00 8:00 3,964 26 18 120 9.1 - 10/19/00 8:00 4,132 25 18 120 10 -		System	shut dow	n on 8/3	0/00 at 1	13:30. Sy	stem res	tarted on	8/31/00 at	9:00.			
9/7/00 10:30 3,621 17 12 125 0.6 - 9/14/00 9:00 3,788 17 11 140 9.6 0.71 0.0040 0.038 2.8 4.4 4/4 System shut down on 9/14/00 for rebound test. Static vapor sample collected on 9/28/00. 9/28/00 9:35 3,788 42 29 125 39 9.3	8/31/00	9:00	3,471	18	13	120	1.5	-			ĺ		
9/7/00 10:30 3,621 17 12 125 0.6 -		System	shut dow	n on 9/6	/00 at 1	5:00. Sys	tem resta	rted on 9	7/00.				
9/14/00 9:00 3,788 17 11 140 9.6 0.71 0.0040 0.038 2.8 4.4 4// System shut down on 9/14/00 for rebound test. Static vapor sample collected on 9/28/00. 9/28/00 9:35 3,788 42 29 125 39 9.3	9/7/00	•					_	l -	1				
System shut down on 9/14/00 for rebound test. Static vapor sample collected on 9/28/00. 9/28/00 9:35 3,788 42 29 125 39 9.3 - - - System shut down on 9/28/00 at 12:00. System restarted on 10/1/00 at 6:30. 10/1/00 6:30 3,791 - - - - - System shut down on 10/1/00 at 10:30. System restarted on 10/5/00 at 7:30. 10/5/00 7:30 3,795 23 16 120 24 - 10/12/00 8:00 3,964 26 18 120 9.1 - 10/19/00 8:00 4,132 25 18 120 10 -			•			1	9.6	0.71	0.0040	0.038	2.8	4.4	4A
9/28/00 9:35 3,788 42 29 125 39 9.3			-	' n on 9/1	4/00 for	rebound	test. Sta	itic vapor	sample co	llected on	9/28/00	١.	
System shut down on 9/28/00 at 12:00. System restarted on 10/1/00 at 6:30. 10/1/00 6:30 3,791 - - System shut down on 10/1/00 at 10:30. System restarted on 10/5/00 at 7:30. 10/5/00 7:30 3,795 23 16 120 24 - 10/12/00 8:00 3,964 26 18 120 9.1 - 10/19/00 8:00 4,132 25 18 120 10 -	9/28/00	•					_		-	-	-	-	
10/1/00 6:30 3,791 - - - - - -	3/20/00		•	t .			1	1	10/1/00 at	6:30.			
System shut down on 10/1/00 at 10:30. System restarted on 10/5/00 at 7:30. 10/5/00 7:30 3,795 23 16 120 24 - 10/12/00 8:00 3,964 26 18 120 9.1 - 10/19/00 8:00 4,132 25 18 120 10 -	10/1/00	=			_		_	-					
10/5/00 7:30 3,795 23 16 120 24 - 10/12/00 8:00 3,964 26 18 120 9.1 - 10/19/00 8:00 4,132 25 18 120 10 -	10/1/00				- 11/00 st :	•		ा tarted on	10/5/00 at	7:30.			
10/12/00 8:00 3,964 26 18 120 9.1 - 10/19/00 8:00 4,132 25 18 120 10 -	10/5/00								10,0,00 at	1.00.			
10/19/00 8:00 4,132 25 18 120 10 -	1			1			1	_	1				
1,0,000			=	ı			i	_					
10/26/00 8:00 4,301 19 14 115 26 -						115	26	-					
System shut down on 10/31/00 at 9:20. System restarted on 11/2/00 at 8:00.					/31/00 at	9:20. Sy	stem res	tarted on	11/2/00 at	8:00.			

TABLE 4g

Soil Vapor Extraction Data: Monitoring/Extraction Well VMP-D2

Quarterly Progress Report for January through March 2001

		Elapsed	Fle	ow .		Total	TCE		ed VOC al Rates	l	ulative Remova	
Date	Time	Time on Hour Meter (hrs)	(acfm)	(scfm)	Vacuum (in-wc)	VOCs by PID (ppmv)	Conc. by Lab (ppmv)	TCE (lb/day)	Total VOCs (lb/day)	TCE (lbs)	Total VOCs (lbs)	Notes
11/2/00	8:00	4,422	23	15	140	0	-				<u> </u>	
	System	shut dow	n on 11/2	2/00 at 1	9:00. Sys	stem rest	arted on	11/9/00 at :	7:30.			
11/9/00	7:30	4,433	_	-	140	14	-					
	System	shut dow	n on 11/9	9/00 at 1	5:30. Sy	stem rest	arted on	11/16/00 at	10:00.			
11/16/00	10:00	4,441	-	-	140	15	-					
ļ.	System	shut dòwi	n on 11/	17/00 at	12:00. Sy	/ /stem res	tarted on	11/23/00 a	at 7:30.			
11/23/00	7:30	4,443	47	31	140	63	_ [
11/30/00	7:30	4,611	28	18	140	45	-					
	System	shut dow	n on 12/0	6/00 at 2	1:00. Sy:	stem rest	arted on	12/7/00 at 8	8:00.			
12/7/00	8:00	4,768	11	7.4	140	40	-					
12/14/00	10:30	4,940	18	12	140	14	1.3	0.0078	0.091	3.0	7.5	4A
	System	shut dowi	n on 12/	14/00 fo	r rebound	l test.						
1/4/01	9:57	4,940	78	55	120	3.4	3.0	-	-	-	-	
	System	shut dowi	on 1/4/	01. Sys	tem resta	rted on 2	2/19/01 at	15:45.]		
2/19/01	15:45	4,940	21	14	140	73.4	_					
2/22/01	17:00	5,016	21	14	140	81.9	-					
3/1/01	12:45	5,180	20	13	140	185.4	-					
3/8/01	7:30	5,343	22	14	145	153.3	-					
3/15/01	13:00	5,516	24	15	145	5.2	-					
3/22/01	13:00	5,682	15	10	145	3.2	-					
3/29/01	14:30	5,854	19	13	140	2.6	-					

TABLE 4g

Soil Vapor Extraction Data: Monitoring/Extraction Well VMP-D2

Quarterly Progress Report for January through March 2001

Jervis B. Webb Company of California, 5030 Firestone Boulevard, South Gate, California

			Elapsed)W		Total	TCE	Estimat Remova	ed VOC al Rates		ulative l Remova	
Date	•	Time	Time on Hour Meter (hrs)	(acfm)	(scfm)	Vacuum (in-wc)	VOCs by PID (ppmv)	Conc. by Lab (ppmv)	TCE (lb/day)	Total VOCs (lb/day)	TCE (lbs)	Total VOCs (lbs)	Notes

NOTES:

TCE = trichloroethene
acfm = actual cubic feet per minute
°F = degrees Fahrenheit
hrs = hours
in-wc = inches of water column
lb/day = pounds per day
lbs = pounds

PID = photoionization detector
ppmv = parts per million by volume
scfm = standard cubic feet per minute
tr = trace (concentration detected at less than reporting limit)
VOCs = volatile organic compounds
- = no measurement
< = not detected at indicated method detection limit

- 1. PID calibrated with 100 ppmv of isobutylene.
- 2. Laboratory analyses were performed by Performance Analytical, Inc. in Simi Valley, California using EPA Method TO-14A.
- 3. Removal rates are calculated using analyte concentrations from laboratory analyses and the measured flow rate (converted from acfm to scfm using the measured vacuum).
- 4. Cumulative mass removal amounts are calculated as follows:
 - A: Mass removal calculated using an average of the previous and current mass removal rates.
- 5. Well VMP-D1 was first used as an extraction well on 6 July 2000.
- 6. Although not shown on this table, mass removal rates were calculated for each VOC detected in the samples collected from well VMP-D2. The total VOC mass removal rate presented in this table is the sum of the mass removal rates calculated for each VOC that was detected.
- 7. Extraction well VMP-D2 is screened in the deep vadose zone from 30 to 40 feet below ground surface.

TABLE 4h

Soil Vapor Extraction Data: Monitoring/Extraction Well VMP-1

Quarterly Progress Report for January through March 2001

		Elapsed	Flo	ow .		Total	TCE	Ī	ted VOC al Rates	1	ulative Remova	
Date	Time	Time on Hour Meter (hrs)	(acfm)	(scfm)	Vacuum (in-wc)	VOCs by PID (ppmv)	Conc. by Lab (ppmv)	TCE (lb/day)	Total VOCs (lb/day)	TCE (lbs)	Total VOCs (lbs)	Notes
	Static va	por samp	le colle	cted on	3/16/00.							
3/16/00	11:35	5.6	0	0	1 0	65	29	-	-	-	-	
	System	startup or	1 3/16/00	at 16:0	o with VM	P-1 used	as a mo	' nitoring we	ell.			
4/6/00	11:00	483.0	Ιo	0	lol	6.4	-	ĺ				
4/13/00	8:00	648.0	Ō	0	0	8.2	-					
,	Static va	por samp	de collè	cted on	7/6/00.		,			,		
7/6/00	8:06	2,312.0		0	Ιo	0.0	0.13	-	-	_	-	
		ample coll	1		D.							
9/14/00	11:08	3,788.0		0	l o	0.5	0.29	_	_	_	_	
1		o,700.0 ipor samp	ı		1 -	0.5	0.23					
		_				4.0	0.47					
9/28/00	8:51 8:00	3,788.0 4,301.0	1	0 0	0	1.3 13	0.47	-	-	-	-	
10/26/00		•	•	_	, ,	13	_	•				
i		por samp										
1/4/01	9:15	4,940.0	•	0	0	0.9	0.93	-	-	-	-	
	VMP-1 c	onverted	to extra	ction we	ell on 3/8/0							
3/8/01	7:30	5,343.0	-	-	145	6.4	-					
2/22/01	17:00	5,016	23	15	140	0.0	-					
3/1/01	12:45	5,180	18	12	140	0.0	-					
3/8/01	7:30	5,343	19	12	145	0.0	-					
3/15/01	13:00	5,516	18	12	145	0.8	_					
3/22/01	13:00	5,682	19	12	145	0.2	-					
3/29/01	14:30	5,854	19	13	140	0.6	-			<u> </u>		

TABLE 4h

Soil Vapor Extraction Data: Monitoring/Extraction Well VMP-1

Quarterly Progress Report for January through March 2001

Jervis B. Webb Company of California, 5030 Firestone Boulevard, South Gate, California

		Elapsed	Fic	ow .		Total	TCE	Estimat Remova	ed VOC al Rates		ulative l Remova	
Date	Time	Time on Hour Meter (hrs)	(acfm)	(scfm)	Vacuum (in-wc)	l '	Conc. by Lab (ppmv)	TCE (lb/day)	Total VOCs (lb/day)	TCE (lbs)	Total VOCs (lbs)	Notes

NOTES:

TCF = trichloroethene acfm = actual cubic feet per minute °F = degrees Fahrenheit hrs = hours in-wc = inches of water column ib/day = pounds per day lbs = pounds

PID = photoionization detector ppmv = parts per million by volume scfm = standard cubic feet per minute tr = trace (concentration detected at less than reporting limit) VOCs = volatile organic compounds - = no measurement < = not detected at indicated method detection limit

- 1. PID calibrated with 100 ppmv of isobutylene.
- 2. Laboratory analyses were performed by Performance Analytical, Inc. in Simi Valley, California using EPA Method TO-14A.
- 3. Well VMP-1 was first used as an extraction well on 8 March 2001.
- 4. Extraction well VMP-1 is screened in the shallow vadose zone from 19 to 25 feet below ground surface.

TABLE 5

Field Data for Soil Vapor Monitoring Probes

Quarterly Progress Report for January through March 2001

Jervis B. Webb Company of California, 5030 Firestone Boulevard, South Gate, California

	VN	1P-1	VA	/P-2	VM	P-D1	VM	P-D2
Date	Vacuum	Total VOCs by PID (1,2)	Vacuum	Total VOCs by PID (1,2)	Vacuum	Total VOCs by PID (1,3)	Vacuum	Total VOCs by PID (1,3)
	(in-wc)	(ppmv)	(in-wc)	(ppmv)	(in-wc)	(ppmv)	(in-wc)	(ppmv)
3/16/00	-	68	-	150	•	530	-	71
3/17/00	1.8	-	1.0	-	4.7	-	5.2	-
3/18/00	1.3	-	1.1	-	6.6	-	6.0	•
3/19/00	1.1	- 1	0.7	-	2.2	-	2.4	-
3/20/00	2.1	-	1.4	-	2.6	-	3.5	-
3/21/00	2.4	-	2.2	-	5.4	-	6.8	-
3/22/00	2.6	- 1	2.3	-	5.8	-	4.5	-
3/30/00	1.8	-	1.8	-	15	-	16	-
4/6/00	2.8	6.4	4.2	7.4	23	3.5	24	150
4/13/00	4.0	8.2	2.5	6.2	21	23	22	27
5/11/00	4.6	-	4.0	-	19	-	16	-
5/18/00	3.2	-	3.4	-	17	-	18	_
5/16/00	3.8	-]	2.7	-	21	-	22	-
7/6/00	-	0.0	-	2.6	-	-	. -	-
7/13/00	2.6	-	1.9	-	-	-	-	
7/20/00	2.9	-	2.1	-	-	-	-	-
7/27/00	2.6	-	1.9	-	-	-	-	-
9/14/00	5.2	0.5	2.4	0.7	-	-	-	-
9/28/00	-	1.3	-	2.4	-	-	-	-
10/26/00	11.5	13.2	11.5	2.2	-	-	-	-
12/14/00	7.3	-	0.6	-	-	-	-	-
1/4/01	-	0.9	-	0.4	-		-	

NOTES:

in-wc = inches of water column

PID = photoionization detector

ppmv = parts per million by volume

VOCs = volatile organic compounds

- = no measurement

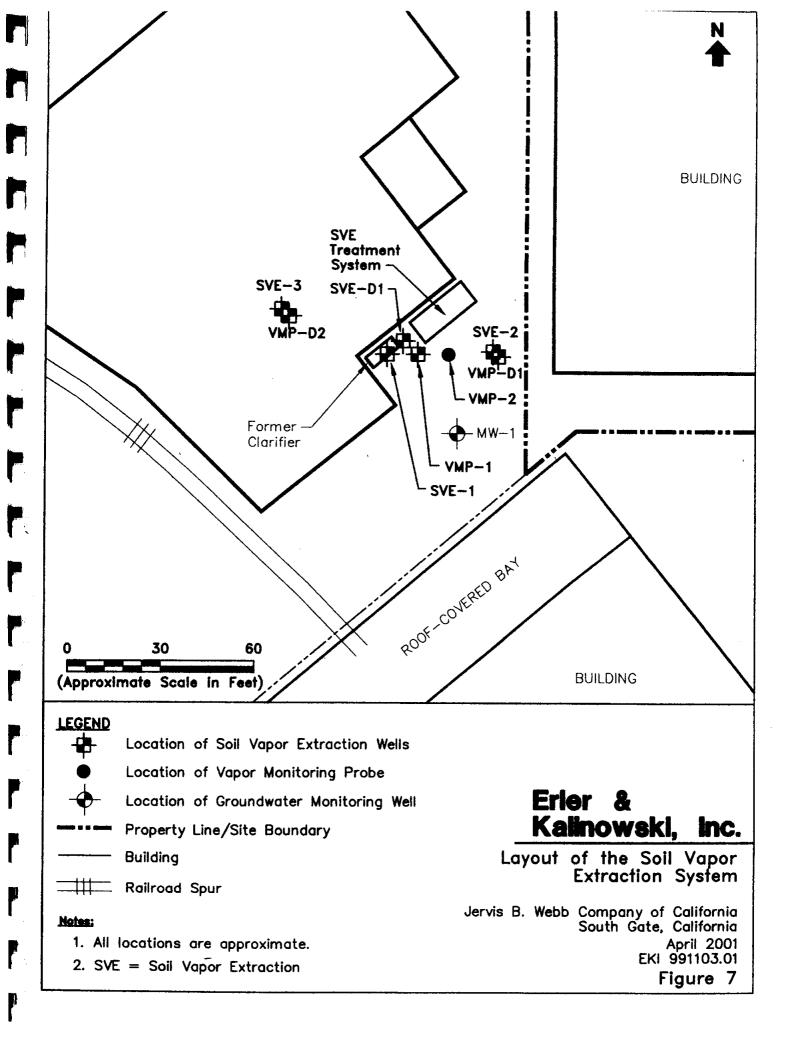
- 1. PID calibrated with 100 ppmv of isobutylene.
- 2. Each shallow vapor monitoring probe was purged of approximately 5 to 7 cubic feet of vapor and then sampled and analyzed using a PID.
- 3. Each deep vapor monitoring probe was purged of approximately 50 to 65 cubic feet of vapor and then sampled and analyzed using a PID.
- 4. On days for which two vacuum and PID readings are provided, the values indicate initial and final readings during the site visit.
- 5. Probes VMP-D1 and VMP-D2 have been used as extraction wells since 6 July 2000. For data collected at wells VMP-D1 and VMP-D2, see Tables 4f and 4g, respectively.
- 6. Probe VMP-1 has been used as an extraction well since 8 March 2001 (see Table 4h).
- 7. Soil vapor monitoring probes VMP-1 and VMP-2 are screened in the shallow vadose zone from approximately 19 to 25 feet beneath the ground surface.
- 8. Soil vapor monitoring probes VMP-D1 and VMP-D2 are screened in the deep vadose zone from approximately 30 to 40 and 31 to 41 feet beneath the ground surface, respectively.

Erler & Kalinowski, Inc.

2001-Q1 Table 5 (SVE) EKI 991103.01

Page 1 of 1

30 April 2001



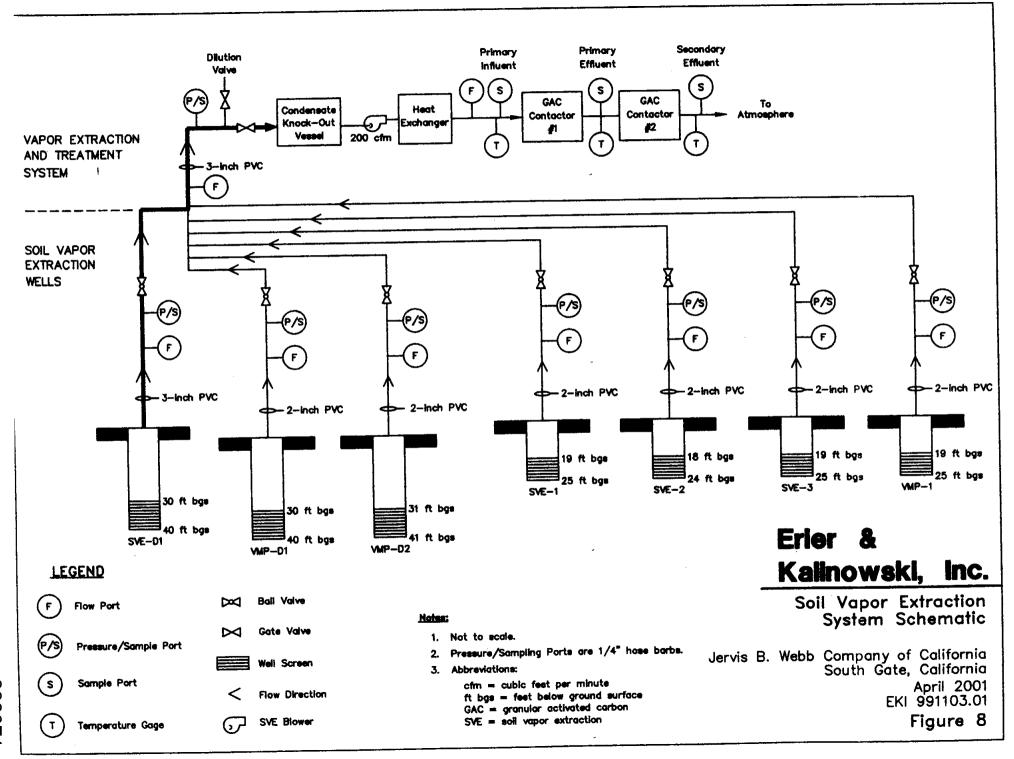
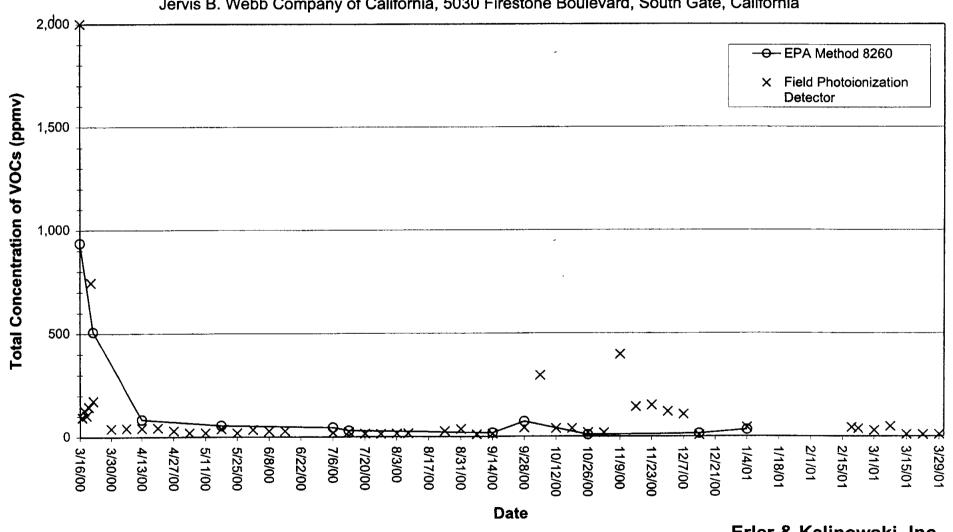


FIGURE 9a Concentrations of Total VOCs versus Time: Blower Influent

Quarterly Progress Report for January through March 2001

Jervis B. Webb Company of California, 5030 Firestone Boulevard, South Gate, California

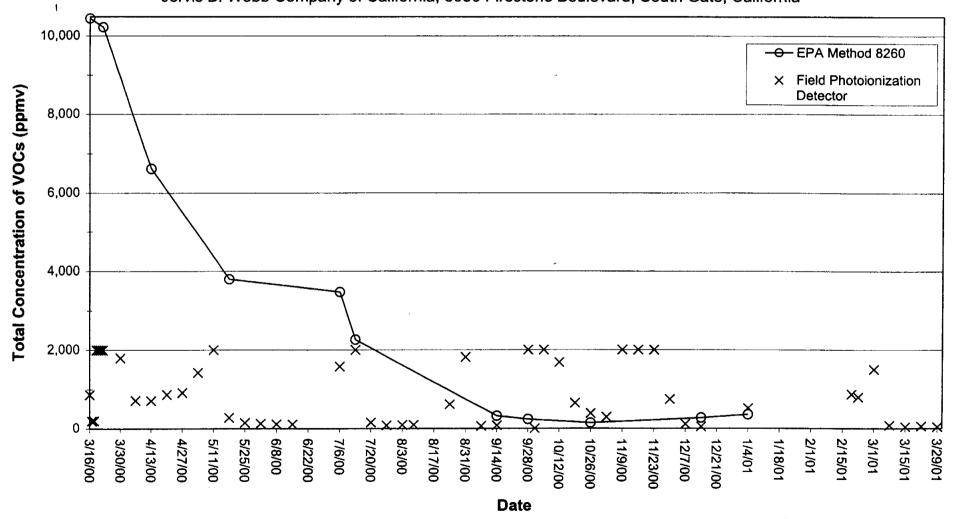


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FIGURE 9b. Total Concentrations of VOCs versus Time: Extraction Well SVE-1

Quarterly Progress Report for January through March 2001

Jervis B. Webb Company of California, 5030 Firestone Boulevard, South Gate, California



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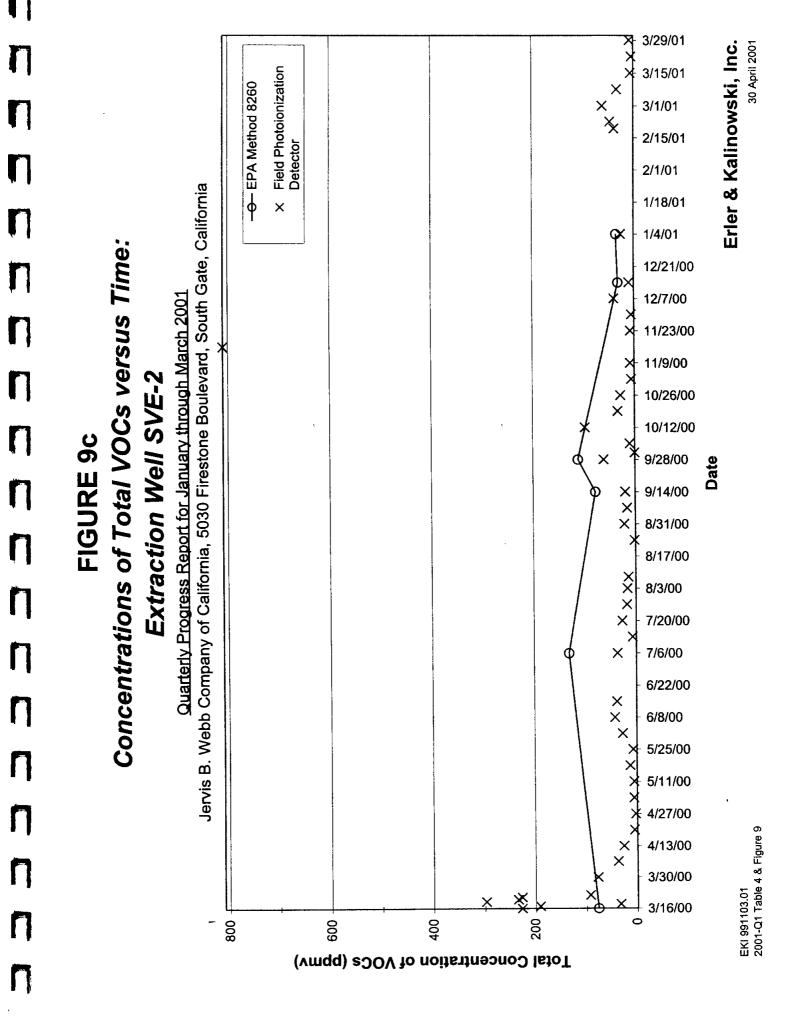
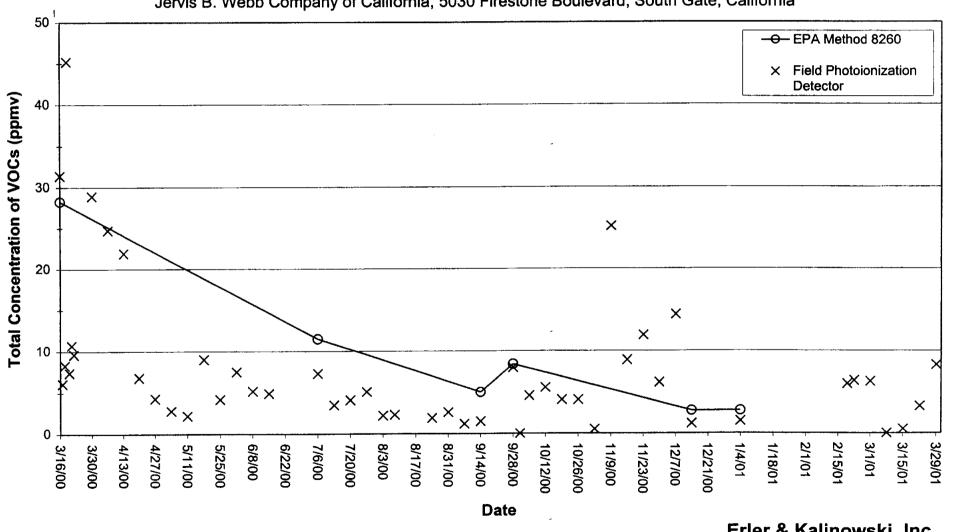


FIGURE 9d Concentrations of Total VOCs versus Time: Extraction Well SVE-3

Quarterly Progress Report for January through March 2001 Jervis B. Webb Company of California, 5030 Firestone Boulevard, South Gate, California



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Concentrations of Total VOCs versus Time: Extraction Well SVE-D1 **FIGURE 9e**

Jervis B. Webb Company of California, 5030 Firestone Boulevard, South Gate, California Quarterly Progress Report for January through March 2001

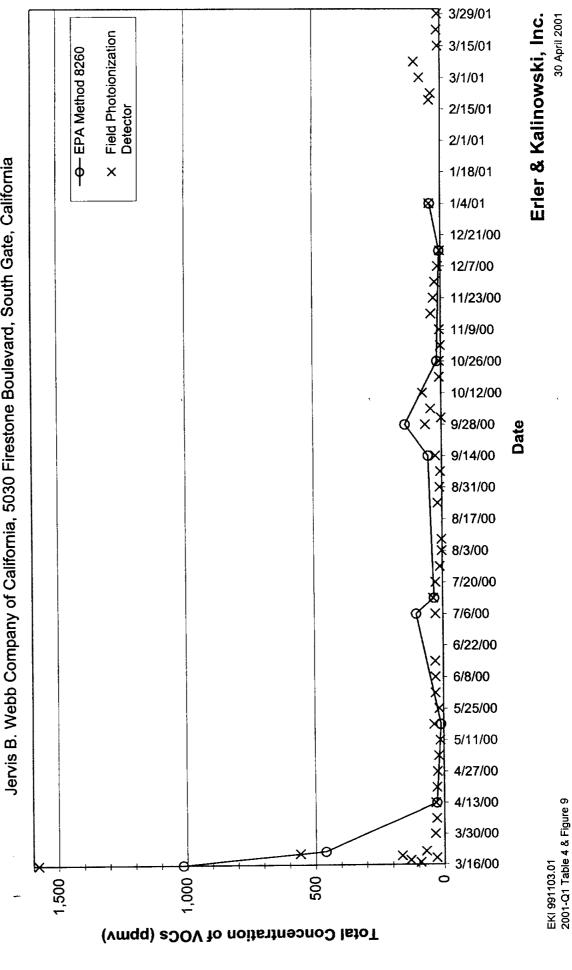
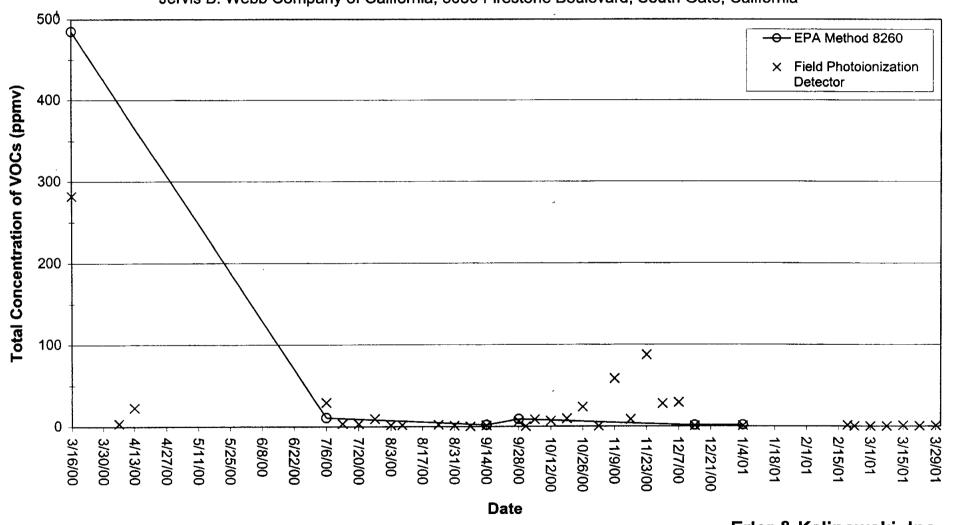


FIGURE 9f Concentrations of Total VOCs versus Time: Extraction Well VMP-D1

Quarterly Progress Report for January through March 2001

Jervis B. Webb Company of California, 5030 Firestone Boulevard, South Gate, California



Erler & Kalinowski, Inc.

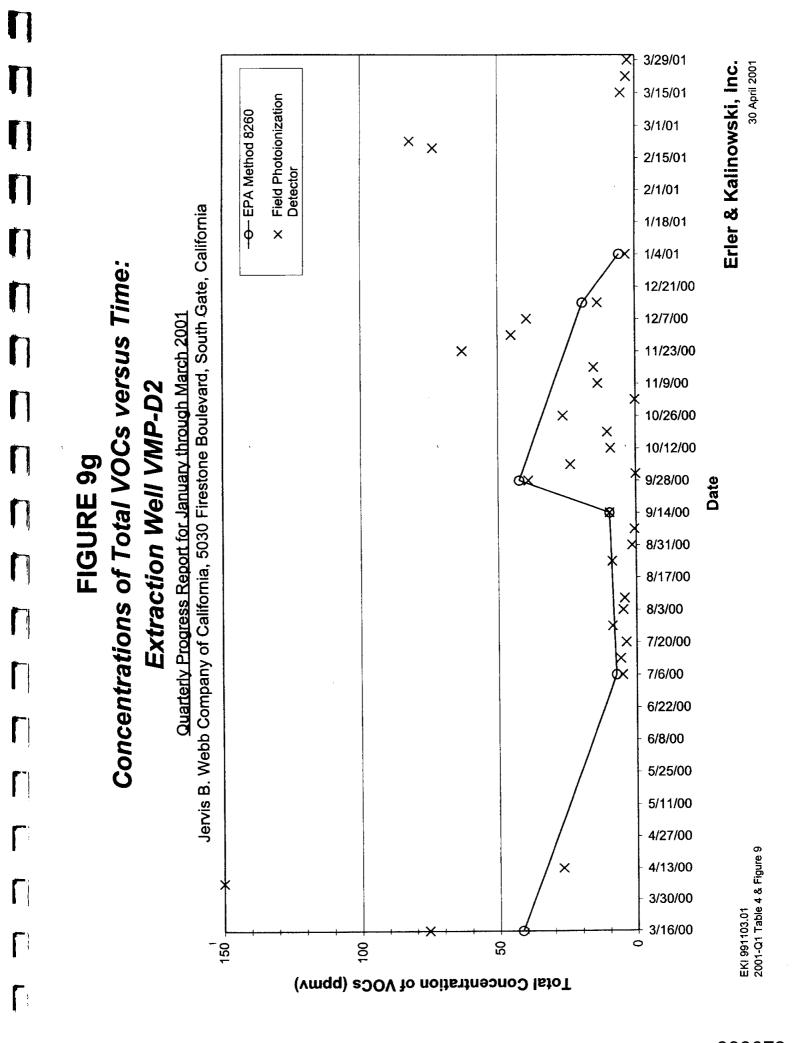
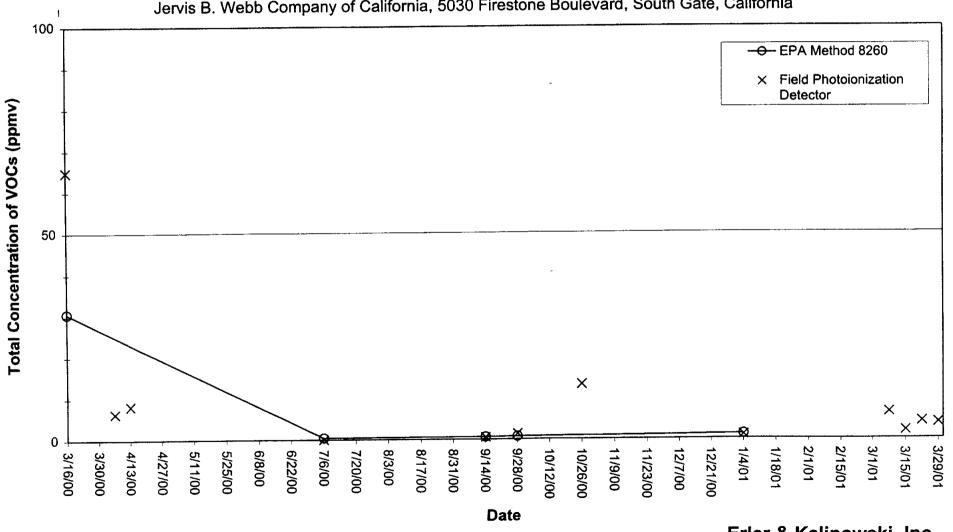


FIGURE 9h Concentrations of Total VOCs versus Time: Extraction Well VMP-1

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Quarterly Progress Report for January through March 2001

Jervis B. Webb Company of California, 5030 Firestone Boulevard, South Gate, California



APPENDIX D CALCULATION OF VOC MASS IN SOIL

	SOIL CONTAMINATION CALC ULATIONS								
						ntamination			
major axis	minor axis	j						Avg.	
(ft)	(ft)	Area (ft²)	H1(ft)	H2 (ft)	v	Soil Mass(lbs)	0-944 0		Contamination(
51	34	5447.517	18	6	 	Soil Mass(lbs)	Soil Mass (kg)	(mg/kg) *	bs)
32	26	2613.803	18	-	140007.00	5320471.16	2413325.12		0.637117833
32		2613.803	46	40	48367.92			0.12	
16	10			18	. [4799344.211	2176945.92		129.3105874
	10	502.6544	46	18	43630.4			27.00	120.0100014

Total TCE (lbs)=

130

					PCE co	ontamination			
major axis (ft) 51	minor axis (ft) 34	Area (ft ²) 5447.517	H1(ft)	H2 (ft)	V	Soil Mass(lbs)	Soil Mass (kg)	Avg. contamination (mg/kg) *	Contamination(l
32	26	2613.803	18 18	6	48367.92	5320471.16	2413325.12		1.539701429
32	26	2613.803	46	18	70007.92	4799344.211	2176945.92	0.29	
16	10	502.6544	46	18	43630.4	1100014:211	2170945.92	9.50	45.49816963

Total PCE (lbs)=

47

T-4-1	
Total	
Contamination	
(lbs)=	176.9855763